**Consolidated Financial Statements** 

December 31, 2021 and 2020

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)

**Consolidated Financial Statements** 

December 31, 2021 and 2020

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# **Independent Auditor's Report**

(English Translation of a Report Originally Issued in Korean)

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Eugene Investment & Securities Co., Ltd.

# Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Eugene Investment & Securities Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in equity and consolidated statements of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the Republic of Korea ("Korean IFRS").

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with Korean Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Republic of Korea that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the ethical requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

1. Deferred Revenue Recognition of Commission Fee from Non-Standard Transactions

# Why it is determined to be a key audit matter:

The Group recognized fee and commission income from underwriting, financial advisory, asset management and commitments, which are arising from non-standard transactions, in the amount of W34,134 million, W48,669 million, W3,963 million and W16,297 million, respectively, in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2021. We determined this matter as a key audit matter because such fees and commissions earned from non-standard transactions are vulnerable to risks resulting from management's incentives to recognize revenue in an accelerated manner in order to meet certain targets and other requirements and it is likely that management's judgment is involved in determining the timing and the amount of revenue to be recognized as payment terms vary on an individual contract basis from transactions with various types and complicated structures.

# How our audit addressed the key audit matter:

We tested internal controls of the Group that management monitors whether revenue is recognized in accordance with Korean IFRS 1115 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, based on checklists and that management reviews accounting treatment of fee and commission income recognized whether it is subject to deferrals and also that appropriate level of

management approves such review procedures.

In addition, we selected samples from revenue recognized from non-standard transactions and inspected underlying documents including contracts and evidence of cash receipts and reviewed whether and when the performance obligations were satisfied to test the accuracy of the amount and the timing of revenue in accordance with Korean IFRS 1115.

2. Valuation of Derivatives, Derivative-Linked Securities Purchased and Derivative-Linked Securities Sold classified as Level 3 Fair Value Measurements

# Why it is determined to be a key audit matter:

As disclosed in Note 7, the Group's derivatives and derivative-linked securities subject to Level 3 fair value measurements amount to derivative assets of \\$\psi\_6,506\$ million and derivative liabilities of \\$\psi\_5,065\$ million as well as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) of \\$\psi\_24,076\$ million and financial liabilities designated as being held at FVTPL of \\$\psi\_716,641\$ million as of December 31, 2021.

We determined this matter as a key audit matter because the derivatives and derivative-linked securities classified as Level 3 fair value measurements require, complicated valuation techniques, inputs and assumptions involve with the management's estimates and judgments, and management decisions made for valuation techniques and unobservable inputs would result in significant changes in the fair value of the instruments.

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter:

We tested internal controls of the Group that management examines whether underlying information of the derivatives transactions including the notional principal amounts, interest rates and maturities, is accurately reflected to the Group's information technology (IT) systems operated for the valuation of the instruments and we reconciled transaction evidence including trade information and contract documents used for the valuation of derivatives and derivative-linked securities in order to conclude whether the underlying information is maintained accurately.

We tested internal controls of the Group that management verifies the IT systems for the valuation of derivatives on a regular basis and that management reviews models and inputs applicable to new types of transactions are relevant and appropriate considering the features of the instruments.

In addition, we involved our valuation specialists to develop independent estimates on fair value of derivatives and derivativelinked securities with independent valuation models and inputs and assessed whether there were material differences between independent estimates and management's estimates.

# **Emphasis of Matter**

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 38 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Note 38 to the consolidated financial statements describes that management considers the potential impact and the uncertainty arising from Coronavirus Disease–19 ("Covid–19") on the Group's financial position and its financial performance.

# **Other Matter**

Auditing standards and their application in practice vary among countries. The procedures and practices used in the Republic of Korea to audit such consolidated financial statements may differ from those generally accepted and applied in other countries.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Korean IFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Korean Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Korean Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is SooYeon Jeong, Certified Public Accountant.

Seoul, Korea

March 15, 2022

This report is effective as of March 15, 2022, the audit report date. Certain subsequent events or circumstances, which may occur between the audit report date and the time of reading this report, could have a material impact on the accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes thereto. Accordingly, the readers of the audit report should understand that there is a possibility that the above audit report may have to be revised to reflect the impact of such subsequent events or circumstances, if any.

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020

| (In thousands of Korean won)                          | Notes       | 2021          | 2020           |
|---|-------------|---------------|----------------|
| Assets  |             |               |                |
| Cash and deposits                                     | 9,11        |               |                |
| Cash and cash equivalents                             | ₩           | , ,           | 443,763,178    |
| Deposits due from others                              |             | 685,979,377   | 648,787,933    |
|   |             | 1,120,856,321 | 1,092,551,111  |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | 6,7,9,12,36 | 5,466,815,048 | 6,019,645,366  |
| Financial assets at fair value through                | 7,9,13      |               |                |
| other comprehensive income                            |             |               |                |
| Stocks  | 15          | 202,966,136   | 176,781,880    |
| Overseas stocks                                       |             | 2,368,822     | 1,754,529      |
|   |             | 205,334,958   | 178,536,409    |
| Investments in associates                             | 16          |               |                |
| Associates  |             | 46,603,509    | 14,295,604     |
| Derivative assets                                     | 6,7,9       |               |                |
| Stock warrants  | 17          | -             | 835,739        |
| Exchange-traded options bought                        |             | 766,649       | 724,634        |
| Over-the-counter derivative assets                    | 17          | 26,066,445    | 16,089,550     |
|   |             | 26,833,094    | 17,649,923     |
| Loans and receivables at amortized cost               | 6,7,9       |               |                |
| Broker's loans, net                                   | 18          | 797,111,950   | 738,786,676    |
| Securities purchased under agreements to resell       |             | 108,100,000   | 25,400,000     |
| Loans, net  | 26          | 4,315,913     | 3,257,379      |
| Loans purchased, net                                  |             | 59,864,826    | 56,335,463     |
| Advances for customers, net                           | 26          | -             | 18,162         |
| Other loans and receivables, net                      |             | 109,239,959   | 140,583,172    |
|   |             | 1,078,632,648 | 964,380,852    |
| Property and equipment                                | 19,21       |               |                |
| Land  |             | 10,201,674    | 10,527,308     |
| Buildings, net  |             | 7,010,595     | 7,747,504      |
| Vehicles, net   |             | 172,094       | 17,548         |
| Furniture and equipment, net                          |             | 11,062,478    | 12,446,826     |
| Right-of-use assets, net                              |             | 79,605,816    | 34,197,441     |
| Other assets  |             | 108,052,657   | 64,936,627     |
| Receivables for brokerage, net                        | 9           | 2,651,581     | 5,621,677      |
| Other receivables, net                                | 9           | 886,762,080   | 1,486,693,175  |
| Accrued income, net                                   | 9,32        | 49,894,643    | 52,431,945     |
| Advance payments                                      |             | 116,392,752   | 116,720,888    |
| Prepaid expenses                                      |             | 7,080,420     | 5,234,186      |
| Income tax receivable                                 |             | -             | 2,685,680      |
| Leasehold deposits paid for rents                     | 9,32        | 8,717,913     | 9,338,967      |
| Investment properties                                 | 20          | 17,892,633    | 17,188,113     |
| Other investment assets                               | 9           | 2,046,800     | 126,000        |
| Intangible assets                                     | 22          | 30,507,924    | 28,423,305     |
| Finance lease receivables                             | 37          | 389,975       | 479,834        |
|   |             | 1,122,336,721 | 1,724,943,770  |
| Total assets  | ₩           | 9,175,464,956 | 10,076,939,662 |

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (Continued)

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020

| (In thousands of Korean won)                               | Notes    |   | 2021          | 2020          |
|--|----------|---|---------------|---------------|
| Liabilities  |          |   |               |               |
| Deposits   | 9        |   |               |               |
| Customers' deposits  | ţ        | ₩ | 1,264,097,284 | 1,558,120,005 |
| Guarantee deposits   |          |   | 6,590,809     | 5,709,229     |
| Other deposits   |          | _ | 2,593,544     | 2,096,214     |
|  |          |   | 1,273,281,637 | 1,565,925,448 |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | 6,7,9,12 |   |               |               |
| Financial liabilities measured                             |          |   |               |               |
| at fair value through profit or loss                       |          |   | 1,188,214,835 | 1,544,320,758 |
| Financial liabilities designated as being                  |          |   |               |               |
| held at fair value through profit or loss                  |          | _ | 791,682,629   | 623,863,464   |
|  |          |   | 1,979,897,464 | 2,168,184,222 |
| Borrowed funds   | 9        |   |               |               |
| Call money   | 23,33    |   | 100,000,000   | 120,000,000   |
| Borrowings   | 23,33    |   | 1,575,225,651 | 1,438,878,329 |
| Securities sold under agreements to repurchase             | 23       |   | 2,108,862,357 | 2,355,308,891 |
| Subordinated bonds issued, net                             | 33       |   | 50,000,000    | 50,000,000    |
| Share capital repayable on demand                          |          | _ | 21,643,801    | 11,345,032    |
|  |          |   | 3,855,731,809 | 3,975,532,252 |
| Derivative liabilities                                     | 6,7,9,17 |   |               |               |
| Exchange-traded options sold                               |          |   | 1,016,625     | 732,356       |
| Over-the-counter derivative liabilities                    |          | _ | 31,223,787    | 20,719,681    |
|  |          |   | 32,240,412    | 21,452,037    |
| Other liabilities  |          |   |               |               |
| Provisions   | 27       |   | 16,513,264    | 16,623,257    |
| Dividends payable  | 9        |   | 1,391         | 1,391         |
| Accounts payable   | 9,32     |   | 793,959,870   | 1,280,220,171 |
| Accrued expenses   | 9,32     |   | 97,504,209    | 94,388,888    |
| Income tax payable   | 30       |   | 8,388,878     | -             |
| Leasehold deposits received for rents                      | 9,32,33  |   | 885,666       | 905,092       |
| Unearned revenue   |          |   | 5,842,959     | 3,388,048     |
| Taxes withheld   | 9        |   | 8,616,077     | 4,519,572     |
| Deferred tax liabilities                                   | 30       |   | 30,927,804    | 21,835,264    |
| Financial guarantees                                       | 27       |   | 32,364,569    | 24,199,722    |
| Lease liabilities  | 9,33,37  | _ | 78,497,806    | 34,564,669    |
|  |          | _ | 1,073,502,493 | 1,480,646,074 |
| Total liabilities  | <i>†</i> | ₩ | 8,214,653,815 | 9,211,740,033 |

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (Continued)

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020

| (In thousands of Korean won)                              | Notes |     | 2021          | 2020           |
|---|-------|-----|---------------|----------------|
| Equity  |       |     |               |                |
| Share capital   | 28    |     |               |                |
| Common stock  |       | ₩   | 537,592,090   | 537,592,090    |
| Capital surplus   |       |     |               |                |
| Other surplus from capital transactions                   |       |     | 1,327,431     | 1,327,431      |
| Capital adjustments                                       |       |     |               |                |
| Treasury stock  |       |     | (5,682,926)   | (5,682,926)    |
| Others  |       | _   | (42,402)      | (42,402)       |
|   |       |     | (5,725,328)   | (5,725,328)    |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income                    |       |     |               |                |
| Gain on valuation of financial assets                     |       |     |               |                |
| at fair value through other comprehensive income          | 13    |     | 113,111,459   | 96,360,432     |
| Change in fair value attributable to change in the credit |       |     |               |                |
| risk of financial liabilities designated as being held    |       |     |               |                |
| at fair value through profit or loss                      | 12    |     | 1,608,262     | 1,225,787      |
| Share of other comprehensive income of associates         |       | _   | (200,636)     | 381,329        |
|   |       |     | 114,519,085   | 97,967,548     |
| Retained earnings   |       |     |               |                |
| Earned surplus reserve                                    |       |     | 2,384,979     | 1,258,909      |
| Regulatory reserve for credit losses                      | 35    |     | 13,955,695    | 4,142,559      |
| (Provision for regulatory reserve for credit losses;      |       |     |               |                |
| ₩597,141 thousand and ₩9,813,136 thousand                 |       |     |               |                |
| as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively)           |       |     |               |                |
| Voluntary reserves  |       |     | 2,000,000     | 2,000,000      |
| Retained earnings before appropriation                    |       | _   | 294,757,189   | 226,636,420    |
|   |       | _   | 313,097,863   | 234,037,888    |
| Total equity  |       | _   | 960,811,141   | 865,199,629    |
| Total liabilities and equity                              |       | ₩ _ | 9,175,464,956 | 10,076,939,662 |

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

| (In thousands of Korean won)                                     | Notes | 2021           | 2020          |
|--|-------|----------------|---------------|
| Operating revenue  | 00    |                |               |
| Fee and commission income  | 32    |                | 00 745 040    |
| Brokerage  |       | ₩ 83,939,302   | 82,715,840    |
| Underwriting   |       | 34,134,434     | 27,923,540    |
| Brokerage on collective investment securities                    |       | 10,330,042     | 6,036,307     |
| Derivative-linked securities sales                               |       | 1,521,475      | 615,357       |
| Financial advisory   |       | 48,668,559     | 38,170,720    |
| Asset management   |       | 3,962,739      | 7,705,246     |
| Commitment   |       | 16,297,163     | 10,998,345    |
| Others   |       | 85,276,932     | 62,002,440    |
|  |       | 284,130,646    | 236,167,795   |
| Gain on disposal and valuation of financial instruments          | 10,12 |                |               |
| at fair value through profit or loss                             |       |                |               |
| Gain on disposal of financial assets                             |       | 275,577,696    | 537,301,682   |
| Gain on valuation of financial assets                            |       | 38,114,969     | 65,408,739    |
| Gain on redemption of financial liabilities                      |       | 145,674,630    | 71,324,217    |
| Gain on valuation of financial liabilities                       |       | 25,831,752     | 27,541,041    |
| Gain on redemption of financial liabilities designated           |       |                |               |
| as being held at fair value through profit or loss               |       | 1,917,864      | 405,781       |
| Gain on valuation of financial liabilities designated            |       |                |               |
| as being held at fair value through profit or loss               |       | 17,197,471     | 14,252,750    |
|  |       | 504,314,382    | 716,234,210   |
| Gain on derivatives transactions                                 | 10    |                |               |
| Gain on futures transactions                                     |       | 120,830,470    | 162,253,261   |
| Gain on exchange-traded options transactions                     |       | 154,974,989    | 93,878,473    |
| Gain on over-the-counter derivatives transactions                |       | 91,554,599     | 85,594,204    |
|  |       | 367,360,058    | 341,725,938   |
| Interest income  | 10,32 | ,,,,,,,,,      | , ,,,,,,,,    |
| Interest on margin loans   | -,-   | 28,501,057     | 19,397,977    |
| Interest on loans  |       | 17,496,695     | 15,344,360    |
| Interest on bonds  |       | 84,749,583     | 88,993,220    |
| Interest on corporate commercial papers                          |       | 3,527,259      | 5,744,504     |
| Interest on deposits at Korea Securities Finance Corp.           |       | 602,118        | 607,072       |
| Interest on certificate of deposits                              |       | 151,792        | 1,405,951     |
| Interest on securities purchased under                           |       | 101,102        | 1,100,001     |
| agreements to resell   |       | 185,342        | 291,377       |
| Interest on electronic short-term bonds                          |       | 628,885        | 1,193,054     |
| Other interest income  |       | 30,388,620     | 18,955,360    |
| Other interest moonie  |       | 166,231,351    | 151,932,875   |
| Gain on loans and receivables at amortized cost                  | 10    | 100,231,331    | 131,932,073   |
| Gain on sale of loans  | 10    |                | 3,765,619     |
| Gaill oil sale oi loalis   |       | -              | 3,703,019     |
| Gain on foreign currencies                                       | 10    |                |               |
| Gain on foreign currences  Gain on foreign currency transactions | 10    | 11,345,393     | 10,427,011    |
|  |       |                |               |
| Gain on foreign currency translation                             |       | 17,981,133     | 1,624,904     |
| Other enerating income   |       | 29,326,526     | 12,051,915    |
| Other operating income   | 40    | 40 400 000     | E 007 074     |
| Dividend income  | 10    | 16,138,929     | 5,067,971     |
| Distribution income  | 10    | 1,395,016      | 2,538,901     |
| Reversal of allowance for payment guarantees provided            | 27    | 50,926         | -             |
| Reversal of allowance for asset retirement obligations           | 27    | 106,258        | 159,435       |
| Others   |       | 1,693,846      | 966,398       |
|  |       | 19,384,975     | 8,732,705     |
| Total operating revenue  |       | ₩1,370,747,938 | 1,470,611,057 |

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Continued)

| (In thousands of Korean won)                            | Notes |     | 2021          | 2020          |
|---|-------|-----|---------------|---------------|
| Operating expenses                                      |       |     |               |               |
| Fee and commission expense                              | 32    |     |               |               |
| Trading commissions                                     |       | ₩   | 21,871,876    | 22,020,377    |
| Other fees and commissions                              |       | _   | 33,791,514    | 13,300,662    |
|   |       |     | 55,663,390    | 35,321,039    |
| Loss on disposal and valuation of financial instruments |       |     |               |               |
| at fair value through profit or loss                    | 10,12 |     |               |               |
| Loss on disposal of financial assets                    |       |     | 308,939,133   | 312,456,870   |
| Loss on valuation of financial assets                   |       |     | 99,012,639    | 60,628,122    |
| Loss on redemption of financial liabilities             |       |     | 104,998,409   | 113,759,600   |
| Loss on valuation of financial liabilities              |       |     | 5,335,273     | 33,190,842    |
| Loss on redemption of financial liabilities designated  |       |     |               |               |
| as being held at fair value through profit or loss      |       |     | 15,050,750    | 16,119,264    |
| Loss on valuation of financial liabilities designated   |       |     |               |               |
| as being held at fair value through profit or loss      |       | _   | 14,136,949    | 15,353,485    |
|   |       |     | 547,473,153   | 551,508,183   |
| Loss on derivatives transactions                        | 10    |     |               |               |
| Loss on futures transactions                            |       |     | 101,262,032   | 300,488,582   |
| Loss on exchange-traded options transactions            |       |     | 140,895,665   | 88,664,135    |
| Loss on over-the-counter derivatives transactions       |       |     | 77,748,906    | 65,942,440    |
|   |       | _   | 319,906,603   | 455,095,157   |
| Interest expenses                                       | 10,32 |     |               |               |
| Interest on borrowings from                             |       |     |               |               |
| Korea Securities Finance Corp.                          |       |     | 8,681,475     | 8,468,109     |
| Interest on customers' deposits                         |       |     | 1,043,368     | 1,437,962     |
| Interest on securities sold under agreements            |       |     |               |               |
| to repurchase   |       |     | 16,212,867    | 18,269,095    |
| Interest on call money                                  |       |     | 542,772       | 809,048       |
| Interest on subordinated bonds issued                   |       |     | 2,310,000     | 2,138,618     |
| Other interest expenses                                 |       |     | 26,515,186    | 17,394,925    |
|   |       | _   | 55,305,668    | 48,517,757    |
| Loss on loans and receivables at amortized cost         | 10    |     |               |               |
| Provision for credit losses on loans and receivables    |       |     | 12,483,373    | 833,890       |
|   |       |     |               |               |
| Loss on foreign currencies                              | 10    |     |               |               |
| Loss on foreign currency transactions                   |       |     | 9,440,747     | 9,585,208     |
| Loss on foreign currency translation                    |       |     | 1,739,726     | 10,583,078    |
|   |       | _   | 11,180,473    | 20,168,286    |
| General and administrative expenses                     | 32,34 |     | 250,867,702   | 242,190,214   |
| ·   |       |     |               |               |
| Other operating expenses                                |       |     |               |               |
| Provision for credit losses on other assets             |       |     | 209,233       | 1,013,367     |
| Provision for payment guarantees provided               | 27    |     | ,<br>-        | 1,259,211     |
| Provision for litigation liabilities                    | 27    |     | 241,475       | 12,869,802    |
| Provision for asset retirement obligations              | 27    |     | 54,583        | 52,348        |
| Others  |       |     | 336,376       | 475,795       |
|   |       | _   | 841,667       | 15,670,523    |
| Total operating expenses                                |       | ₩ - | 1,253,722,029 | 1,369,305,049 |
| Po  |       | - = | -,,           |               |

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Continued)

| (In thousands of Korean won)                                       | Notes     |     | 2021        | 2020        |
|--|-----------|-----|-------------|-------------|
| Operating profit   |           | ₩ _ | 117,025,909 | 101,306,008 |
| Non-operating income   |           |     |             |             |
| Gain on disposal of property and equipment                         |           |     | 13,727      | 2,974       |
| Gain on disposal of intangible assets                              |           |     | 10,121      | 182,500     |
| Rental income  | 32        |     | 920,675     | 751,862     |
| Share of net income of associates under the equity method          | 02        |     | 3,884,327   | 183,442     |
| Reversal of impairment loss on intangible assets                   |           |     | 699,087     | 810,208     |
| Miscellaneous income   | 32        |     | 837,414     | 797,393     |
| Total non-operating income   | -         | _   | 6,355,230   | 2,728,379   |
| Non-operating expenses   |           |     |             |             |
| Loss on disposal of property and equipment                         |           |     | 26,543      | 165,494     |
| Loss on disposal of intangible assets                              |           |     | 450,000     | 27,485      |
| Impairment loss on intangible assets                               |           |     | -           | 56,667      |
| Donations  |           |     | 793,933     | 1,028,517   |
| Loss on redemption of bonds issued                                 |           |     | 700,000     | 965,022     |
| Depreciation of investment properties                              |           |     | 153,288     | 125,008     |
| Share of net loss of associates under the equity method            |           |     | 413,581     | 223,482     |
| Miscellaneous expenses   |           |     | 408,580     | 556,262     |
| Total non-operating expenses                                       |           | _   | 2,245,925   | 3,147,937   |
| Total Hon-operating expenses                                       |           |     | 2,243,923   | 3,147,337   |
| Profit before income tax   |           |     | 121,135,214 | 100,886,450 |
| Income tax expense   | 30        |     | 30,449,505  | 25,483,425  |
| Profit for the year  | 35        | ₩ _ | 90,685,709  | 75,403,025  |
| (Adjusted profit for the year with provision for regulatory credit |           | _   |             |             |
| losses; ₩90,088,568 thousand and ₩65,589,888 thousand for          | the years |     |             |             |
| ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively)                    |           |     |             |             |
| Profit attributable to owners of the Parent Company                |           | ₩ = | 90,685,709  | 75,403,025  |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax                             | 13        |     |             |             |
| Items that will never be reclassified to profit or loss:           |           |     |             |             |
| Gain on valuation of financial assets                              |           |     |             |             |
| at fair value through other comprehensive income                   | 10        | ₩   | 16,751,027  | 11,573,361  |
| Change in fair value attributable to change in the credit          |           |     |             |             |
| risk of financial liabilities designated as being held             |           |     |             |             |
| at fair value through profit or loss                               | 10        |     | 382,475     | 494,438     |
| Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss:     |           |     |             |             |
| Share of other comprehensive income of associates                  |           |     | (581,965)   | 381,328     |
| Total other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax          |           |     | 16,551,537  | 12,449,127  |
| Total comprehensive income for the year                            |           | ₩ - | 107,237,246 | 87,852,152  |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of               |           | _   |             |             |
| the Parent Company   |           | ₩ _ | 107,237,246 | 87,852,152  |
| Earnings per share (in Korean won)                                 | 31        |     |             |             |
| Basic earnings per share   | 51        | ₩   | 966         | 797         |
| Diluted earnings per share   |           | ₩   | 966         | 797         |
| Briatou carrings per share   |           | **  | 300         | 131         |

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

| (In thousands of Korean won)  |     | Share<br>capital | Capital<br>surplus | Capital<br>adjustments | Accumulated other comprehensive income | Retained<br>earnings | Total<br>equity |
|---|-----|------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--|----------------------|-----------------|
| Balance at January 1, 2020  | ₩ - | 537,592,090      | 1,327,431          | (341,517)              | 85,518,421                             | 165,471,872          | 789,568,297     |
| Profit for the year   |     | -                | -                  | · -                    | -                                      | 75,403,025           | 75,403,025      |
| Gain on valuation of financial assets at fair value   |     |                  |                    |                        |  |                      |                 |
| through other comprehensive income  |     | -                | -                  | -                      | 11,573,361                             | -                    | 11,573,361      |
| Change in fair value attributable to change in the credit risk of financial liabilities designated                                  |     |                  |                    |                        |  |                      |                 |
| as being held at fair value through profit or loss  |     | -                | -                  | -                      | 494,438                                | -                    | 494,438         |
| Acquisition of treasury shares  |     | -                | -                  | (5,383,811)            | -                                      | -                    | (5,383,811)     |
| Share of other comprehensive income of associates   |     | -                | -                  | -                      | 381,328                                | -                    | 381,328         |
| Share of change in retained earnings of associates  |     | -                | -                  | -                      | -                                      | (58,269)             | (58,269)        |
| Dividends paid  | _   | <u> </u>         |                    |                        |  | (6,778,740)          | (6,778,740)     |
| Balance at December 31, 2020  | ₩ _ | 537,592,090      | 1,327,431          | (5,725,328)            | 97,967,548                             | 234,037,888          | 865,199,629     |
| Balance at January 1, 2021  | ₩   | 537,592,090      | 1,327,431          | (5,725,328)            | 97,967,548                             | 234,037,888          | 865,199,629     |
| Profit for the year   |     | -                | -                  | -                      | -                                      | 90,685,709           | 90,685,709      |
| Gain on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income  Change in fair value attributable to change |     | -                | -                  | -                      | 16,751,027                             | -                    | 16,751,027      |
| in the credit risk of financial liabilities designated as being held at fair value through profit or loss                           |     | _                | _                  | _                      | 382.475                                | _                    | 382.475         |
| Share of other comprehensive income of associates   |     | <u>-</u>         | _                  | -                      | (581,965)                              | _                    | (581,965)       |
| Other   |     | _                | _                  | -                      | -                                      | (365,037)            | (365,037)       |
| Dividends paid  |     | -                | _                  | _                      | _                                      | (11,260,697)         | (11,260,697)    |
| Balance at December 31, 2021  | ₩   | 537,592,090      | 1,327,431          | (5,725,328)            | 114,519,085                            | 313,097,863          | 960,811,141     |

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

| (In thousands of Korean won)   |   | 2021          | 2020          |
|--|---|---------------|---------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities                                       |   |               |               |
| Profit for the year  | ₩ | 90,685,709    | 75,403,025    |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income  |   |               |               |
| to net cash provided from operating activities                             |   |               |               |
| Gain on valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss |   | (38,114,969)  | (65,408,739)  |
| Gain on valuation of financial liabilities                                 |   | (05.004.750)  | (07.544.044)  |
| measured at fair value through profit or loss                              |   | (25,831,752)  | (27,541,041)  |
| Gain on valuation of financial liabilities designated                      |   |               |               |
| as being held at fair value through profit or loss                         |   | (17,197,471)  | (14,252,750)  |
| Gain on disposal of securities at fair value through profit or loss        |   | (4,831,514)   | (3,011,299)   |
| Gain on derivatives transactions   |   | (63,360,415)  | (25,681,690)  |
| Interest income  |   | (166,231,351) | (151,932,875) |
| Gain on foreign currency translation                                       |   | (17,981,133)  | (1,624,904)   |
| Dividends and distribution income  |   | (17,533,945)  | (7,606,872)   |
| Financial guarantee fee income   |   | (13,342,993)  | (5,716,070)   |
| Reversal of allowance for payment guarantees provided                      |   | (50,926)      | -             |
| Reversal of allowance for asset retirement obligations                     |   | (106,258)     | (159,435)     |
| Gain on disposal of property and equipment                                 |   | (13,727)      | (2,974)       |
| Gain on disposal of Intangible assets                                      |   | -             | (182,500)     |
| Reversal of impairment loss on intangible assets                           |   | (699,087)     | (810,208)     |
| Share of net income of associates under the equity method                  |   | (3,884,327)   | (183,442)     |
| Loss on valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss |   | 99,012,639    | 60,628,122    |
| Loss on valuation of financial liabilities                                 |   |               |               |
| measured at fair value through profit or loss                              |   | 5,335,273     | 33,190,842    |
| Loss on valuation of financial liabilities designated                      |   |               |               |
| as being held at fair value through profit or loss                         |   | 14,136,949    | 15,353,485    |
| Loss on disposal of securities at fair value through profit or loss        |   | 377,717       | 2,695,133     |
| Loss on derivatives transactions   |   | 48,708,387    | 20,635,277    |
| Interest expenses  |   | 55,305,668    | 48,517,756    |
| Loss on foreign currency translation                                       |   | 1,739,726     | 10,583,078    |
| Depreciation   |   | 16,778,868    | 10,511,300    |
| Amortization of intangible assets  |   | 4,709,352     | 4,753,832     |
| Provision for credit losses on loans and receivables                       |   | 12,483,373    | 833,890       |
| Provision for credit losses on other assets                                |   | 209,233       | 1,013,367     |
| Provision for payment guarantees provided                                  |   | -             | 1,259,211     |
| Share of net loss of associates under the equity method                    |   | 413,581       | 223,482       |
| Provision for asset retirement obligations                                 |   | 54,583        | 52,348        |
| Loss on disposal of property and equipment                                 |   | 26,543        | 165,494       |
| Loss on disposal of intangible assets                                      |   | 450,000       | 27,485        |
| Impairment loss on intangible assets                                       |   | -             | 56,667        |
| Loss on redemption of bonds issued   |   | -             | 965,022       |
| Depreciation of investment properties                                      |   | 153,288       | 125,008       |
| Provision for litigation liabilities                                       |   | 241,475       | 12,869,802    |
| Income tax expense   |   | 30,449,505    | 25,483,425    |
|  | ₩ | (78,593,708)  | (54,170,773)  |

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)

| (In thousands of Korean won)  | _   | 2021          | 2020                    |
|---|-----|---------------|-------------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities                                |     |               |                         |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities                         |     |               |                         |
| Deposits ¥  | ₩   | (25,597,710)  | (310,178,398)           |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss               |     | 499,390,672   | (552,540,412)           |
| Collective funds at Korea Exchange for default losses               |     | 1,465,357     | (3,906,769)             |
| Derivative assets   |     | 53,149,958    | 27,219,283              |
| Broker's loans  |     | (58,952,552)  | (223,557,782)           |
| Securities purchased under agreements to resell                     |     | (82,700,000)  | (25,400,000)            |
| Loans   |     | (1,188,573)   | (2,022,065)             |
| Loans purchased   |     | -             | 3,938,683               |
| Advances for customers  |     | (347,169)     | (3,626,522)             |
| Other loans and receivables   |     | 21,500,000    | (82,546,432)            |
| Receivables for brokerage   |     | 4,532,568     | (2,439,540)             |
| Other receivables   |     | 619,538,967   | (902,362,972)           |
| Accrued income  |     | (2,650,609)   | (2,254,686)             |
| Advance payments  |     | (598,602)     | (14,363,033)            |
| Prepaid expenses  |     | 444,348       | (336,811)               |
| Prepaid income taxes  |     | (124,518)     | <del>-</del>            |
| Finance lease receivables   |     | 98,481        | 95,613                  |
| Other assets  |     | (169,915)     | (2,843)                 |
| Customers' deposits   |     | (293,901,426) | 864,904,577             |
| Guarantee deposits  |     | 881,580       | 2,721,848               |
| Other deposits  |     | 375,864       | 595,083                 |
| Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss |     | (335,609,444) | 79,339,370              |
| Financial liabilities designated as being held                      |     |               |                         |
| at fair value through profit or loss                                |     | 171,358,472   | 68,713,987              |
| Securities sold under agreements to repurchase                      |     | 5,453,466     | 11,606,200              |
| Derivative liabilities  |     | (37,702,661)  | (96, 165, 934)          |
| Accounts payable  |     | (486,250,578) | 732,353,240             |
| Accrued expenses  |     | 3,067,023     | 34,735,241              |
| Unearned revenue  |     | 2,461,698     | (503,222)               |
| Taxes withheld  |     | 4,096,505     | 460,010                 |
| Provisions  |     | (241,475)     | (2,194,726)             |
|   |     | 61,779,727    | (397,719,012)           |
| Income taxes paid   | _   | (13,727,660)  | (37,741,521)            |
| Interest received   |     | 161,401,918   | 140,329,824             |
| Interest paid   |     | (54,562,523)  | (45,880,477)            |
| Dividends received  |     | 17,541,972    | 7,571,573               |
| Net cash inflow (outflow) from operating activities                 | w _ | 184,525,435   | (312,207,361)           |
| ,                             | _   | , -,          | , , , , , , , , , , , , |

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)

| (In thousands of Korean won)   | _ | 2021            | 2020          |
|--|---|-----------------|---------------|
| Cash flows from investing activities                                   |   |                 |               |
| Proceeds from securities at amortized cost                             | ₩ | -               | 6,000,000     |
| Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries, net of cash disposed of        |   | -               | 2,148,719     |
| Proceeds from disposal of vehicles                                     |   | 7,660           | 1,200         |
| Proceeds from disposal of furniture and equipment                      |   | 6,490           | 3,781         |
| Proceeds from collection of leasehold deposits paid                    |   | 1,564,241       | 3,646,765     |
| Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets                            |   | 454,200         | 906,065       |
| Proceeds from disposal of other investment assets                      |   | 2,000           | 40,000        |
| Payments for acquisition of securities                                 |   |                 |               |
| at fair value through other comprehensive income                       |   | (6,503,742)     | (2,766,069)   |
| Payments for acquisition of investments in associates                  |   | (29,489,435)    | -             |
| Payments for acquisition of vehicles                                   |   | (196,676)       | -             |
| Payments for acquisition of furniture and equipment                    |   | (2,987,837)     | (6,851,867)   |
| Payments for acquisition of right-of-use assets                        |   | -               | (1,175,994)   |
| Payments for leasehold deposits paid                                   |   | (639,804)       | (3,016,032)   |
| Payments for acquisition of other investment assets                    |   | (1,922,800)     | (101,000)     |
| Payments for acquisition of intangible assets                          |   | (6,931,962)     | (2,272,053)   |
| Net cash outflow from investing activities                             |   | (46,637,665)    | (3,436,485)   |
| Cash flows from financing activities                                   |   |                 |               |
| Increase in share capital repayable on demand                          |   | 12,901,910      | 4,787,787     |
| Increase in call money   |   | -               | 110,000,000   |
| Proceeds from borrowings   |   | 1,112,000,000   | 1,103,061,194 |
| Proceeds from issuance of subordinated bonds                           |   | -               | 40,000,000    |
| Increase in leasehold deposits received for rents                      |   | 30,000          | 161,219       |
| Decrease in share capital repayable on demand                          |   | -               | (2,148,719)   |
| Decrease in call money   |   | (20,000,000)    | -             |
| Repayments of principal of borrowings                                  |   | (1,227,552,679) | (718,000,000) |
| Repayments of principal of subordinated bonds issued                   |   | -               | (20,965,022)  |
| Decrease in leasehold deposits received for rents                      |   | (60,000)        | -             |
| Purchase of treasury shares  |   | -               | (5,383,811)   |
| Dividends paid to shareholders   |   | (11,260,697)    | (6,778,740)   |
| Repayments of lease liabilities  |   | (12,722,249)    | (5,578,798)   |
| Net cash inflow (outflow) from financing activities                    |   | (146,663,715)   | 499,155,110   |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents from changes in subsidiaries |   |                 |               |
| included in the consolidated financial statements                      |   | (110,289)       | (122,765)     |
|  |   | (0.000.00.1)    |               |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents                   |   | (8,886,234)     | 183,388,499   |
| Cash and cash equivalents at January 1                                 |   | 443,763,178     | 260,374,679   |
| Cash and cash equivalents at December 31                               | ₩ | 434,876,944     | 443,763,178   |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# 1. Reporting Entity

Eugene Investment & Securities Co., Ltd. (the "Parent Company") was established in May 1954 under the name of Seoul Securities Co., Ltd. The address of the Company's registered office is Gukjegeumyung-Ro 24 (Yeouido-dong), Yeongdungpo-Gu, Seoul.

The Parent Company's shares have been listed on the Korea Exchange since August 1987 and as of December 31, 2021, its total capital stock amounts to \\ \psi 537.592 \text{ million.}

The Parent Company's major stockholders consist of Eugene Corporation and its related parties, who collectively own 28.26% of interest in the Company.

On December 26, 2007, as approved by the shareholders, the Parent Company changed its name to Eugene Investment & Securities Co., Ltd.

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Parent Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group" and individually as "Group entities"). The list of subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are disclosed in Note 5.

# 2. Basis of Accounting

# 2.1 Statement of compliance

The Group maintains its accounting records in Korean won and prepares statutory financial statements in the Korean language (Hangul) in accordance with Korean International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the Republic of Korea ("Korean IFRS"). The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been condensed, restructured and translated into English from the Korean language financial statements.

Certain information attached to the Korean language financial statements, but not required for a fair presentation of the Group's financial position, financial performance or cash flows, is not presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Korean IFRS, as prescribed in the Act on External Audits of Corporations in the Republic of Korea. These are the standards, subsequent amendments and related interpretations issued by International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") that have been adopted by the Republic of Korea.

The consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on March 7, 2022, which will be submitted for approval at the shareholders' meeting to be held on March 24, 2022.

#### 2.2 Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the following material items in the statement of financial position:

- derivative financial instruments measured at fair value
- · financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss
- financial instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income

# 2.3 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements of the Parent Company and each subsidiary are prepared in functional currency, which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which each entity operates. The Group's consolidated financial statements are presented in Korean won, which is the Parent Company's functional currency and the presentation currency.

## 2.4 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with Korean IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# (1) Critical judgments

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements is included in the following note:

Note 5 – Consolidation: whether the Group has de facto control over an investee

#### (2) Assumptions and estimation uncertainties

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment within the next financial year are included in the following notes:

- Note 6 Loss allowance: maximum exposure to credit risks and impairment of financial instruments; and
- Note 27 Measurement of defined benefit obligations: key actuarial assumptions

#### (3) Measurement of fair value

A number of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. The Group has established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. This includes a valuation team that has overall responsibility for overseeing all significant fair value measurements, including Level 3 fair values, and reports directly to the Chief Financial Officer.

The valuation department regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the valuation department assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of Korean IFRS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses market observable data as far as possible. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows.

- · Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Group recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting year during which the change has occurred.

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair values is included in the following note:

Note 7 – Fair value of financial instruments.

# 3. Changes in Accounting Policies and Disclosures

The Group has applied the following standards and amendments for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing January 1, 2021.

# (1) Amendments to Korean IFRS 1116, Leases - Practical expedient for COVID-19 Related Rent Concessions

As a practical expedient, a lessee may elect not to assess whether a rent concession occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic is a lease modification. A lessee that makes this election shall account for any change in lease payments resulting from the rent concession the same way it would account for the change applying this Standard if the change were not a lease modification. The amendment does not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(2) Amendments to Korean IFRS 1109, Financial Instruments, Korean IFRS 1039, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, Korean IFRS 1107, Financial Instruments: Disclosures, Korean IFRS 1104, Insurance Contracts and Korean IFRS 1116, Leases – Interest Rate Benchmark Reform (Phase 2 amendments)

In relation to interest rate benchmark reform, the amendments provide exceptions including adjust effective interest rate instead of book amounts when interest rate benchmark of financial instruments at amortized costs is replaced, and apply hedge accounting without discontinuance although the interest rate benchmark is replaced in hedging relationship. The impact of the amendment on the financial statement is summarized as below:

|  |   | Carrying am | ount (*1)   | Subject to tra |             |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|
| (In thousands of Korean won)           |   | Assets      | Liabilities | Assets         | Liabilities |
| Financial assets at fair value through |   |             |             |                |             |
| profit and loss                        | W | 41,735,323  | -           | 41,735,323     | -           |
| Assets and liabilities                 |   |             |             |                |             |
| for USD LIBOR exposure                 |   | 41,735,323  | -           | 41,735,323     | -           |

(\*1) Includes financial instruments which will expire prior to transitioning to an alternative benchmark rate.

The following new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for December 31, 2021 reporting periods and have not been early adopted by the Group.

(1) Amendment to Korean IFRS 1116 Leases - COVID-19 Related Rent Concessions beyond June 30, 2021

The application of the practical expedient, a lessee may elect not to assess whether a rent concession occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic is a lease modification, is extended to lease payments originally due on or before June 30, 2022. The amendment should be applied for annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2021, and earlier application is permitted. The Group does not expect that these amendments have a significant impact on the financial statements.

(2) Amendments to Korean IFRS 1103 Business Combinations - Reference to the Conceptual Framework

The amendments update a reference of definition of assets and liabilities to be recognized in a business combination in revised *Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting*. However, the amendments add an exception for the recognition of liabilities and contingent liabilities within the scope of Korean IFRS 1037, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, and Korean IFRS 2121, *Levies*. The amendments also clarify that contingent assets should not be recognized at the acquisition date. The amendments should be applied for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022, and earlier application of permitted. The Group does not expect that these amendments have a significant impact on the financial statements.

(3) Amendments to Korean IFRS 1016 Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use

The amendments prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while the entity is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, the entity will recognize the proceeds from selling such items, and the costs of producing those items, in profit or loss. The amendments should be applied for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022, and earlier application is permitted. The Group is in review for the impact of these amendments on the financial statements.

(4) Amendments to Korean IFRS 1037 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets – Onerous Contracts: Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments clarify that the direct costs of fulfilling a contract include both the incremental costs of fulfilling the contract and an allocation of other costs directly related to fulfilling contracts when assessing whether the contract is onerous. The amendments should be applied for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022, and earlier application of permitted. The Group does not expect that these amendments have a significant impact on the financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(5) Amendments to Korean IFRS 1001 Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

The amendments clarify that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current, depending on the substantive rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise right to defer settlement of the liability or the expectations of management. Also, the settlement of liability includes the transfer of the entity's own equity instruments, however, it would be excluded if an option to settle them by the entity's own equity instruments if compound financial instruments is met the definition of equity instruments and recognized separately from the liability. The amendments should be applied for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, and earlier application is permitted. The Group is in review for the impact of these amendments on the financial statements.

# (6) New Standard: Korean IFRS 1117 Insurance Contracts

Korean IFRS 1117, *Insurance Contracts* replaces Korean IFRS 1104, *Insurance Contracts*. This Standard estimates future cash flows of an insurance contract and measures insurance liabilities using discount rates applied with assumptions and risks at the measurement date. The entity recognizes insurance revenue on an accrual basis including services (insurance coverage) provided to the policyholder by each annual period. In addition, investment components (Refunds due to termination/maturity) repaid to a policyholder even if an insured event does not occur, are excluded from insurance revenue, and insurance financial income or expense and the investment income or expense are presented separately to enable users of the information to understand the sources of income or expenses. This Standard should be applied for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, and earlier application is permitted for entities that applied Korean IFRS 1109, *Financial Instruments*. The Group is in review for the impact of this new standard on the financial statements.

# (7) Korean IFRS 1001 Presentation of Financial Statements - Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments to Korean IFRS 1001 define and require entities to disclose their material accounting policies. The IASB amended IFRS Practice Statement 2, *Disclosure of Accounting Policies* to provide guidance on how to apply the concept of materiality to accounting policy disclosures.

The amendments should be applied for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, and earlier application is permitted. The Group is in review for the impact of these amendments on the financial statements.

(8) Korean IFRS 1008 Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors – Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments define accounting estimates and clarify how to distinguish them from changes in accounting policies. The amendments should be applied for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, and earlier application is permitted. The Group does not expect that these amendments have a significant impact on the financial statements.

(9) Korean IFRS 1012 Income Taxes - Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments include an additional condition to the exemption to initial recognition of an asset or liability that a transaction does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences at the time of the transaction. The amendments should be applied for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, and earlier application is permitted. The Group does not expect that these amendments have a significant impact on the financial statements.

#### (10) Annual improvements to Korean IFRS 2018-2020

Annual improvements of Korean IFRS 2018–2020 Cycle should be applied for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022, and earlier application is permitted. The Group does not expect that these amendments have a significant impact on the financial statements.

- Korean IFRS 1101 First time Adoption of Korean International Financial Reporting Standards Subsidiaries that are first-time adopters
- Korean IFRS 1109 Financial Instruments Fees related to the 10% test for derecognition of financial liabilities
- Korean IFRS 1116 Leases Lease incentives
- Korean IFRS 1041 Agriculture Measuring fair value

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# 4. Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies applied by the Group in preparation of its consolidated financial statements are included below. The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all the years presented in these consolidated financial statements except for the changes in accounting policies as explained Note 3.

Certain amount in the comparative consolidated comprehensive income statement for the year ended December 31, 2019 had changed its presentation and classification to reflect changes in the standard related to the presentation method of consolidated other comprehensive income items.

# 4.1. Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. All operating segments' operating results are reviewed regularly by the Group's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

The Group has six operating segments as described in Note 8, and each segment is a strategic operating unit for the Group. Each strategic operating unit provides different services and they are being operated separately as skills and marketing strategies vary among operating units.

Segment results that are reported to the Group's Chief Executive Officer (being the CODM) include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly corporate assets (primarily the Group's headquarters), head office expenses, and income tax assets and liabilities.

#### 4.2. Basis of consolidation

# (1) Non-controlling interests ("NCI")

NCI are measured at their proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at the date of acquisition.

Changes in the Group's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.

# (2) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

# (3) Loss of control

When the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognizes the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, and any related NCI and other components of equity. Any resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss. Any interest retained in the former subsidiary is measured at fair value when control is lost.

#### (4) Interests in equity-accounted investees

The Group's interests in equity-accounted investees comprise interests in associates. Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies. Interests in associates are accounted for using the equity method. They are initially recognized at cost, which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and comprehensive income ("OCI") of equity-accounted investees, until the date on which significant influence.

# (5) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# 4.3. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits with maturities of three months or less from the acquisition date that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the Group in the management of its short-term commitments. Equity investments are excluded from cash equivalents unless they are, in substance, cash equivalents, for example in the case of preferred shares when it has a short maturity with a specified redemption date.

# 4.4. Non-derivative financial assets

# (1) Recognition and initial measurement

Financial instruments and financial liabilities are recognized only when the Group becomes a party to the contract for the financial instrument. At initial recognition, financial assets or financial liabilities are measured at fair value, and transaction costs directly related to the acquisition of the financial assets or the issue of the financial liabilities are added to fair value unless they are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized or derecognized on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

If a transfer does not result in derecognition because the Group has retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred asset, the Group continues to recognize the transferred asset in its entirety and recognizes a financial liability for the consideration received. The Group classified the financial liability as "borrowings" in the statement of financial position.

# (2) Classification and subsequent measurement

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost ("AC"); fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") – debt investment; FVOCI – equity investment; or fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). When, the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets, it shall reclassify all affected financial assets at the first day of the Group's next reporting period.

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- · It is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- Its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- Its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the
  principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortized cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### (3) Business model

The Group assesses the objective of the business model held at the portfolio level of financial assets because it best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. Such information takes into account the following:

- The accounting policies and objectives specified for the portfolio and the actual operation of these policies. This
  includes management's strategy focused on obtaining contractual interest revenue, maintaining the level of interest
  revenue, and financing the debt financing and matching the duration of the financial asset's duration and on the outflow
  or realization of expected cash flows through the sale of the asset;
- Assessing the performance of financial assets held in a business model and reporting the assessment to key management personnel;
- The risks affecting the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held in the business model) and how they are managed;
- Compensation for management (e.g., compensation based on the fair value of the managed asset or on the contractual
  cash flows received);
- The frequency, amount, timing, reasons and expectations of future sales activities of financial assets in prior periods.

For this purpose, transfers of financial assets from transactions that do not meet the derecognition requirements to third parties are not considered sales.

A portfolio of financial assets that meets the definition of trading or whose performance is valued on a fair value basis is measured at fair value through profit or loss.

# (4) Contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding

The principal amount is defined as the fair value at initial recognition of the financial asset. Interest consists of profit as well as consideration for the time value of money, consideration for the credit risk associated with the principal balance in a particular period, and consideration for other basic loan risks and costs (such as liquidity risk and operating costs).

In assessing whether contractual cash flows consist solely of principal and interest payments, the Group considers the terms and conditions of the instrument. If a financial asset contains a contractual term that changes the timing or amount of contractual cash flows, the entity must determine whether the contractual cash flows that may arise over the life of the financial instrument are solely payments of principal and interest.

To assess this, the Group considers the following:

- Contractual terms that change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows;
- Terms that adjusts the contractual interest rate, including variable interest rate features;
- · Prepayment features and extension features;
- · Terms and conditions that limit our claims on cash flows arising from specific assets.

If the prepayment amount substantially represents unpaid amounts of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, which may include reasonable additional compensation for the early termination of the contract, then the early repayment characteristics are consistent with the terms of paying principal and interest on a specified date.

In addition, for financial assets acquired at significant discounts or premiums to the contractual par amounts, the prepayment amount effectively represents the contractual principal and the contractual interest accrued and the prepayment feature meets this condition when the fair value of the feature is insignificant at initial recognition of the financial asset.

# (5) Financial asset: subsequent measurement and profit or loss

The following accounting policies apply to the subsequent measurement of financial assets:

#### Financial assets at FVTPL

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

# Financial assets at AC

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign currency gains and losses, impairment and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognized in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### Debt investments at FVOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign currency gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.

#### Equity investments at FVOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

# (6) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

When the Group enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized on its statement of financial position, but retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

#### (7) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset only when the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 4.5. Derivative financial instruments

If the host contract is not a financial asset and meets certain requirements, the embedded derivative is accounted for separately and separated from the host contract. Derivatives are measured at fair value on initial recognition and subsequently measured at fair value and changes are generally recognized in profit or loss.

# Embedded derivatives

Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately only if the following criteria has been met:

- · the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to those of the host contract,
- a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative and
- · the hybrid instrument is not measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

Separable embedded derivatives are measured at fair value, with all changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

# Other derivative financial instruments

Changes in the fair value of any derivative financial instruments except for derivatives designated as hedging instruments in qualifying hedging relationships are recognized in profit or loss.

# 4.6. Day One gains and losses

The best estimate of fair value of a financial instrument at initial recognition is its transaction price (the fair value of consideration given or received). However, if there exist fair values that are determined in whole or in part using a valuation technique based on assumptions that are supported by price from observable current market transaction in the same instrument, without modification or repackaging, or those proven by comparison with observable current market transactions, the best estimate of a fair value is not the transaction price at initial recognition.

Fair value of a financial instrument at initial recognition may be determined to be price or rates with assumptions that are not observable in current market transactions. In such cases, the difference between the transaction price and fair value from a valuation technique is not recognized in profit or loss, but deferred and amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the financial instrument, or recognized in profit or loss when the variables of the valuation technique become observable in the market.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### 4.7. Impairment of financial assets

# (1) Financial instruments and contract assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on the following assets:

- · Financial assets measured at amortized cost
- · Debt investments at FVOCI
- Contract assets recognized on adoption of Korean IFRS No.1115

The Group measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses ("ECLs"), except for the following, which are measured as 12-month ECLs:

- · Debt security that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- Debt security for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument)
  has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information. The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

Lifetime ECLs are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

12-month ECLs are ECLs that result from possible default events within the 12 months (a shorter period if the expected life of a financial instrument is less than 12 months) after reporting date and it is part of the lifetime ECLs.

When estimating ECLs, the maximum period is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

#### (2) Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive). ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

# (3) Credit-impaired financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt investments at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that financial assets impaired includes the following observable information.

- Significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer
- A breach of contact such as a default or being more than 90 days past due
- · Restructuring of a loan or a concession granted by the Group, which the Group would not otherwise consider
- Indications that a borrower or issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization
- The disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties

# (4) Presentation of allowance for ECL in the statement of financial position

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. For debt securities at FVOCI, the loss allowance is recognized in OCI, instead of reducing the carrying amount of the asset.

# (5) Write-off

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering all or some of the contractual cash flows of the financial asset. For retail customers, based on past experiences in recoveries of similar assets, the Group writes off the carrying amounts when a financial asset is overdue 180 days or more. For corporate customers, the Group evaluates whether there is reasonable expectation of recovery to determine the timing and the amounts to write off on an individual basis. The Group does not expect significant amounts that are previously written off to be recovered. However, each financial asset that is written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in accordance with the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# 4.8. Property and equipment

Property and equipment are initially measured at cost and after initial recognition, are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost of property and equipment includes expenditures arising directly from the construction or acquisition of the asset, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management and the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Subsequent to initial recognition, an item of property and equipment shall be carried at its cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Property and equipment, except for land, are depreciated over estimated useful lives that appropriately reflect the pattern in which the asset's future economic benefits are expected to be consumed on a straight-line basis. A component that is significant compared to the total cost of property and equipment is depreciated over its separate useful life.

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property and equipment and are recognized in profit or loss.

The estimated useful lives of the Group's property and equipment are as follows:

Buildings 50 years
Vehicles 4 years
Furniture and equipment 4 to 10 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of each reporting date and adjusted, if appropriate. The change is accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate.

# 4.9. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are measured initially at cost and, subsequently, are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

Amortization of intangible assets is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets from the date that they are available for use. The residual value of intangible assets is zero. However, as there are no foreseeable limits to the years over which club memberships are expected to be available for use, this intangible asset is determined as having indefinite useful lives and not amortized.

Software & Development costs
 Club memberships
 4 to 10 years
 Indefinite

Useful lives and the amortization methods for intangible assets with finite useful lives are reviewed at the end of each reporting year. The useful lives of intangible assets that are not being amortized are reviewed at the end of each reporting year to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support indefinite useful life assessments for those assets. Changes are accounted for as changes in accounting estimates.

# (1) Research and development

Expenditures on research activities, undertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific or technical knowledge and understanding, is recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Development expenditures are capitalized only if development costs can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable, and the Group intends to and has sufficient resources to complete development and to use or sell the asset. Other development expenditures are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

# (2) Subsequent expenditures

Subsequent expenditures are capitalized only when they increase the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditures, including expenditures on internally generated goodwill and brands, are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# 4.10.Investment property

Property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured initially at its cost. Transaction costs are included in the initial measurement. Subsequently, investment property is carried at depreciated cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are recognized in the carrying amount of investment property at cost or, if appropriate, as separate items if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. The costs of the day-to-day servicing are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Investment property except for land, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over 50 years as estimated useful lives.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of each reporting date and adjusted, if appropriate. The change is accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate.

# 4.11.Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets, other than contract assets arising from contracts with customers, costs incurred in fulfilling contracts with customers, assets arising from employee benefits, deferred tax assets and non-current assets held for sale to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives or that are not yet available for use, irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment, are tested for impairment annually by comparing their recoverable amount to their carrying amount.

The Group estimates the recoverable amount of an individual asset, if it is impossible to measure the individual recoverable amount of an asset, then the Group estimates the recoverable amount of cash-generating unit ("CGU"). A CGU is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. The value in use is estimated by applying a pre-tax discount rate that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU for which estimated future cash flows have not been adjusted, to the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset or a CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

#### 4.12.Lease

# (1) The Group as a lessee

At commencement or on modification of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of its relative stand-alone prices. However, for the leases of property the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

The Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset of the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term. If the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Group by the end of the lease term or if the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group will exercise a purchase option, the Group depreciates the right-of-use asset from the commencement date to the end of the useful life of the underlying asset. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

The Group determines its incremental borrowing rate by analyzing its borrowings from various external sources and makes certain adjustments to reflect the terms of the lease and type of asset leased.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- Fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- Amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- The exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option or if there is a revised in-substance fixed lease payment.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the rightof-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property in 'property, plant and equipment' and lease liabilities in 'Other liabilities' in the statement of financial position.

#### Short-term lease and leases of low-value assets

The Group has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases of low-value assets and short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less, including leases of IT equipment. The Group recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group additionally considers the following as a lessee:

In determining the lease term, management consider all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Group to exercise the option to extend the lease, or not to exercise the option to terminate the lease. In determining the enforceable period of the lease (i.e. the maximum lease term), the Group considers whether both it and the lessor has a right to terminate the lease without permission from the other party and all economic penalties that might arise from termination.

# (2) The Group as a lessor

At inception or on modification of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices.

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operation lease.

To classify each lease, the Group makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then it is an operation lease. As part of this assessment, the Group considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sub-lease separately. It assesses the lease classification of a sub-lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset. If the head lease is a short-term lease that the Group, as a lessee, has accounted for applying the exemption provision, the sub-lease shall be classified as an operating lease.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, then the Group applies Korean IFRS 1115 to allocate the consideration in the contract.

The Group applies the derecognition and impairment requirements in Korean IFRS 1109 to the net investment in the lease. The Group further regularly reviews estimated unguaranteed residual values used in calculating the gross investment in the lease.

The Group recognizes lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as part of 'other revenue.'

The Group classified certain sublease contracts entered into during the year ended December 31, 2021 as finance leases.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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# 4.13. Non-derivative financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified into financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and other financial liabilities in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and the definitions of a financial liability. Financial liabilities are recognized in the consolidated financial statements when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

#### (1) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

A financial liability is classified at fair value through profit or loss if it is classified as held for trading or designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognized in profit or loss. Attributable transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

# (2) Other financial liabilities

The financial liabilities that are not classified as at fair value through profit or loss are classified into other financial liabilities. The liabilities are measured at fair value less transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance upon initial recognition. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

#### (3) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group removes a financial liability from its consolidated statement of financial position only when it is extinguished – i.e. when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired.

The Group derecognizes an existing financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid is recognized in profit or loss. Consideration paid includes non-financial assets transferred, if any, and the assumption of liabilities, including the new modified financial liability.

### 4.14. Employee benefits

# (1) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits that are expected to be settled before twelve months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees render the related services are expensed as the related services are provided. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount.

# (2) Retirement benefits

The Group operates defined contribution plans. When an employee has rendered service to the Group during a period, the Group recognizes the contribution payable to a defined contribution plan in exchange for that service as an expense unless the contribution is included in the cost of an asset. The Group recognizes the contribution as a liability (accrued expense), after deducting any contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for service before the end of the reporting period, the Group recognizes that excess as an asset (prepaid expense) to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

#### 4.15.Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The risks and uncertainties that inevitably surround many events and circumstances are taken into account in reaching the best estimate of a provision. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined at the present value of the expected future cash flows.

Where some or all of the expenditures required to settle a provision are expected to be reimbursed by another party, the reimbursement shall be recognized when, and only when, it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received if the entity settles the obligation. The reimbursement shall be treated as a separate asset.

Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting year and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

A provision shall be used only for expenditures for which the provision was originally recognized.

# 4.16. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase

When the Group enters into sale-and-repurchase transactions, liabilities are recognized as "securities sold under agreements to repurchase" at sales price, and the difference between the repurchase price and the sales price is recognized as "interest on securities sold under agreements to repurchase".

# 4.17. Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of the Group entities at the exchange rate at the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value is determined. Non-monetary items that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Foreign currency differences arising from settlements of monetary items and arising on translation of monetary items are recognized in profit or loss. Translation differences arising on non-monetary items are recognized in either other comprehensive income or profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on changes in fair value of non-monetary items.

#### 4.18. Equity capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs, net of any tax effects that are directly attributable to the issuance of an equity instruments are deducted from the initial measurement of the equity instruments.

When the Group repurchases its share capital, the amount of the consideration paid is recognized as a deduction from equity and classified as treasury shares. Gains or losses arising from purchase, disposal, reissuance, or retirement of treasury shares are not recognized as profit or loss. If the Group acquires and retains treasury shares, the consideration paid or received is directly recognized in equity.

# 4.19.Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group recognizes revenues in accordance with Korean IFRS 1115, Revenue from Contracts with Customers to all contracts with customers that are within the scope of the standard. The Group applies the "5-step model" as summarized below:

- Step 1: Identifying contract(s) with customer
- Step 2: Identifying separate performance obligations in the contract(s)
- Step 3: Determining the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocating the transaction price to distinct performance obligation(s)
- Step 5: Recognizing revenue when the performance obligation is satisfied

#### 4.20. Recognition of finance income and expense

#### (1) Finance income and expense

The Group's finance income and expense consist of:

- Interest income
- Interest expense
- · Dividend income
- · Distribution income
- Net gain or loss on disposal of debt instruments at FVOCI
- · Net gain or loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
- Net gain or loss on foreign currency transactions
- · Impairment losses or reversal of impairment losses on financial assets amortized cost or debt instruments at FVOCI

Interest income and expense are recognized using the effective interest method. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive income is established.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# (2) Interest income and expense

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset or to the amortized cost of a financial liability.

When calculating interest income or interest expense, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset (when the asset is not credit-impaired) or to the amortized cost of the liability. However, for financial assets that have become credit-impaired subsequent to initial recognition, interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset. If the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, then the calculation of the interest income reverts to the gross basis.

#### 4.21.Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

#### (1) Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The taxable income or loss is different from profit as reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income since the taxable income or loss is calculated by adjusting the temporary differences, which will be taxable or deductible in determining taxable income or loss of future years, and non-taxable or non-deductible items from profit before income tax as reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if all of the following conditions are met:

- · The Group has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts; and
- · It intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### (2) Deferred tax

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. A deferred liability is all recognized except for the temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Group is able to control timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future. A deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which they can be utilized.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting year and reduces the carrying amount to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow the benefit of part or all of that deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting year. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting year to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to offset the related current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority and they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis.

The Group recognizes any income tax consequences of dividends when it recognizes a liability to pay a dividend.

# 4.22. Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, adjusted for own shares held. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for own shares held, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which comprise share options granted to employees.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# 4.23. Regulatory reserve for credit losses

Under Regulations on Financial Investment Business (the "Regulation"), the Group is required to maintain regulatory reserve for credit losses for the differences between the regulatory reserve for credit losses calculated by the Regulation and the allowance for credit losses recorded in accordance with Korean IFRS. The regulatory reserve for credit losses is a voluntary equity reserve in retained earnings that may be released if the reserve at the end of the year is greater than the amount to be reserved. If any undisposed deficit exists, the reserve is required to be provided after all deficits are disposed of.

# 4.24.Trust accounts

The Parent Company and Eugene Asset Management Co., Ltd., a subsidiary, have received approvals from the Financial Services Commission for trust business and operate trust accounts. According to Regulations on Financial Investment Business, trust assets are required to be accounted for separately from the Group (as trustee)'s own assets. The Group recognizes any fees received in relation to operation, management and disposition of the trust assets as trust fees and commissions in operating revenue.

#### Subsidiaries

#### (1) Details of consolidated subsidiaries

Details of consolidated subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|   |        |        | Consolidated based on |                          |
|---|--------|--------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
|   | Owne   | ership | financial             |                          |
|   | intere | st (%) | information           | Principal                |
| Subsidiary  | 2021   | 2020   | as of                 | business                 |
| Eugene Asset Management Co., Ltd.                               | 100    | 100    | Dec. 31, 2021         | Asset management         |
| Eugene Investment & Futures Co., Ltd.                           | 100    | 100    | Dec. 31, 2021         | Investment & futures     |
| Eugene Champion Dividend Equity Mstr Eq                         | 54.4   | 25.6   | Dec. 31, 2021         | Beneficiary certificates |
| Eugene Champion Dividend Equity Feeder Eq                       | 99.5   | 96.6   | Dec. 31, 2021         | Beneficiary certificates |
| Eugene Champion Global Listed Infra Securities (Bond Balanced)  | 34.2   | -      | Dec. 31, 2021         | Beneficiary certificates |
| Eugene Champion K Mega Trend Catch-Up Securities Master (Stock) | 95.9   | -      | Dec. 31, 2021         | Beneficiary certificates |
| Eugene Champion K Mega Trend Catch-Up Securities Feeder (Stock) | 95.9   | -      | Dec. 31, 2021         | Beneficiary certificates |
| Eugene Champion New Economy Al4.0 Securities Master (Stock)     | 67.8   | 64.3   | Dec. 31, 2021         | Beneficiary certificates |
| Eugene Champion New Economy Al4.0 Securities Feeder (H)(Stock)  | 67.8   | 64.3   | Dec. 31, 2021         | Beneficiary certificates |
| Eugene Champion Global Monthly Dividend ETF Securities (*2)     | -      | 34.1   | Dec. 31, 2021         | Beneficiary certificates |
| Eugene US VC Private Investment Trust 1                         | 60.0   | 60.0   | Dec. 31, 2021         | Beneficiary certificates |
| First Gohyeon 1st Co., Ltd. (*2)                                | -      | -      | June 30, 2021         | Asset securitization SPC |
| Pantheon EJ Co., Ltd. (*2)                                      | -      | -      | June 30, 2021         | Asset securitization SPC |
| Eugene MP 1st Co., Ltd. (*2)                                    | -      | -      | Sep. 30, 2021         | Asset securitization SPC |
| Eugene AT 1st Co., Ltd.   | -      | -      | Dec. 31, 2021         | Asset securitization SPC |
| NAD 1st Co., Ltd.   | -      | -      | Dec. 31, 2021         | Asset securitization SPC |
| Champion Byeolnae 1st Co., Ltd.                                 | -      | -      | Dec. 31, 2021         | Asset securitization SPC |
| Happiness Red Co., Ltd.   | -      | -      | Dec. 31, 2021         | Asset securitization SPC |
| Never Ever 1st Co., Ltd. (*2)                                   | -      | -      | Dec. 31, 2021         | Asset securitization SPC |
| CSG 1st Co., Ltd.   | -      | -      | Dec. 31, 2021         | Asset securitization SPC |
| Hadeun 1st Co., Ltd. (*2)                                       | -      | -      | June 30, 2021         | Asset securitization SPC |
| Champion Gohyeon Co., Ltd. (*2)                                 | -      | -      | Feb. 28, 2021         | Asset securitization SPC |
| NJ 6th Co., Ltd. (*2)   | -      | -      | Feb. 26, 2021         | Asset securitization SPC |
| DJ Mirae 1st Co., Ltd. (*2)                                     | -      | -      | June 30, 2021         | Asset securitization SPC |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> The Parent Company controls the structured entities for asset securitization considering all facts and circumstances for power over the investee, exposure to variable returns from the investee and the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the Parent Company's returns while the Parent Company's voting rights are less than 50%.

(\*2) The subsidiaries were excluded from the consolidation as all of the Group's interests in the subsidiaries were redeemed.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### (2) Information on consolidated subsidiaries

#### Eugene Asset Management Co., Ltd.

Eugene Asset Management Co., Ltd. ("Eugene Asset Management" hereafter) was established in September 1989 under the name of Woosung Investment Advisory Co., Ltd., for providing investment advisory services as its main objective of operation. Since September 1996, Eugene Asset Management has changed its operation to asset management company, and has been engaged in management of indirect investment mutual funds and rendering investment advisory services. As of December 31, 2021, share capital of Eugene Asset Management amounts to \(\psi 22,500\) million.

#### Eugene Investment & Futures Co., Ltd.

Eugene Investment & Futures Co., Ltd. ("Eugene Investment & Futures" hereafter) was established on July 30, 1991 with initial share capital of \( \pm \)300 million. After several capital increases, share capital of Eugene Investment & Futures amounts to \( \pm \)20,000 million as of December 31, 2021. Eugene Investment & Futures has its headquarters in Yeouido-dong, Seoul, and is engaged in futures transactions and brokerage transactions.

#### Eugene Champion Dividend Equity Mstr Eg

Eugene Champion Dividend Equity Mstr Eq, an equity-type trust, was established by Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets Act on February 7, 2014. Its collective investment manager is Eugene Asset Management and the trust agent is Hana Bank.

# Eugene Champion Dividend Equity Feeder Eq

Eugene Champion Dividend Equity Feeder Eq, an equity-type trust, was established by Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets Act on December 30, 2014. Its collective investment manager is Eugene Asset Management and the trust agent is Hana Bank. The Parent Company and one other company act as sales agents.

# Eugene Champion Global Listed Infra Securities (Bond Balanced)

Eugene Champion Global Listed Infra Securities (Bond Balanced) was established on December 27, 2016 by Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets Act, and is a bond balanced-type trust. Eugene Asset Management serves as collective investment manager and KB Kookmin Bank serves as trust agent. The Parent Company and eleven other companies act as sales agents.

#### Eugene Champion K Mega Trend Catch-Up Securities Master (Stock)

Eugene Champion K Mega Trend Catch-Up Securities Master (Stock) was established on November 22, 2021 by Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets Act, and is an equity-type trust. Eugene Asset Management serves as collective investment manager and Shinhan Bank serves as trust agent.

#### Eugene Champion K Mega Trend Catch-Up Securities Feeder (Stock)

Eugene Champion K Mega Trend Catch-Up Securities Feeder (Stock) was established on November 22, 2021 by Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets Act, and is an equity-type trust. Eugene Asset Management serves as collective investment manager and Shinhan Bank serves as trust agent. The Parent Company and four other companies act as sales agents.

# Eugene Champion New Economy Al4.0 Securities Master (Stock)

Eugene Champion New Economy Al4.0 Securities (Stock) was established on July 2, 2018 by Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets Act, and is an equity-type trust. Eugene Asset Management serves as collective investment manager and KB Kookmin Bank serves as trust agent.

# Eugene Champion New Economy Al4.0 Securities Feeder (H)(Stock)

Eugene Champion New Economy Al4.0 Securities (Stock) was established on July 2, 2018 by Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets Act, and is an equity-type trust. Eugene Asset Management serves as collective investment manager and KB Kookmin Bank serves as trust agent. The Parent Company and nine other companies act as sales agents.

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For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### Eugene US VC Private Investment Trust 1

Eugene US VC Private Investment Trust 1 was established on January 21, 2020 by Financial Investment Services and Capital Markets Act, and is a fund-of-funds-type trust. Eugene Asset Management serves as collective investment manager and Hana Bank serves as trust agent. The Parent Company and one other company act as sales agents.

# Eugene AT 1st Co., Ltd.

Eugene AT 1st Co., Ltd. was established on April 27, 2021 and is engaged in issuances and redemptions of securitized notes with acquisitions, management, operation and disposals of securitized assets for securitization of convertible bonds under Asset-Backed Securitization Act. The Parent Company provides convertible bonds in private placements purchase commitments.

# NAD 1st Co., Ltd.

NAD 1st Co., Ltd. was established on April 15, 2021 and is engaged in issuances and redemptions of securitized notes with acquisitions, management, operation and disposals of securitized assets for securitization of loans under Asset-Backed Securitization Act. The Parent Company provides loan commitments.

# Champion Byeolnae 1st Co., Ltd.

Champion Byeolnae 1st Co., Ltd. was established on July 16, 2021 and is engaged in issuances and redemptions of securitized notes with acquisitions, management, operation and disposals of securitized assets for securitization of loans under Asset-Backed Securitization Act. The Parent Company provides loan commitments.

#### Happiness Red Co., Ltd.

Happiness Red 1st Co., Ltd. was established on August 1, 2021 and is engaged in issuances and redemptions of securitized notes with acquisitions, management, operation and disposals of securitized assets for securitization of loans under Asset-Backed Securitization Act. The Parent Company provides loan commitments.

# CSG 1st Co., Ltd.

CSG 1st Co., Ltd. was established on November 24, 2021 and is engaged in issuances and redemptions of securitized notes with acquisitions, management, operation and disposals of securitized assets for securitization of loans under Asset-Backed Securitization Act. The Parent Company provides convertible bonds in private placements purchase commitments.

# (3) Changes in the scope of consolidation

The Group newly consolidated Eugene Champion Global Listed Infra Securities (Bond Balanced), Eugene Champion K Mega Trend Catch-Up Securities Master (Stock), Eugene Champion K Mega Trend Catch-Up Securities Feeder (Stock), Eugene AT 1st Co., Ltd., NAD 1st Co., Ltd., Champion Byeolnae 1st Co., Ltd., Happiness Red Co., Ltd. and CSG 1st Co., Ltd. considering that the Group 1) has the power over the investee, 2) is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and 3) has the ability to use its power to affect its returns. In addition, the Group additionally disclosed Eugene Champion Dividend Equity Feeder Eq and Eugene Champion New Economy Al4.0 Securities Feeder (H)(Stock) as consolidated subsidiaries.

Champion Gohyeon Co., Ltd., NJ 6th Co., Ltd., Pantheon EJ Co., Ltd., Harden 1st Co., Ltd. and DJ Mirae 1st Co., Ltd. which were consolidated as of December 31, 2020 were excluded from the consolidation as all of the Group 's interests in these entities has redeemed. Eugene Champion Global Monthly Dividend ETF Securities which had been previously consolidated as the Group's power over the investee's decisions about the investing activities and the link between power and variable returns had been deemed significant was excluded from the consolidation due to decrease in the Group's ownership interests and resulting loss of control. In addition, Fist Gohyeon 1st Co., Ltd. and Never Ever 1st Co., Ltd. were excluded from the consolidation as all of the Group 's interests in these entities has redeemed, and Eugene MP 1st Co., Ltd. was excluded from the consolidation due to the execution of the purchase commitment.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# (4) Investments in subsidiaries

Details of investments in subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|   |  | 2021          |          |
|---|--|---------------|----------|
|   |  | Number of     | Owner-   |
|   |  | shares or     | ship     |
|   |  | units         | interest |
| Investor                                  | Investee                                       | invested      | (%)      |
| Eugene Investment & Securities Co., Ltd.  | Eugene Asset Management Co., Ltd.              | 4,500,000     | 100.0    |
| Eugene Investment & Securities Co., Ltd.  | Eugene Investment & Futures Co., Ltd.          | 4,000,000     | 100.0    |
| Eugene Investment & Securities Co., Ltd.  | Eugene Champion Dividend Equity Feeder Eq (*1) | 2,996,434,244 | 71.9     |
| Eugene Asset Management Co., Ltd.         | Eugene Champion Dividend Equity Feeder Eq (*1) | 1,146,020,374 | 27.5     |
| Eugene Champion Dividend Equity Feeder Eq | Eugene Champion Dividend Equity Mstr Eq (*1)   | 3,816,207,653 | 54.7     |
| Eugene Investment & Securities Co., Ltd.  | Eugene Champion Global Listed Infra            |               |          |
|   | Securities (Bond Balanced) (*1)                | 3,032,048,395 | 34.2     |
| Eugene Asset Management Co., Ltd.         | Eugene Champion K Mega Trend Catch-Up          |               |          |
|   | Securities Feeder (Stock) (*1)                 | 2,500,000,000 | 95.9     |
| Eugene Champion K Mega Trend Catch-Up     | Eugene Champion K Mega Trend Catch-Up          |               |          |
| Securities Feeder (Stock)                 | Securities Master (Stock) (*1)                 | 2,606,287,833 | 100.0    |
| Eugene Investment & Securities Co., Ltd.  | Eugene Champion New Economy Al4.0              |               |          |
|   | Securities Feeder (Stock) (*1)                 | 3,500,000,000 | 55.3     |
| Eugene Asset Management Co., Ltd.         | Eugene Champion New Economy Al4.0              |               |          |
|   | Securities Feeder (Stock) (*1)                 | 792,378,069   | 12.5     |
| Eugene Champion New Economy Al4.0         | Eugene Champion New Economy Al4.0              |               |          |
| Securities Feeder (Stock)                 | Securities Master (Stock) (*1)                 | 5,215,009,651 | 100.0    |
| Eugene Investment & Securities Co., Ltd.  | Eugene US VC Private Investment Trust 1 (*1)   | 9,618,452,280 | 60.0     |
| Eugene Investment & Securities Co., Ltd.  | Eugene AT 1st Co., Ltd. (*2)                   | -             | -        |
| Eugene Investment & Securities Co., Ltd.  | NAD 1st Co., Ltd. (*2)                         | -             | -        |
| Eugene Investment & Securities Co., Ltd.  | Champion Byeolnae 1st Co., Ltd. (*2)           | -             | -        |
| Eugene Investment & Securities Co., Ltd.  | Happiness Red Co., Ltd. (*2)                   | -             | -        |
| Eugene Investment & Securities Co., Ltd.  | CSG 1st Co., Ltd. (*2)                         | -             | -        |
|   |  |               |          |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> The Group has included the beneficiary securities that is managed by Eugene Asset Management Co., Ltd. as subsidiaries, considering the importance of relationships between the decision-making process for investment and the variable returns.

<sup>(\*2)</sup> As structured companies for asset securitization, the Parent Company controls these entities considering the Parent Company's exposure to variable returns and the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entities while the Parent Company's ownership interests are less than 50%.

|  | 2020                               |               |               |          |  |
|--|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------|--|
|  | Number of shares or units invested |               |               |          |  |
|  | The Parent                         | Intermediate  |               | interest |  |
| Subsidiary                                   | Company                            | subsidiaries  | Total         | (%)      |  |
| Eugene Asset Management Co., Ltd.            | 4,500,000                          | -             | 4,500,000     | 100.0    |  |
| Eugene Investment & Futures Co., Ltd.        | 4,000,000                          | -             | 4,000,000     | 100.0    |  |
| Eugene Champion Dividend Equity Mstr Eq (*1) | -                                  | 3,490,118,915 | 3,490,118,915 | 25.6     |  |
| Eugene Champion New Economy Al4.0 Securities |                                    |               |               |          |  |
| (Stock) (*1)                                 | 3,500,000,000                      | 783,093,648   | 4,283,093,648 | 64.3     |  |
| Eugene Champion Global Monthly Dividend ETF  |                                    |               |               |          |  |
| Securities (*1)                              | -                                  | 489,248,352   | 489,248,352   | 34.1     |  |
| Eugene US VC Private Investment Trust 1 (*1) | 1,622,677,597                      | -             | 1,622,677,597 | 60.0     |  |
| Pantheon EJ Co., Ltd. (*2)                   | -                                  | -             | -             | -        |  |
| Harden 1st Co., Ltd. (*2)                    | -                                  | -             | -             | -        |  |
| Champion Gohyeon Co., Ltd. (*2)              | -                                  | -             | -             | -        |  |
| NJ 6th Co., Ltd. (*2)                        | -                                  | -             | -             | -        |  |
| DJ Mirae 1st Co., Ltd. (*2)                  | -                                  | -             | -             | -        |  |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> The Group has included the beneficiary securities that is managed by Eugene Asset Management Co., Ltd. as subsidiaries, considering the importance of relationships between the decision-making process for investment and the variable returns.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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(\*2) As structured companies for asset securitization, the Parent Company controls the entities considering the Parent Company's exposure to variable returns and the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entities while the Parent Company's ownership interests are less than 50%.

# (5) Summary of financial information of subsidiaries

Financial information of subsidiaries as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are summarized as follows:

|   | 2021  |                 |                      |                 |                   |            |   |
|---|-------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------|---|
| (In thousands of Korean won) Subsidiary   | -     | Total<br>assets | Total<br>liabilities | Total<br>equity | Operating revenue | Net profit | Total<br>compre-<br>hensive<br>income<br>(loss) |
| Eugene Asset Management Co., Ltd.         | _ ₩ - | 52,415,198      | 21,793,217           | 30,621,981      | 26,158,731        | 3,774,137  | 3,760,015                                       |
| Eugene Investment & Futures Co., Ltd.     |       | 391,718,266     | 343,711,499          | 48,006,767      | 170,166,521       | 3,247,441  | 4,344,476                                       |
| Eugene Champion Dividend Equity Mstr Eq   |       | 9,739,043       | 152,803              | 9,586,240       | 2,401,015         | 116,396    | 116,396   |
| Eugene Champion Dividend Equity Feeder Eq |       | 5,241,790       | · -                  | 5,241,790       | 371,904           | (65,649)   | (65,649)  |
| Eugene Champion Global Listed Infra       |       | , ,             |                      | , ,             | ,                 | , , ,      | , ,   |
| Securities (Bond Balanced)                |       | 10,096,013      | 103,726              | 9,992,287       | 1,683,456         | 451,865    | 451,865   |
| Eugene Champion K Mega Trend Catch-Up     |       |                 |                      |                 |                   |            |   |
| Securities Master (Stock)                 |       | 2,808,475       | 138,877              | 2,669,598       | 95,754            | 63,507     | 63,507  |
| Eugene Champion K Mega Trend Catch-Up     |       |                 |                      |                 |                   |            |   |
| Securities Feeder (Stock)                 |       | 2,671,784       | -                    | 2,671,784       | 65,694            | 65,694     | 65,694  |
| Eugene Champion New Economy Al4.0         |       |                 |                      |                 |                   |            |   |
| Securities Master (Stock)                 |       | 10,947,500      | 223,803              | 10,723,697      | 6,628,058         | 2,120,575  | 2,120,575                                       |
| Eugene Champion New Economy Al4.0         |       |                 |                      |                 |                   |            |   |
| Securities Feeder (Stock)                 |       | 10,823,206      | 66,116               | 10,757,090      | 4,309,576         | 2,252,147  | 2,252,147                                       |
| Eugene Champion Global Monthly Dividend   |       |                 |                      |                 |                   |            |   |
| ETF Securities (*2)                       |       | -               | -                    | -               | 477,713           | 59,176     | 59,176  |
| Eugene US VC Private Investment Trust 1   |       | 15,941,327      | 42,011               | 15,899,316      | 813,762           | 716,910    | 716,910   |
| First Gohyeon 1st Co., Ltd. (*1)          |       | -               | -                    | -               | 1,460,967         | 466,036    | 466,036   |
| Pantheon EJ Co., Ltd. (*1)                |       | -               | -                    | -               | 509,746           | (192)      | (192)   |
| Eugene MP 1st Co., Ltd. (*1)              |       | -               | -                    | -               | 506,531           | (113,384)  | (113,384)                                       |
| Eugene AT 1st Co., Ltd.                   |       | 20,473,925      | 20,400,000           | 73,925          | 763,141           | 73,924     | 73,924  |
| NAD 1st Co., Ltd.                         |       | 27,818,419      | 27,759,726           | 58,693          | 819,281           | 58,693     | 58,693  |
| Champion Byeolnae 1st Co., Ltd.           |       | 15,315,208      | 15,315,787           | (579)           | 902,848           | (589)      | (589)   |
| Happiness Red Co., Ltd.                   |       | 10,284,878      | 10,284,877           | 1               | 366,756           | -          | -   |
| Never Ever 1st Co., Ltd. (*1)             |       | -               | -                    | -               | 2,565,088         | 414,874    | 414,874   |
| CSG 1st Co., Ltd.                         |       | 15,885,664      | 15,851,049           | 34,615          | 255,828           | 34,614     | 34,614  |
| Hadeun 1st Co., Ltd. (*1)                 |       | -               | -                    | -               | 561,669           | (15)       | (15)  |
| Champion Gohyeon Co., Ltd. (*1)           |       | -               | -                    | -               | 485,551           | 262,145    | 262,145   |
| NJ 6th Co., Ltd. (*1)                     |       | -               | -                    | -               | 143,014           | (38,647)   | (38,647)  |
| DJ Mirae 1st Co., Ltd. (*1)               |       | -               | -                    | -               | 1,293,431         | (170)      | (170)   |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Operating revenue, net profit (loss) and total comprehensive income (loss) shown above are amounts for the date prior to the Parent Company's loss of control over the investee due to disposals of investments.

<sup>(\*2)</sup> Operating revenue, net profit (loss) and total comprehensive income (loss) shown above are amounts for the date prior to the Parent Company's loss of control over the investee due to decrease in ownership interest.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

|  |   | 2020            |                      |                 |                   |                      |   |
|--|---|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------|---|
| (In thousands of Korean won)  Subsidiary | _ | Total<br>assets | Total<br>liabilities | Total<br>equity | Operating revenue | Net profit<br>(loss) | Total<br>compre-<br>hensive<br>income<br>(loss) |
| Eugene Asset Management Co., Ltd.        | ₩ | 47,422,745      | 20,560,779           | 26,861,966      | 20,868,283        | (7,206,389)          | (7,222,036)                                     |
| Eugene Investment & Futures Co., Ltd.    |   | 465,602,383     | 421,940,091          | 43,662,292      | 121,382,392       | 2,613,018            | 5,009,879                                       |
| Eugene Champion Dividend                 |   |                 |                      |                 |                   |                      |   |
| Equity Mstr Eq                           |   | 7,029,745       | 77,934               | 6,951,811       | 3,244,272         | 1,889,278            | 1,889,278                                       |
| Eugene Champion Global                   |   |                 |                      |                 |                   |                      |   |
| 5-STAR (*1)                              |   | -               | -                    | -               | 1,162,119         | (21,759)             | (21,759)  |
| Eugene KOSPI Leverage ETF Split Buyer    |   |                 |                      |                 |                   |                      |   |
| Target Convertible Securities (*1)       |   | -               | -                    | -               | 157,564           | 25,140               | 25,140  |
| Eugene Champion New Economy              |   |                 |                      |                 |                   |                      |   |
| Al4.0 Securities (Stock)                 |   | 9,235,197       | 149,759              | 9,085,438       | 4,998,813         | 1,435,947            | 1,435,947                                       |
| Eugene Champion Global Monthly           |   |                 |                      |                 |                   |                      |   |
| Dividend ETF Securities                  |   | 1,550,328       | 58,292               | 1,492,036       | 662,035           | 16,543               | 16,543  |
| Eugene US VC                             |   |                 |                      |                 |                   |                      |   |
| Private Investment Trust 1               |   | 2,469,732       | 5,461                | 2,464,271       | -                 | (197,954)            | (197,954)                                       |
| BH Easy 2nd Co., Ltd. (*1)               |   | -               | -                    | -               | 388,588           | 69,447               | 69,447  |
| Pantheon EJ Co., Ltd.                    |   | 25,366,046      | 25,366,277           | (231)           | 1,702,929         | (8)                  | (8)   |
| Eugene KL 1st Co., Ltd. (*1)             |   | -               | -                    | -               | 2,192,336         | 61,949               | 61,949  |
| Harden 1st Co., Ltd.                     |   | 20,229,506      | 20,229,550           | (44)            | 1,435,674         | (44)                 | (44)  |
| Champion Gohyeon Co., Ltd.               |   | 35,555,454      | 35,308,218           | 247,236         | 2,103,051         | 247,235              | 247,235   |
| NJ 6th Co., Ltd.                         |   | 20,277,866      | 20,277,865           | 1               | 754,722           | -                    | -   |
| DJ Mirae 1st Co., Ltd.                   |   | 21,167,065      | 21,167,108           | (43)            | 4,932             | (43)                 | (43)  |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Operating revenue, net profit (loss) and total comprehensive income (loss) shown above are amounts for the date prior to the Parent Company's loss of control over the investee due to decrease in ownership interest from units added to the fund.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### 6. Financial Risk Management

The Group has exposure to the following risks from financial instruments:

- Credit risk:
- · Liquidity risk; and
- Market risk.

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, the Group's objectives, policies and procedures for assessing and managing risks, and the Group's management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these consolidated financial statements.

### (1) Risk management policy

The Group's Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The Board of Directors has established the Risk Management Committee, which is responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies. The committee reports regularly to the Board of Directors on its activities.

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

### (2) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers and in debt securities.

## 1) Credit risk management

The purpose of credit risk management is to secure revenue and enhance asset soundness by setting limitations to operations bearing credit risks to mitigate the risks of incurring excessive losses and by operating an optimal credit portfolio to minimize the possibility of the incurrence of credit risks.

Credit risk management of the Group is as follows:

- Credit limits are primarily based on credit exposure, counterparty risk amount and concentration of credit risk, and Risk Management Division may operate credit limits with setting up sub-limits
- · Measurement of credit risks for credit limits
  - Credit risk limits: based on Net Capital Ratio (NCR) Limit per Regulations on Financial Investment Business
  - Concentration of credit risk limits: based on counterparties, groups of corporations, credit ratings, and countries
- · Credit risks of each class of assets are measured on a daily basis and reported to the Risk Management Committee

The Group has Risk Management Division under the Risk Management Committee to manage credit risks. The Risk Management Division monitors transaction limits of each division and provides guidance to mitigate credit risks, and is responsible for reporting to the Risk Management Committee about the current status of credit risks including the following items:

- · Establishing credit policy and organizing approval body
- · Maintaining and developing credit rating framework
- · Controlling concentration of risk exposures
- Review of credit risk exposure limits and review and evaluation of credit risks

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

### 2) Maximum exposure to credit risks

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risks of financial instruments as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)   |   | 2021          | 2020          |
|--------------------------------|---|---------------|---------------|
| Financial assets at FVTPL (*1) | ₩ | 4,930,524,410 | 5,427,268,893 |
| Financial assets at AC         |   |               |               |
| Cash and deposits              |   | 1,120,853,676 | 1,092,550,812 |
| Loans and receivables at AC    |   | 1,078,632,648 | 964,380,852   |
| Other assets (*2)              |   | 1,062,957,084 | 1,554,211,764 |
|                                |   | 3,262,443,408 | 3,611,143,428 |
| Derivative assets              |   | 26,833,094    | 17,649,922    |
| Finance lease receivables      |   | 389,975       | 479,834       |
| Off-balance sheet arrangements |   |               |               |
| Payment guarantees             |   | 75,121        | 75,121        |
| Purchase commitments           |   | 562,100,000   | 399,500,000   |
| Investment commitments         |   | 73,017,287    | 63,882,540    |
|                                |   | 635,192,408   | 463,457,661   |
| Total                          | ₩ | 8,855,383,295 | 9,519,999,738 |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Equity securities are excluded from financial assets at FVTPL above and financial assets at FVOCI are wholly composed of equity securities.

## 3) Credit risk exposure

(a) Gross carrying amount of loans and receivables categorized by measurement basis of loss allowance for ECLs of financial assets at AC as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|   |               | 2021   |   |
|---|---------------|--|---|
| _ | 12-month ECLs | Credit impaired  | Total   |
|   |               |  |   |
| ₩ | 1,120,853,676 | <u>-</u>   | 1,120,853,676   |
| _ | 1,120,853,676 | -  | 1,120,853,676   |
|   |               |  |   |
|   | 997,982,458   | -  | 997,982,458   |
|   | -             | 155,707,180  | 155,707,180   |
|   | (9,225)       | (75,047,765)   | (75,056,990)  |
| _ | 997,973,233   | 80,659,415   | 1,078,632,648   |
|   |               |  |   |
|   | 1,062,789,472 | -  | 1,062,789,472   |
|   | -             | 7,530,714  | 7,530,714   |
|   | -             | (7,363,102)  | (7,363,102)   |
| _ | 1,062,789,472 | 167,612  | 1,062,957,084   |
|   |               |  |   |
|   | 389,975       |  | 389,975   |
| _ | 389,975       | -  | 389,975   |
| ₩ | 3,182,006,356 | 80,827,027   | 3,262,833,383   |
|   | -<br>-<br>-   | ₩ 1,120,853,676<br>1,120,853,676<br>997,982,458<br>(9,225)<br>997,973,233<br>1,062,789,472<br>-<br>1,062,789,472<br>389,975<br>389,975 | 12-month ECLs       Credit impaired         ₩       1,120,853,676       -         1,120,853,676       -         997,982,458       -         -       155,707,180         (9,225)       (75,047,765)         997,973,233       80,659,415         1,062,789,472       -         -       7,530,714         -       (7,363,102)         1,062,789,472       167,612         389,975       -         389,975       - |

The Group's classification above is based on the criteria below:

- Grade 1: loans and receivables with low non-performance risk or investments with rating of "A" or above (by external rating agencies)
- Grade 2: assets more than 30 days past due
- Grade 3: assets determined to be credit-impaired due to breaches of contractual obligations such as non-payment or past due

<sup>(\*2)</sup> Other assets include receivables for brokerage, other receivables, accrued income, leasehold deposits paid for rents, other investment assets and accrued interest receivable on bonds.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

|                              |     |               | 2020            |               |
|------------------------------|-----|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| (In thousands of Korean won) |     | 12-month ECLs | Credit impaired | Total         |
| Cash and deposits            |     |               |                 |               |
| Grade 1                      | ₩   | 1,092,550,812 | -               | 1,092,550,812 |
|                              |     | 1,092,550,812 | -               | 1,092,550,812 |
| Loans and receivables at AC  |     |               |                 |               |
| Grade 1                      |     | 886,737,612   | -               | 886,737,612   |
| Grade 3                      |     | -             | 145,393,771     | 145,393,771   |
| Loss allowance               |     | -             | (67,750,531)    | (67,750,531)  |
|                              | _   | 886,737,612   | 77,643,240      | 964,380,852   |
| Other assets                 |     |               |                 |               |
| Grade 1                      |     | 1,554,057,189 | -               | 1,554,057,189 |
| Grade 3                      |     | -             | 7,308,444       | 7,308,444     |
| Loss allowance               |     | -             | (7,153,869)     | (7,153,869)   |
|                              | _   | 1,554,057,189 | 154,575         | 1,554,211,764 |
| Finance lease receivables    |     |               |                 |               |
| Grade 1                      |     | 479,834       | -               | 479,834       |
|                              | _   | 479,834       | -               | 479,834       |
| Total                        | ₩ _ | 3,533,825,447 | 77,797,815      | 3,611,623,262 |

(b) Financial impact of credit risk mitigated by collateral held and other credit enhancements as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|                              |     |                  | 2021             |            |
|------------------------------|-----|------------------|------------------|------------|
|                              |     | Financial assets | Financial assets |            |
|                              |     | for individual   | for collective   |            |
|                              |     | assessment       | assessment       |            |
| (In thousands of Korean won) |     | of impairment    | of impairment    | Total      |
| Loans and receivables at AC  | ₩ - | 81,421,198       | -                | 81,421,198 |

The Group did not recognize loss allowance for financial assets of \(\psi 21,556,372\) thousand considering the impact of collaterals held and other credit enhancements as of December 31, 2021.

|                              | 2020                 |                  |            |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------|--|--|--|
|                              | <br>Financial assets | Financial assets |            |  |  |  |
|                              | for individual       | for collective   |            |  |  |  |
|                              | assessment           | assessment       |            |  |  |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won) | of impairment        | of impairment    | Total      |  |  |  |
| Loans and receivables at AC  | <br>77,891,834       | -                | 77,891,834 |  |  |  |

The Group did not recognize loss allowance for financial assets of \(\psi 21,556,372\) thousand considering the impact of collaterals held and other credit enhancements as of December 31, 2020.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(c) The following tables present roll-forwards of gross carrying amounts of financial assets at AC and finance lease receivables for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

| 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
|---|---|---|---|
|   |   |   |   |

|  | _   | Loans            | s and receivables at | AC            |                  | Other assets    | Finance lease receivables |                  |          |
|--|-----|------------------|----------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|------------------|----------|
| (In thousands of Korean won)                 |     | 12-month<br>ECLs | Credit<br>impaired   | Total         | 12-month<br>ECLs | Credit impaired | Total                     | 12-month<br>ECLs | Total    |
| Gross carrying amounts<br>at January 1       | ₩   | 886,737,612      | 145,393,771          | 1,032,131,383 | 1,554,057,189    | 7,308,444       | 1,561,365,633             | 479,834          | 479,834  |
| Transfer between stages - from 12-month ECLs |     |                  |                      |               |                  |                 |                           |                  |          |
| to credit impaired                           |     | (10,000,000)     | 10,000,000           | -             | (174,034)        | 174,034         | -                         | -                | -        |
| Executions                                   |     | 267,584,704      | 608,883              | 268,193,587   | 142,865,657      | 54,828          | 142,920,485               | -                | -        |
| Repayments                                   |     | (146,339,858)    | (295,474)            | (146,635,332) | (633,959,340)    | (6,592)         | (633,965,932)             | (89,859)         | (89,859) |
| Gross carrying amounts<br>at December 31     | _   | 997,982,458      | 155,707,180          | 1,153,689,638 | 1,062,789,472    | 7,530,714       | 1,070,320,186             | 389,975          | 389,975  |
| Loss allowance                               |     | (9,225)          | (75,047,765)         | (75,056,990)  | -                | (7,363,102)     | (7,363,102)               | -                | -        |
| Net carrying amounts                         | _   |                  |                      |               |                  |                 |                           |                  |          |
| at December 31                               | ₩ _ | 997,973,233      | 80,659,415           | 1,078,632,648 | 1,062,789,472    | 167,612         | 1,062,957,084             | 389,975          | 389,975  |

### 2020

|  |   | Loans        | s and receivables | at AC         | Securitie   | es at AC    |               | Other assets |               | Finance<br>receiva |          |
|--|---|--------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------|----------|
|  |   | 12-month     | Credit            |               | 12-month    |             | 12-month      | Credit       |               | 12-month           |          |
| (In thousands of Korean won)             |   | ECLs         | impaired          | Total         | <b>ECLs</b> | Total       | ECLs          | impaired     | Total         | ECLs               | Total    |
| Gross carrying amounts                   |   |              |                   |               |             |             |               |              |               |                    |          |
| at January 1                             | ₩ | 575,765,954  | 129,052,603       | 704,818,557   | 6,012,623   | 6,012,623   | 643,336,042   | 6,140,502    | 649,476,544   | 565,109            | 565,109  |
| Transfer between stages -                |   |              |                   |               |             |             |               |              |               |                    |          |
| from 12-month ECLs                       |   |              |                   |               |             |             |               |              |               |                    |          |
| to credit impaired                       |   | (55,000)     | 55,000            | -             | -           | -           | (953,413)     | 953,413      | -             | -                  | -        |
| Executions                               |   | 348,757,105  | 25,182,894        | 373,939,999   | -           | -           | 936,244,512   | 221,207      | 936,465,719   | -                  | -        |
| Repayments                               |   | (37,730,447) | (8,896,726)       | (46,627,173)  | (6,012,623) | (6,012,623) | (24,569,952)  | (6,678)      | (24,576,630)  | (85,275)           | (85,275) |
| Gross carrying amounts<br>at December 31 |   | 886,737,612  | 145,393,771       | 1,032,131,383 | -           | -           | 1,554,057,189 | 7,308,444    | 1,561,365,633 | 479,834            | 479,834  |
| Loss allowance                           |   | -            | (67,750,531)      | (67,750,531)  | -           | -           | -             | (7,153,869)  | (7,153,869)   | -                  | -        |
| Net carrying amounts                     | - |              |                   |               |             |             |               |              |               |                    |          |
| at December 31                           | ₩ | 886,737,612  | 77,643,240        | 964,380,852   |             |             | 1,554,057,189 | 154,575      | 1,554,211,764 | 479,834            | 479,834  |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

Investment commitments

Total

Grade 1

(d) Exposures of off-balance sheet arrangements categorized by measurement basis of loss allowance for ECLs and internal credit ratings as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|                              |     |               | 2021          |             |
|------------------------------|-----|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| (In thousands of Korean won) |     | 12-month ECLs | Lifetime ECLs | Total       |
| Payment guarantees           |     |               |               |             |
| Grade 2                      | ₩   | -             | 75,121        | 75,121      |
| Purchase commitments         |     |               |               |             |
| Grade 1                      |     | 562,100,000   | -             | 562,100,000 |
| Investment commitments       |     |               |               |             |
| Grade 1                      |     | 66,157,042    |               | 66,157,042  |
| Total                        | ₩ = | 628,257,042   | 75,121        | 628,332,163 |
|                              |     |               | 2020          |             |
| (In thousands of Korean won) | _   | 12-month ECLs | Lifetime ECLs | Total       |
| Payment guarantees           |     |               |               |             |
| Grade 2                      | ₩   | -             | 75,121        | 75,121      |
| Purchase commitments         |     |               |               |             |
| Grade 1                      |     | 399,500,000   | -             | 399,500,000 |

73,017,287

472,517,287

73,017,287

75,121

(e) The following tables present roll-forwards of loss allowance for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

| 2021             |                               |              |  |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Loa              | ns and receivables            | at AC        | Other assets   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 12-month<br>ECLs | Credit<br>impaired            | Total        | 12-month<br>ECLs   | Credit<br>impaired  | Total   |  |  |  |  |
|                  |                               |              |  |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| -                | (67,750,531)                  | (67,750,531) | -  | (7,153,869)   | (7,153,869)   |  |  |  |  |
|                  |                               |              |  |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| (9,225)          | (12,474,148)                  | (12,483,373) | -  | (209,233)   | (209,233)   |  |  |  |  |
| -                | 5,432,888                     | 5,432,888    | -  | -   | -   |  |  |  |  |
| -                | (255,974)                     | (255,974)    | -  | -   | -   |  |  |  |  |
|                  |                               |              |  |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| (9,225)          | (75,047,765)                  | (75,056,990) | -  | (7,363,102)   | (7,363,102)   |  |  |  |  |
|                  | 12-month<br>ECLs<br>- (9,225) | 12-month     | ECLs impaired Total  (9,225) (12,474,148) (12,483,373)  - 5,432,888  - (255,974) (255,974) | 12-month ECLs         Credit impaired         Total         12-month ECLs           4         -         (67,750,531)         (67,750,531)         -           (9,225)         (12,474,148)         (12,483,373)         -           -         5,432,888         -         -           -         (255,974)         (255,974)         - | 12-month ECLs         Credit impaired         Total         12-month ECLs         Credit impaired           4         -         (67,750,531)         (67,750,531)         -         (7,153,869)           (9,225)         (12,474,148)         (12,483,373)         -         (209,233)           -         5,432,888         5,432,888         -         -           -         (255,974)         (255,974)         -         - |  |  |  |  |

|                                 |   | 2020             |                    |              |                  |                    |             |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|--------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
|                                 |   | Loa              | ns and receivable  | s at AC      | Other assets     |                    |             |  |  |  |  |
| (In thousands of<br>Korean won) |   | 12-month<br>ECLs | Credit<br>impaired | Total        | 12-month<br>ECLs | Credit<br>impaired | Total       |  |  |  |  |
| Loss allowance                  | _ |                  |                    |              |                  |                    |             |  |  |  |  |
| at January 1                    | ₩ | -                | (71,860,998)       | (71,860,998) | -                | (6,140,502)        | (6,140,502) |  |  |  |  |
| Provision for                   |   |                  |                    |              |                  |                    |             |  |  |  |  |
| credit losses                   |   | -                | (833,890)          | (833,890)    | -                | (1,013,367)        | (1,013,367) |  |  |  |  |
| Unwinding of interests          |   | -                | 4,847,256          | 4,847,256    | -                | -                  | -           |  |  |  |  |
| Disposals, etc.                 |   | -                | 97,101             | 97,101       | -                | -                  | -           |  |  |  |  |
| Loss allowance                  |   |                  |                    |              |                  |                    | •           |  |  |  |  |
| at December 31                  | ₩ |                  | (67,750,531)       | (67,750,531) |                  | (7,153,869)        | (7,153,869) |  |  |  |  |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

- 4) Credit risk analysis of debt securities
- (a) Credit analysis of debt securities as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are based on credit ratings quoted by external rating agencies as follows:

| Dom           | estic         |               | Foreign       |               |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| NICE P&I      | FnPricing     | S&P           | Fitch         | Moody's       |
| AAA           | AAA           | AAA           | AAA           | Aaa           |
| AA- to AA+    | AA- to AA+    | AA- to AA+    | AA- to AA+    | Aa3 to Aa1    |
| A- to A+      | A- to A+      | A- to A+      | A- to A+      | A3 to A1      |
| Lower than A- |

Credit analysis is classified using the lowest credit rating among credit rating agencies for debt securities.

(b) The Group's debt securities summarized by credit ratings as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|  | _ | 2021             |            |               |  |  |  |
|--|---|------------------|------------|---------------|--|--|--|
|  | _ | Financial assets | Securities |               |  |  |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won)               |   | at FVTPL (*1)    | at AC      | Total         |  |  |  |
| AAA  | ₩ | 1,934,322,328    | -          | 1,934,322,328 |  |  |  |
| AA- to AA+                                 |   | 1,008,573,572    | -          | 1,008,573,572 |  |  |  |
| A- to A+                                   |   | 139,005,288      | -          | 139,005,288   |  |  |  |
| Lower than A-                              |   | 109,798,844      | -          | 109,798,844   |  |  |  |
| Risk-free (government and municipal bonds) |   | 1,714,658,776    | -          | 1,714,658,776 |  |  |  |
| Total                                      | ₩ | 4,906,358,808    |            | 4,906,358,808 |  |  |  |

(\*1) Equity-Linked-Securities are excluded.

|  |   | 2020             |            |               |  |  |  |
|--|---|------------------|------------|---------------|--|--|--|
|  | _ | Financial assets | Securities |               |  |  |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won)               |   | at FVTPL (*1)    | at AC      | Total         |  |  |  |
| AAA  | ₩ | 1,876,224,624    | -          | 1,876,224,624 |  |  |  |
| AA- to AA+                                 |   | 1,310,336,679    | -          | 1,310,336,679 |  |  |  |
| A- to A+                                   |   | 187,142,582      | -          | 187,142,582   |  |  |  |
| Lower than A-                              |   | 60,285,348       | -          | 60,285,348    |  |  |  |
| Risk-free (government and municipal bonds) |   | 1,963,873,868    |            | 1,963,873,868 |  |  |  |
| Total                                      | ₩ | 5,397,863,101    |            | 5,397,863,101 |  |  |  |

- (\*1) Equity-Linked-Securities are excluded.
- 5) Credit risk concentration analysis
- (a) Loans and receivables at AC

Majority of the Group's counterparties of loans and receivables at AC before considering collaterals and credit enhancements are concentrated on domestic counterparties. Classification of the Group's loans and receivables at AC into retail and corporate loans as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

|                                      |     |               | 2          | 021          |               |
|--------------------------------------|-----|---------------|------------|--------------|---------------|
|                                      |     | Loans and     |            | 1            | Net           |
| (In the sure and a file on a sure or |     | receivables   | D-41- (0/) | Loss         | carrying      |
| (In thousands of Korean won)         |     | at AC         | Ratio (%)  | allowance    | amounts       |
| Retail                               | ₩   | 781,164,754   | 68%        | (6,546,249)  | 774,618,505   |
| Corporate                            |     | 372,524,884   | 32%        | (68,510,741) | 304,014,143   |
| Total                                | ₩ = | 1,153,689,638 | 100%       | (75,056,990) | 1,078,632,648 |
|                                      |     |               | 2          | 020          |               |
|                                      | _   | Loans and     |            |              | Net           |
|                                      |     | receivables   |            | Loss         | carrying      |
| (In thousands of Korean won)         |     | at AC         | Ratio (%)  | allowance    | amounts       |
| Retail                               | ₩ - | 718,513,290   | 70%        | (5,553,639)  | 712,959,651   |
| Corporate                            |     | 313,618,093   | 30%        | (62,196,892) | 251,421,201   |
|                                      |     |               |            |              |               |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

Classification of the Group's loans and receivables at AC by industry as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

|                              | _     | Loans and            |           |                   | Net                 |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|-------|----------------------|-----------|-------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| (In thousands of Korean won) |       | receivables<br>at AC | Ratio (%) | Loss<br>allowance | carrying<br>amounts |  |  |  |
| Financial service            | — ₩ - | 135,632,197          | 12%       | (1,183,914)       | 134,448,283         |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing                |       | 164,160,090          | 14%       | (66,842,513)      | 97,317,577          |  |  |  |
| Service                      |       | 19,380,262           | 2%        | · -               | 19,380,262          |  |  |  |
| Other industrial             |       | 53,352,334           | 5%        | (484,313)         | 52,868,021          |  |  |  |
| Retail                       |       | 781,164,754          | 68%       | (6,546,249)       | 774,618,505         |  |  |  |
| Total                        | ₩ _   | 1,153,689,637        | 100%      | (75,056,989)      | 1,078,632,648       |  |  |  |

| (In the upper de of Koroon wan) |   | Loans and receivables | Datia (9/) | Loss         | Net<br>carrying |
|---------------------------------|---|-----------------------|------------|--------------|-----------------|
| (In thousands of Korean won)    |   | at AC                 | Ratio (%)  | allowance    | amounts         |
| Financial service               | ₩ | 54,960,293            | 5%         | (1,183,914)  | 53,776,379      |
| Manufacturing                   |   | 117,085,268           | 11%        | (60,039,777) | 57,045,491      |
| Service                         |   | 20,723,343            | 2%         | -            | 20,723,343      |
| Other industrial                |   | 120,849,190           | 12%        | (973,200)    | 119,875,990     |
| Retail                          | _ | 718,513,288           | 70%        | (5,553,639)  | 712,959,649     |
| Total                           | ₩ | 1,032,131,382         | 100%       | (67,750,530) | 964,380,852     |

# (b) Cash and deposits, securities (other than equity instruments) and derivatives

Majority of the Group's counterparties of cash and deposits, securities (other than equity instruments) and derivatives before considering collaterals and credit enhancements are concentrated on domestic counterparties. Classification of the Group's Cash and deposits, securities (other than equity instruments) and derivatives by industry as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)                  | _       | Loans and receivables at AC | Datio (9/) | Loss<br>allowance | Net carrying  |  |  |  |
|---|---------|-----------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| ,   | — ,,, - | al AC                       | Ratio (%)  | allowalice        | amounts       |  |  |  |
| Cash and deposits                             | ₩       |                             |            |                   |               |  |  |  |
| Financial service and insurance               |         | 1,120,853,676               | 18%        | -                 | 1,120,853,676 |  |  |  |
| Subtotal                                      |         | 1,120,853,676               | 18%        | -                 | 1,120,853,676 |  |  |  |
| Financial assets at FVTPL                     |         |                             |            |                   |               |  |  |  |
| Government and government-funded institutions |         | 1,751,300,534               | 29%        | -                 | 1,751,300,534 |  |  |  |
| Financial service and insurance               |         | 2,392,194,421               | 39%        | -                 | 2,392,194,421 |  |  |  |
| Other   |         | 787,029,455                 | 13%        | -                 | 787,029,455   |  |  |  |
| Subtotal                                      |         | 4,930,524,410               | 81%        | -                 | 4,930,524,410 |  |  |  |
| Derivative assets                             |         |                             |            |                   |               |  |  |  |
| Financial service and insurance               |         | 23,618,247                  | 0%         | -                 | 23,618,247    |  |  |  |
| Other   |         | 3,214,847                   | 0%         | -                 | 3,214,847     |  |  |  |
| Subtotal                                      |         | 26,833,094                  | 0%         | -                 | 26,833,094    |  |  |  |
| Total   | W       | 6,078,211,180               | 100%       |                   | 6,078,211,180 |  |  |  |

|                  | 2020                  |   |  |   |  |  |
|------------------|-----------------------|---|--|---|--|--|
| _                | Loans and receivables | Patio (%)   | Loss   | Net<br>carrying<br>amounts  |  |  |
| _ <sub>W</sub> - | at Ao                 |   | allowalice   | amounts   |  |  |
|                  | 1,092,550,812         | 17%   | _  | 1,092,550,812   |  |  |
|                  | 1,092,550,812         | 17%   | -  | 1,092,550,812   |  |  |
|                  |                       |   |  |   |  |  |
|                  | 2,025,157,452         | 31%   | -  | 2,025,157,452   |  |  |
|                  | 2,748,291,504         | 42%   | -  | 2,748,291,504   |  |  |
|                  | 653,819,938           | 10%   | -  | 653,819,938   |  |  |
|                  | 5,427,268,894         | 83%   | -  | 5,427,268,894   |  |  |
|                  |                       |   |  |   |  |  |
|                  | 14,189,832            | 0%  | -  | 14,189,832  |  |  |
|                  | 3,460,090             | 0%  | -  | 3,460,090   |  |  |
| _                | 17,649,922            | 0%_   |  | 17,649,922  |  |  |
| W                | 6,537,469,628         | 100%  |  | 6,537,469,628   |  |  |
|                  | -<br>- ₩ -            | receivables<br>at AC<br>W 1,092,550,812<br>1,092,550,812<br>2,025,157,452<br>2,748,291,504<br>653,819,938<br>5,427,268,894<br>14,189,832<br>3,460,090<br>17,649,922 | Loans and receivables at AC Ratio (%)  1,092,550,812 17% 1,092,550,812 17% 2,025,157,452 31% 2,748,291,504 42% 653,819,938 10% 5,427,268,894 83%  14,189,832 0% 3,460,090 0% 17,649,922 0% | receivables at AC Ratio (%) Loss allowance   1,092,550,812 17% - 1,092,550,812 17% - 2,025,157,452 31% - 2,748,291,504 42% - 653,819,938 10% - 653,819,938 10% - 14,189,832 0% - 14,189,832 0% - 3,460,090 0% - 17,649,922 0% - |  |  |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

### (3) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The principal tool for measuring market risk is VaR ("Value at Risk"), which represents the maximum estimated loss that can arise with a specified probability (confidence level) in the portfolio over a specified period of time (holding period) from an adverse market movement.

The Group's Risk Management Committee is responsible for certain key decisions, such as setting limits and establishing policies on market risk limits. Risk Management Division manages overall market risk management of departments incurring risks and takes the middle office functions.

The basis of market risk management is to market risk limit management to control maximum potential loss from market risks within a certain level. The Risk Management Committee and Risk Management Board sets limits for operating, maximum VaR, maximum loss, maximum sensitivity, and maximum loss under stresses by each product and department. Also, the Risk Management Division operates independently from operation functions to analyze the status of operations and reports directly to the management.

The Group measures VaR under the variance-covariance method, and measures market risk based on a 99% confidence level. Transactional data subject to market risk measurements, such as stocks, debentures, derivatives and foreign currencies, are input and automatically interfaced to the market risk management system for risk management and limit management. Risk measurement is performed on a daily basis, considering characteristics of each product. In order to support risk measurement under the statistical methods and to manage the impacts of dynamic market changes and loss volume, the Group also performs stress tests on a daily basis.

### 1) Methods to measure market risk

#### (a) VaR

In order to measure market risk of the Group's positions held, VaR is measured based on numerous assumptions about diverse changes arising from market conditions.

VaR is based on a valuation of potential losses on current positions from market conditions. It represents the maximum potential loss that is possible to be incurred to the Group at a 99% confidence level. Therefore, there is a 1% possibility that actual losses could exceed the VaR measured. The VaR model assumes a 1-day holding period until the positions are hedged or disposed.

In order to validate the effectiveness of the VaR measured, the Group monitors whether actual losses incurred exceed the VaR measured, and the result is reported to the Risk Management Committee.

#### (b) Stress Test

The stress test is a method to measure potential losses that are probable to be incurred in an unusual market condition or a crisis. The Group assumes a variety of crisis scenarios and measures the losses that are possible to be incurred on a daily basis, and reports the results to the management.

#### 2) Market risk measurements

#### (a) Eugene Investment & Securities Co., Ltd. (VaR)

The Parent Company's VaR as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|                                       |   |           | 2021      | 1         |           |
|---------------------------------------|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| (In thousands of Korean won)          | _ | Maximum   | Minimum   | Average   | Ending    |
| Interest rate risk                    | ₩ | 6,698,339 | 754,425   | 2,392,684 | 2,210,838 |
| Stock price risk                      |   | 5,147,086 | 879,896   | 1,731,801 | 2,133,241 |
| Beneficiary of certificate price risk |   | 490,075   | 154,612   | 256,876   | 211,630   |
| Foreign exchange risk                 |   | 2,065,895 | 145,798   | 281,589   | 983,217   |
| Overall risk                          |   | 6,775,855 | 1,086,978 | 2,828,229 | 3,307,100 |

|                                       |   |            | 202       | U         |           |
|---------------------------------------|---|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| (In thousands of Korean won)          |   | Maximum    | Minimum   | Average   | Ending    |
| Interest rate risk                    | ₩ | 4,421,121  | 893,597   | 1,920,479 | 2,264,670 |
| Stock price risk                      |   | 13,602,881 | 1,025,201 | 2,321,337 | 2,119,480 |
| Beneficiary of certificate price risk |   | 480,714    | 98,931    | 220,579   | 186,217   |
| Foreign exchange risk                 |   | 932,203    | 242       | 227,920   | 129,244   |
| Overall risk                          |   | 4,023      | 1,300     | 2,415     | 3,397     |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# (b) Eugene Investment & Futures Co., Ltd.

Eugene Investment & Futures, a subsidiary, measures the risk amount for all of its products having market risks, in accordance with Annex 5 to the Detailed Regulations of the Regulations on Financial Investment Business.

Risk amounts for positions related to stock price, interest rate, foreign exchange rate, option, collective investment price and commodity price as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)     |   | 2021      | 2020      |
|----------------------------------|---|-----------|-----------|
| Stock price risk                 | ₩ | 2,446,894 | 1,971,407 |
| Interest rate risk               |   | 13,285    | -         |
| Foreign exchange rate risk       |   | 96,694    | 60,319    |
| Option risk                      |   | 35,926    | 86,388    |
| Collective investment price risk |   | 76,687    | 85,726    |
| Commodity price risk             |   | -         | 371,914   |
| Total                            | ₩ | 2,669,486 | 2,575,754 |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# 3) Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency

The Group's assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won,                              |                |          | 2024                                    |                 |       |          | 2022              |                      |
|---|----------------|----------|---|-----------------|-------|----------|-------------------|----------------------|
| except foreign exchange rates shown in won and amounts in | -              | Foreign  | 2021                                    | Amou            | ınto  | Foreign  | 2020              | Amounto              |
|   |                | Foreign  | Amounts                                 | Amou            |       | Foreign  | Amounts           | Amounts              |
| foreign currency shown                                    | C              | exchange | in foreign                              | transl          |       | exchange | in foreign        | translated           |
| in currency units)  | Currency       | rate     | currency                                | into v          | won   | rate     | currency          | into won             |
| Assets denominated in foreign                             |                | 4 405 50 | 40 700 704 44                           | 144 00 00       | 4 700 | 4 000 00 | 00 740 540 74     | 144 00 005 070       |
| Deposits in foreign currency                              | HKD            | 1,185.50 | 19,708,781.14                           |                 |       | 1,088.00 | 29,710,543.74     |                      |
| due from others   | USD            | 152.03   | 6,478,183.10                            |                 | 4,878 | 140.35   | 8,607,913.74      | 1,208,121            |
|   | JPY            | 10.30    | 14,806,558.43                           |                 | 2,543 | 10.54    | 22,199,657.43     | 234,042              |
|   | CNH            | 186.26   | 10,155,735.16                           |                 | 1,607 | 166.96   | 16,624,040.83     | 2,775,550            |
|   |                |          |   | 26,39           |       |          |                   | 36,542,785           |
| Other deposits  | USD            | 1,185.50 | 190,306,192.51                          | 225,60          | ,     | 1,088.00 | 214,199,592.20    | 233,049,156          |
| due from others   | JPY            | 10.30    | 230,085,949.00                          | 2,37            | 0,437 | 10.54    | 4,403,572,655.00  | 46,425,105           |
|   | CAD            | 930.61   | 97,925.34                               | 9               | 1,130 | 853.30   | 38,438.08         | 32,799               |
|   | HKD            | 152.03   | 155,059,715.20                          | 23,57           | 3,729 | 140.35   | 291,310,018.14    | 40,885,361           |
|   | EUR            | 1,342.34 | 11,590,411.67                           | 15,55           | 8,273 | 1,338.24 | 11,907,110.84     | 15,934,572           |
|   | CHF            | 1,297.47 | 48,864.48                               | 6               | 3,400 | 1,234.33 | 457,910.71        | 565,213              |
|   | GBP            | 1,600.25 | 646,408.46                              | 1,03            | 4,415 | 1,482.40 | 549,584.18        | 814,704              |
|   | AUD            | 858.89   | 1,511,717.66                            | 1,29            | 8,399 | 836.56   | 671,484.19        | 561,737              |
|   | CNH            | 186.26   | 13,972,936.58                           | 2,60            | 2,599 | 166.96   | 13,934,380.20     | 2,326,484            |
|   | VND            | 0.05     | 31,917,766.00                           |                 | 1,663 | 0.05     | 13,542,976,487.00 | 637,874              |
|   | IDR            | 0.08     | 318,160,987.00                          |                 | 6,439 | _        | · · · · · ·       | · -                  |
|   | MYR            | 283.85   | 194,718.70                              |                 | 5,271 | 269.51   | 165,210.32        | 44,526               |
|   | SGD            | 877.14   | 4,021,314.26                            |                 | 7,256 | 822.22   | 4,015,817.48      | 3,301,885            |
|   | COD            | 077.11   | 1,021,011.20                            | 275,81          |       | OLL.LL   | 1,010,011.10      | 344,579,416          |
| Accounts receivable                                       | USD            | 1,185.50 | 346,467.97                              |                 | 0.738 | 1,088.00 | 347,113.09        | 377,659              |
| Accrued income  | USD            | 1,185.50 | 776,340.58                              |                 | 0,750 | 1,088.00 | 667,421.07        | 726,154              |
| Accided income  |                | 1,105.50 | 110,340.36                              | 92              | 0,332 |          | ,                 |                      |
|   | CNH            | -        | -                                       |                 | -     | 166.96   | 1,771.77          | 296                  |
|   |                |          |   |                 | 0,352 |          |                   | 726,450              |
| Leasehold deposits  | HKD            | 152.03   | 100,000.00                              |                 | 5,203 | 140.35   | 100,000.00        | 14,035               |
| Bonds in foreign currency                                 | USD            | 1,185.50 | 42,253,574.37                           | 50,09           |       | 1,088.00 | 42,930,888.61     | 46,708,807           |
|   | JPY            | 10.30    | 261,729,199.99                          |                 | 6,439 | 10.54    | 198,525,886.31    | 2,092,979            |
|   | VND            | 0.05     | 40,907,176,812.00                       | 2,13            | 1,264 | 0.05     | 44,393,500,980.00 | 2,090,934            |
|   |                |          |   | 54,91           | 9,315 |          |                   | 50,892,720           |
| Margin deposits for                                       | USD            | -        | -                                       |                 | -     | 1,088.00 | 19,037,440.00     | 20,712,735           |
| OTC derivatives trading                                   |                |          |   |                 | -     |          |                   | 20,712,735           |
| Deposits for CFD - CIMB                                   | USD            | 1,185.50 | 128,204,743.48                          | 151,98          | 6,723 | 1,088.00 | 85,307,355.53     | 92,814,403           |
| •   |                |          |   | 151,98          | 6.723 |          |                   | 92,814,403           |
| Margin deposits for                                       | USD            | 1,185.50 | 491,678.64                              |                 | 2,885 | _        | _                 | -                    |
| overseas commodity  |                | ,        | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |                 | 2,885 |          |                   |                      |
| CFD in foreign currency -                                 |                |          |   | 00.             | _,000 |          |                   |                      |
| proprietary trading                                       |                |          |   |                 |       |          |                   |                      |
| Margin deposits for                                       | HKD            | 152.03   | 7,504,130.16                            | 1 14            | 0,853 | 140.35   | 9,685,070.16      | 1,359,300            |
| exchange traded   | USD            | 1,185.50 | 6,732,323.53                            |                 | 1,170 | 1,088.00 | 7,458,647.82      | 8,115,008            |
| derivatives -   | EUR            | 1,342.34 | 37,186.02                               |                 | 9,916 | 1,338.24 | 548,144.00        | 733,548              |
| proprietary trading                                       | JPY            | 10.30    | 45,439,500.00                           |                 | 8,136 | 10.54    | 25,076,000.00     | 264,366              |
| proprietary trading                                       | JF I           | 10.50    | 45,459,500.00                           |                 | 0,075 | 10.54    | 23,070,000.00     |                      |
|   |                |          |   |                 |       |          |                   | 10,472,222           |
|   |                |          |   | ₩ <u>520,68</u> | 0,081 |          |                   | ₩ <u>557,132,425</u> |
| Liabilities denominated in foreig                         | gn currencies: |          |   |                 |       |          |                   |                      |
| Deposits in foreign currency                              | USD            | 1,185.50 | 206,630,964.44                          | W 244,96        | 1,008 | 1,088.00 | 238,107,114.63    | ₩ 259,060,541        |
| ,   | JPY            | 10.30    | 210,240,057.81                          |                 | 5,977 | 10.54    | 4,323,401,752.26  | 45,579,895           |
|   | CAD            | 930.61   | 94,422.21                               |                 | 7,870 | 853.30   | 36,912.60         | 31,498               |
|   | HKD            | 152.03   | 158,299,545.04                          | 24,06           |       | 140.35   | 289,961,496.84    | 40,696,096           |
|   | EUR            | 1,342.34 | 11,578,652.08                           | 15,54           |       | 1,338.24 | 11,898,629.94     | 15,923,223           |
|   | AUD            | 858.89   | 1,498,764.56                            |                 | 7,274 | 836.56   | 661,189.12        | 553,124              |
|   | GBP            | 1,600.25 | 623,194.51                              |                 | 7,267 | 1,482.40 | 526,368.58        | 780,289              |
|   | CHF            | 1,297.47 | 38,406.68                               |                 | 9,832 | 1,234.33 | 448,073.75        | 553,071              |
|   | CNH            | 186.26   | 10,109,248.39                           |                 | 2,949 | 166.96   | 16,512,250.34     | 2,756,885            |
|   |                | 100.20   |   | 1,00            | 2,343 |          | 10,312,230.34     | 2,730,003            |
|   | BRL            | -        | 0.01                                    | -               | 2 200 | 209.47   | 400.050.00        | 40.044               |
|   | MYR            | 283.85   | 187,453.10                              | 5.              | 3,209 | 269.51   | 163,050.00        | 43,944               |
|   | SGD            | 877.14   | 70.00                                   |                 | 61    | 822.22   | 70.00             | 58                   |
|   |                |          |   | 291,09          |       |          |                   | 365,978,624          |
| Accounts payable  | USD            | 1,185.50 | 27,319.16                               |                 | 2,387 | 1,088.00 | 118,792.10        | 129,246              |
|   | EUR            | 1,342.34 | 2,305.25                                |                 | 3,094 | 1,338.24 | 2,409.25          | 3,224                |
|   | HKD            | 152.03   | 25,350.00                               |                 | 3,854 | 140.35   | 25,350.00         | 3,558                |
|   |                |          |   |                 | 9,335 |          |                   | 136,028              |
| Accrued expenses  | USD            | 1,185.50 | 19,892.21                               | 2               | 3,582 | 1,088.00 | 18,018.28         | 19,604               |
|   |                |          |   | ₩ 291,15°       | 7,132 |          |                   | W 366,134,256        |
|   |                |          |   |                 |       |          |                   | <del></del>          |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

### (4) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The liquidity risk will not be able to trade in the previous price or price similar to the previous price due to depression or obstacles, or the risk that the Group will default from increased demand of funds or tight money markets. Liquidity risk arises when redemption of liabilities is requested earlier than expected or when a fund is not able to raise sufficient money as demanded due to the deterioration in the capital markets.

## 1) Liquidity risk management

The objective of liquidity risk management is to set standards and procedures in relation to assets, liabilities and cash flow management of the Group, and to put it into action to secure the Group's stability and liquidity in relation to funding and operating.

The Risk Management Committee manages liquidity risks. The Risk Management Division sets and manages limits in relation to the liquidity risks, monitors, reviews reasonableness of the limits, and reports the current status of the liquidity risk to the Risk Management Committee. Current Ratio and Liquidity Gap are applied as a basis for the liquidity limits.

The following tables set out the remaining contractual maturities of the Group's financial liabilities and off-balance sheet arrangements as of December 31, 2021 and 2020:

2024

|                                |        | 2021          |             |               |             |             |               |  |
|--------------------------------|--------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|--|
|                                |        | Up to         |             |               |             | Over        |               |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won)   |        | 1 month       | 1-3 months  | 3-12 months   | 1-3 years   | 3 years     | Total         |  |
| Financial liabilities (*1):    |        |               |             |               |             |             |               |  |
| Deposits                       | ₩      | 1,271,485,644 | -           | -             | -           | -           | 1,271,485,644 |  |
| Financial liabilities at FVTPL | -      | 89,763,728    | 75,899,675  | 1,754,893,250 | 15,796,070  | 49,882,291  | 1,986,235,014 |  |
| Borrowed funds                 |        | 2,568,079,407 | 800,222,139 | 330,642,445   | 123,113,709 | 44,050,000  | 3,866,107,700 |  |
| Derivative liabilities         |        | 2,146,472     | 92,898      | 17,682,048    | 2,071,613   | 6,020,195   | 28,013,226    |  |
| Lease liabilities              |        | 1,200,820     | 2,355,528   | 9,647,496     | 25,685,873  | 49,453,298  | 88,343,015    |  |
| Other liabilities (*2)         |        | 793,242,109   | 1,711,694   | 3,498,566     | 560,000     | 398,205     | 799,410,574   |  |
|                                | ₩      | 4,725,918,180 | 880,281,934 | 2,116,363,805 | 167,227,265 | 149,803,989 | 8,039,595,173 |  |
| Off-balance sheet arrangemen   | its (* | 3):           |             |               |             |             |               |  |
| Payment guarantees             | W      | 75,121        | -           | -             | -           | -           | 75,121        |  |
| Purchase commitments           |        | 562,100,000   | -           | -             | -           | -           | 562,100,000   |  |
| Investment commitments         |        | 73,017,287    | -           | -             | -           | -           | 73,017,287    |  |
|                                | ₩      | 635,192,408   |             |               |             |             | 635,192,408   |  |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Related estimated interest payments are excluded except for borrowed funds and lease liabilities.

<sup>(\*3)</sup> For off-balance sheet arrangements, the maximum amount of the guarantees or commitments are allocated to the earliest period in which the arrangements could be called.

|                                |       | 2020          |             |               |             |             |               |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|-------|---------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|--|--|--|
|                                |       | Up to         |             |               |             | Over        |               |  |  |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won)   | _     | 1 month       | 1-3 months  | 3-12 months   | 1-3 years   | 3 years     | Total         |  |  |  |
| Financial liabilities (*1):    | _     |               |             |               |             |             |               |  |  |  |
| Deposits                       | ₩     | 1,565,925,448 | -           | -             | -           | -           | 1,565,925,448 |  |  |  |
| Financial liabilities at FVTPL |       | 231,080,273   | 174,740,390 | 1,579,943,960 | 95,327,735  | 91,214,951  | 2,172,307,309 |  |  |  |
| Borrowed funds                 |       | 2,099,206,690 | 744,258,532 | 319,483,210   | 143,177,152 | 669,406,669 | 3,975,532,253 |  |  |  |
| Derivative liabilities         |       | 3,118,430     | 327,049     | 1,043,929     | 3,569,984   | 4,360,032   | 12,419,424    |  |  |  |
| Lease liabilities              |       | 596,746       | 1,195,391   | 4,540,061     | 11,702,220  | 18,388,340  | 36,422,758    |  |  |  |
| Other liabilities (*2)         |       | 1,284,830,816 | 1,146,718   | 2,453,552     | 473,141     | 1,278,545   | 1,290,182,772 |  |  |  |
|                                | ₩     | 5,184,758,403 | 921,668,080 | 1,907,464,712 | 254,250,232 | 784,648,537 | 9,052,789,964 |  |  |  |
| Off-balance sheet arrangemen   | ts (* | 3):           |             |               |             |             |               |  |  |  |
| Payment guarantees             | ₩     | 75,121        | -           | -             | -           | -           | 75,121        |  |  |  |
| Purchase commitments           |       | 399,500,000   | -           | -             | -           | -           | 399,500,000   |  |  |  |
| Investment commitments         |       | 63,882,540    | -           | -             | -           | -           | 63,882,540    |  |  |  |
|                                | ₩     | 463,457,661   |             |               |             |             | 463,457,661   |  |  |  |
|                                |       |               |             |               |             |             |               |  |  |  |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Related estimated interest payments are excluded except for lease liabilities.

<sup>(\*2)</sup> Including dividends payable, accounts payable (excluding employee-related expenses), accrued expenses (excluding employee-related expenses, leasehold deposits received for rents (excluding present value discounts), but excluding provisions for payment guarantee and financial guarantees liability.

<sup>(\*2)</sup> Including dividends payable, accounts payable, accrued expenses, deposit for rent (excluding present value discounts), and withholding taxes.

<sup>(\*3)</sup> For off-balance sheet arrangements, the maximum amount of the guarantees or commitments are allocated to the earliest period in which the arrangements could be called.

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For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

### (5) Transferred financial assets that are not derecognized

The following tables set out the carrying amounts of financial assets transferred that are not derecognized in their entirety and associate liabilities as of December 31, 2021 and 2020:

#### 1) Securities sold under agreements to repurchase

|   |   | Financial assets at FVTPL (*1) |               |  |  |  |
|---|---|--------------------------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| (In thousands of Korean won)              |   | 2021                           | 2020          |  |  |  |
| Carrying amount of assets                 | ₩ | 2,146,550,386                  | 2,427,244,296 |  |  |  |
| Carrying amount of associated liabilities |   | 2,070,862,357                  | 2,319,408,891 |  |  |  |
| Net position                              | ₩ | 75,688,028                     | 107,835,405   |  |  |  |

(\*1) Assets transferred in relation to 'sale-and-repurchase agreements', transactions in which the Group sells a security and simultaneously agrees to repurchase it (or an asset that is substantially the same) at a fixed price on a future date. The Group continues to recognize the securities in their entirety in the statement of financial position because it retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership. The cash consideration received is recognized as a financial asset and a financial liability is recognized for the obligation to pay the repurchase price. Because the Group sells the contractual rights to the cash flows of the securities, it does not have the ability to use the transferred assets during the term of the arrangement.

### 2) Securitization of financial assets

Consolidated structured entities as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 issued asset-securitization notes collateralized by loans, receivables and corporate bonds which the Group holds, and the Group assumes related risks through purchase commitments:

| (In thousands of Korean won)              |   | 2021       | 2020        |
|---|---|------------|-------------|
| Carrying amount of assets                 | ₩ | 87,500,000 | 120,000,000 |
| Carrying amount of associated liabilities |   | 86,784,852 | 120,880,472 |
| Net position                              | ₩ | 715,148    | (880,472)   |

## (6) Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

The Group has financial instruments which are subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreements. The similar agreements, repurchase agreements, and other agreements, etc.

#### 1) Financial assets

Financial assets subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|                              |   | 2021             |   |   |              |   |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|---|------------------|---|---|--------------|---|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
|                              |   | Gross amounts    | Gross amounts<br>of recognized<br>financial liabilities<br>offset | Net amounts<br>of financial assets<br>presented | in the state | Related amounts not offset<br>in the statement of<br>financial position |             |  |  |  |  |  |
|                              |   | of recognized    | in the statement  | in the statement                                |              | Cash  |             |  |  |  |  |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won) |   | financial assets | of financial position   | of financial position                           | Securities   | collateral  | Net amount  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Derivative assets            | ₩ | 27,164,248       | -   | 27,164,248                                      | 1,980,780    | -   | 25,183,468  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Securities purchased under   |   |                  |   |   |              |   |             |  |  |  |  |  |
| agreements to resell         |   | 108,100,000      | -   | 108,100,000                                     | 108,100,000  | -   | -           |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other receivables (*1)       |   | 1,525,295,060    | 682,878,409   | 842,416,651                                     | 471,535,956  |   | 370,880,695 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total                        | ₩ | 1,660,559,308    | 682,878,409   | 977,680,899                                     | 581,616,736  | -   | 396,064,163 |  |  |  |  |  |
|                              |   |                  |   |   |              |   |             |  |  |  |  |  |

(\*1) Other receivables include accounts receivable due from customers and exchanges and accounts receivables on remittances and settlements.

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For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

|                              |   | 2020             |   |   |   |            |               |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|---|------------------|---|---|---|------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
|                              |   | Gross amounts    | Gross amounts<br>of recognized<br>financial liabilities<br>offset | Net amounts<br>of financial assets<br>presented | Related amounts not offset<br>in the statement of<br>financial position |            |               |  |  |  |  |  |
|                              |   | of recognized    | in the statement  | in the statement                                |   | Cash       |               |  |  |  |  |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won) | _ | financial assets | of financial position   | of financial position                           | Securities  | collateral | Net amount    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Derivative assets            | ₩ | 13,443,673       | -   | 13,443,673                                      | 3,002,411   | -          | 10,441,262    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Securities purchased under   |   |                  |   |   |   |            |               |  |  |  |  |  |
| agreements to resell         |   | 25,400,000       | -   | 25,400,000                                      | 25,400,000  | -          | -             |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other receivables (*1)       |   | 2,708,134,467    | 1,269,580,474   | 1,438,553,993                                   |   |            | 1,438,553,993 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total                        | ₩ | 2,746,978,140    | 1,269,580,474   | 1,477,397,666                                   | 28,402,411  |            | 1,448,995,255 |  |  |  |  |  |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Other receivables include accounts receivable due from customers and exchanges and accounts receivables on remittances and settlements.

## 2) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|                          |   |                             |  | 2021   |   |            |             |
|--------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|--|---|------------|-------------|
|                          |   | Gross amounts of recognized | Gross amounts<br>of recognized<br>financial assets<br>offset | Net amounts<br>of financial liabilities<br>presented | Related amounts not offset<br>in the statement of<br>financial position |            |             |
| (In thousands of         |   | financial                   | in the statement   | in the statement                                     | Financial   | Cash       |             |
| Korean won)              |   | liabilities                 | of financial position  | of financial position                                | instruments   | collateral | Net amount  |
| Derivative liabilities   | ₩ | 26,160,574                  | -  | 26,160,574   | 1,980,780   | -          | 24,179,794  |
| Securities sold under    |   |                             |  |  |   |            |             |
| agreements to repurchase |   | 1,226,200,000               | -  | 1,226,200,000  | 1,226,200,000   | -          | -           |
| Other payables (*1)      |   | 1,439,449,560               | 682,878,409  | 756,571,151  | 471,535,956   | -          | 285,035,195 |
| Securities sold          |   | 1,188,214,835               |  | 1,188,214,835  | 1,188,214,835   |            |             |
| Total                    | ₩ | 3,880,024,969               | 682,878,409  | 3,197,146,560  | 2,887,931,571   |            | 309,214,989 |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Other payables include accounts payable due to customers and exchanges and accounts payables on remittances and settlements.

|                          | 2020 |                             |  |                       |  |            |               |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------|------|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------|--|------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
|                          |      | Gross amounts of recognized | nts financial assets of financial liabilities in the sta |                       | Related amount<br>in the state<br>financial pe | ment of    |               |  |  |  |  |
| (In thousands of         |      | financial                   | in the statement   | in the statement      | Financial                                      | Cash       |               |  |  |  |  |
| Korean won)              |      | liabilities                 | of financial position                                    | of financial position | instruments                                    | collateral | Net amount    |  |  |  |  |
| Derivative liabilities   | ₩    | 11,651,824                  |  | 11,651,824            | 3,002,411                                      |            | 8,649,413     |  |  |  |  |
| Securities sold under    |      |                             |  |                       |  |            |               |  |  |  |  |
| agreements to repurchase |      | 2,319,408,891               | -  | 2,319,408,891         | 2,319,408,891                                  | -          | -             |  |  |  |  |
| Other payables (*1)      |      | 2,517,848,825               | 1,269,580,475  | 1,248,268,350         | -  | -          | 1,248,268,350 |  |  |  |  |
| Securities sold          |      | 1,544,320,757               | -  | 1,544,320,757         | 1,544,320,757                                  |            | -             |  |  |  |  |
| Total                    | ₩    | 6,393,230,297               | 1,269,580,475  | 5,123,649,822         | 3,866,732,059                                  |            | 1,256,917,763 |  |  |  |  |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Other payables include accounts payable due to customers and exchanges and accounts payables on remittances and settlements.

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#### (7) Capital management

The Group actively maintains a strong capital base so as not to incur losses to the assets of investors, clients and interested parties, and to mitigate inherent risks in the operation of the Group's business. Capital adequacy of securities companies is measured in conformity with Net Capital Ratio ("NCR", hereafter) per Regulations on Financial Investment Business enacted by the Financial Supervisory Services ("FSS", hereafter), and the Group measures NCR and reports to the FSS on a monthly basis

# 1) Capital management

The Group's primary purpose of capital management is to maximize value to its shareholders, and to maintain competitive credit ratings for its on-going operation as a going concern. Also, in order to fulfill required capital maintenance imposed externally, the Group is actively carrying out its capital management.

The Group manages and adjusts its capital structure to meet the changes in market and in characteristics of risks in relation to the operating activities. The Group may adjust amount of dividends paid to the shareholders, increase or decrease capital to maintain and adjust its capital structure.

#### Regulatory capital

In order to maintain capital adequacy of financial investment businesses, the FSS regulates to maintain NCR of 100% or above, and securities companies which do not maintain a certain level of NCR are subject to improvement in their business management. FSS's actions on business management by NCR levels are as follows:

- NCR of 50% or above ~ below 100%: Recommendations to improve business management
- NCR of 0% or above ~ below 50%: Demands to improve business management
- NCR below 0%: Orders to improve business management

The Group's NCR as of December 31, 2021 is in compliance with the FSS regulations.

#### 7. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

### (1) Fair value measurement

Fair values of financial instruments traded in active markets are measured based on market prices as of the reporting date. Fair values of the Group's financial assets are based on dealer price quotations.

Fair values of financial instruments that are not traded in active markets, such as over-the-counter ("OTC") derivative instruments, are measured using valuation techniques or by independent valuation service providers. The Group applies various valuation models and establishes reasonable assumptions based on current market conditions as of the reporting date.

Valuation techniques include using recent arm's length market transactions between knowledgeable, willing parties, reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis and option pricing models.

# (2) Fair values of financial instruments measured at amortized cost and finance lease receivables

Valuation techniques to measure fair values of financial instruments measured at amortized costs and finance lease receivables are as follows:

### Cash and deposits

Fair value of cash is equal to its carrying amount. The carrying amounts of deposits that bear contractual interest rates that are not materially different from market yields are reasonable approximation of fair values.

#### Loans and receivables at AC

Fair values of loans and receivables are measured by discounting estimated future cash flows at appropriate discount rates that reflect market yields and credit risks of debtors. However, the carrying amounts of short-term loans and receivables that mature within 90 days and credit-impaired loans and receivables are reasonable approximation of fair values.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### Securities measured at AC

The carrying amounts are deemed reasonable approximation of fair values.

#### Finance lease receivables

Fair values of finance lease receivables are measured by discounting contractual cash flows at appropriate discount rates that reflect credit risks, etc.

#### Deposits and borrowed funds

The carrying amounts of deposits including customers deposits and short-term borrowings, such as call money and securities sold under agreements to repurchase, are reasonable approximation of fair values. Fair values of other borrowings are based on prices in active markets, and if such prices are not available, the carrying amounts are used as reasonable approximation of fair values.

#### Other assets and liabilities

Fair value of other financial assets and liabilities are measured by discounting contractual cash flows at appropriate discount rates that reflect credit risks, etc. Form, however, short-term financial assets and liabilities, the carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair values.

The carrying amounts and fair values of financial instruments measured at amortized cost and finance lease receivables as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|                                  |   | 2021                   |                |                 |               |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------------|---|------------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
|                                  | • |                        | Present value  |                 |               |  |  |  |  |
|                                  |   | Gross discounts and Ne |                | Net             |               |  |  |  |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won)     |   | carrying amount        | loss allowance | carrying amount | Fair value    |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and deposits                | ₩ | 1,120,856,321          | -              | 1,120,856,321   | 1,120,856,321 |  |  |  |  |
| Loans and receivables at AC (*1) |   | 1,154,044,588          | (75,411,940)   | 1,078,632,648   | 1,078,556,595 |  |  |  |  |
| Other assets (*1,3)              |   | 1,070,880,105          | (7,923,021)    | 1,062,957,084   | 1,062,846,415 |  |  |  |  |
| Finance lease receivables (*1)   |   | 405,434                | (15,459)       | 389,975         | 389,975       |  |  |  |  |
| Assets total                     | ₩ | 3,346,186,448          | (83,350,420)   | 3,262,836,028   | 3,262,649,306 |  |  |  |  |
| Deposits (*1,4)                  | ₩ | 1,271,485,644          | -              | 1,271,485,644   | 1,271,485,644 |  |  |  |  |
| Borrowed funds (*2)              |   | 3,855,731,809          | -              | 3,855,731,809   | 3,855,926,809 |  |  |  |  |
| Other liabilities (*1,5)         |   | 837,178,496            | (66,803)       | 837,111,693     | 837,100,536   |  |  |  |  |
| Liabilities total                | W | 5,964,395,949          | (66,803)       | 5,964,329,146   | 5,964,512,989 |  |  |  |  |

- (\*1) The fair values are classified as Level 3 fair value measurement in the fair value hierarchy.
- (\*2) The fair values are classified as Level 3 fair value measurement in the fair value hierarchy, except for the 14<sup>th</sup> Unsecured Subordinated Note with the carrying amount of \times 10,000,000 thousand of which the fair value is classified as Level 3.
- (\*3) Other assets include receivables for brokerage, other receivables, accrued income, leasehold deposits paid for rents, other investment assets and accrued interest receivable on bonds.
- (\*4) Deposits do not include liabilities for employee-related expenses.
- (\*5) Other liabilities include dividends payable, accounts payable, accrued expenses, leasehold deposits received for rents, provisions for payment guarantees and financial guarantees but exclude liabilities for employee-related expenses.

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|                                  |   |                 | 202            | 0               |               |  |
|----------------------------------|---|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|--|
|                                  | • |                 | Present value  |                 |               |  |
|                                  |   | Gross           | discounts and  | Net             |               |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won)     |   | carrying amount | loss allowance | carrying amount | Fair value    |  |
| Cash and deposits                | ₩ | 1,092,551,111   | -              | 1,092,551,111   | 1,092,551,111 |  |
| Loans and receivables at AC (*1) |   | 1,032,360,950   | (67,980,098)   | 964,380,852     | 964,371,093   |  |
| Other assets (*1)                |   | 1,562,020,165   | (7,808,401)    | 1,554,211,764   | 1,565,245,770 |  |
| Finance lease receivables (*1)   |   | 503,915         | (24,081)       | 479,834         | 485,044       |  |
| Assets total                     | ₩ | 3,687,436,141   | (75,812,580)   | 3,611,623,561   | 3,622,653,018 |  |
| Deposits (*1)                    | ₩ | 1,565,925,448   | -              | 1,565,925,448   | 1,565,925,448 |  |
| Borrowed funds (*2)              |   | 3,975,532,253   | -              | 3,975,532,253   | 3,975,962,903 |  |
| Other liabilities (*1)           |   | 1,326,242,201   | (77,377)       | 1,326,164,824   | 1,326,163,996 |  |
| Liabilities total                | ₩ | 6,867,699,902   | (77,377)       | 6,867,622,525   | 6,868,052,347 |  |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> The fair values are classified as Level 3 fair value measurement in the fair value hierarchy.

### (3) Financial instruments measured at fair value

## 1) Fair value hierarchy

The Group measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy, which reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Inputs that are quoted market prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical instruments.
- Level 2: Inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.
- Level 3: Inputs that are unobservable.

The following tables analyze financial instruments measured at fair value as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorized:

|                                |     |               | 2021          |             |               |
|--------------------------------|-----|---------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| (In thousands of Korean won)   |     | Level 1       | Level 2       | Level 3     | Total         |
| Financial assets:              |     |               |               |             |               |
| Financial assets at FVTPL      | ₩   | 2,625,975,320 | 2,459,246,107 | 381,593,621 | 5,466,815,048 |
| Financial assets at FVOCI      |     | 26,395,892    | -             | 178,939,066 | 205,334,958   |
| Derivative assets              |     | 766,649       | 19,560,346    | 6,506,099   | 26,833,094    |
| Total                          | W   | 2,653,137,861 | 2,478,806,453 | 567,038,786 | 5,698,983,100 |
| Financial liabilities:         | _   |               |               |             |               |
| Financial liabilities at FVTPL | W   | 1,188,214,835 | 75,041,541    | 716,641,088 | 1,979,897,464 |
| Derivative liabilities         |     | 1,016,624     | 26,158,958    | 5,064,830   | 32,240,412    |
| Total                          | ₩ _ | 1,189,231,459 | 101,200,499   | 721,705,918 | 2,012,137,876 |
|                                | _   |               |               |             |               |

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Derivative-linked securities purchased of 424,076,440 thousand included in financial assets at FVTPL are classified to Level 3.

|                                |   |               | 2020          |             |               |
|--------------------------------|---|---------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| (In thousands of Korean won)   | _ | Level 1       | Level 2       | Level 3     | Total         |
| Financial assets:              |   |               |               |             |               |
| Financial assets at FVTPL      | ₩ | 3,156,817,253 | 2,609,220,180 | 253,607,933 | 6,019,645,366 |
| Financial assets at FVOCI      |   | 15,365,749    | -             | 163,170,660 | 178,536,409   |
| Derivative assets              |   | 1,560,372     | 6,070,934     | 10,018,616  | 17,649,922    |
| Total                          | W | 3,173,743,374 | 2,615,291,114 | 426,797,209 | 6,215,831,697 |
| Financial liabilities:         | _ |               |               |             |               |
| Financial liabilities at FVTPL | ₩ | 1,544,320,758 | 75,412,207    | 548,451,257 | 2,168,184,222 |
| Derivative liabilities         |   | 732,356       | 11,606,975    | 9,112,706   | 21,452,037    |
| Total                          | ₩ | 1,545,053,114 | 87,019,182    | 557,563,963 | 2,189,636,259 |
|                                | _ |               |               |             |               |

<sup>(\*2)</sup> The fair values are classified as Level 3 fair value measurement in the fair value hierarchy, except for the 14<sup>th</sup> Unsecured Subordinated Note with the carrying amount of ₩10,000,000 thousand of which the fair value is classified as Level 3.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Derivative-linked securities purchased of \u29,405,793 thousand included in financial assets at FVTPL are classified to I evel 3.

### 2) Level 3 fair value measurements

The following tables show reconciliations from the beginning balances to the ending balances for fair value measurements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

|                                  |        |                                 | 2021                            |                      |              |                                      |                           |               |  |  |
|----------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|--|--|
|                                  |        |                                 | Financia                        | l assets             | Fi           | nancial liabilitie                   | es                        |               |  |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won)     |        | Financial<br>assets<br>at FVTPL | Financial<br>assets<br>at FVOCI | Derivative<br>assets | Total        | Financial<br>liabilities<br>at FVTPL | Derivative<br>liabilities | Total         |  |  |
| Balance at January 1             | _<br>₩ | 253,607,933                     | 163,170,660                     | 10,018,616           | 426,797,209  | (548,451,257)                        | (9,112,706)               | (557,563,963) |  |  |
| Transfers into                   |        |                                 |                                 |                      |              |                                      |                           |               |  |  |
| (out of) Level 3 (*1)            |        | (2,469,163)                     | -                               | -                    | (2,469,163)  | -                                    | -                         | -             |  |  |
| Gains (losses) in profit or loss |        | 3,491,776                       | -                               | (2,131,111)          | 1,360,665    | (88,421)                             | 5,937,422                 | 5,849,001     |  |  |
| Gains (losses) in OCI            |        | -                               | 15,768,406                      | -                    | 15,768,406   | 478,783                              | -                         | 478,783       |  |  |
| Purchases (issues)               |        | 190,754,813                     | -                               | 1,435,151            | 192,189,964  | (958,630,109)                        | -                         | (958,630,109) |  |  |
| Settlements                      |        | (63,791,738)                    |                                 | (2,816,557)          | (66,608,295) | 790,049,916                          | (1,889,546)               | 788,160,370   |  |  |
| Balance at December 31           | ₩      | 381,593,621                     | 178,939,066                     | 6,506,099            | 567,038,786  | (716,641,088)                        | (5,064,830)               | (721,705,918) |  |  |

(\*1) Convertible bonds were converted into listed stocks or unlisted stocks were listed through initial public offerings and transferred to Level 1 during the year ended December 31, 2021. There were no transfers between Level 3 and Level 2.

|                                  |        | 2020                            |                                 |                      |              |                                      |                           |               |  |  |
|----------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|--|--|
|                                  |        |                                 | Financia                        | l assets             | Fi           | nancial liabilitie                   | es                        |               |  |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won)     |        | Financial<br>assets<br>at FVTPL | Financial<br>assets<br>at FVOCI | Derivative<br>assets | Total        | Financial<br>liabilities<br>at FVTPL | Derivative<br>liabilities | Total         |  |  |
| Balance at January 1             | _<br>W | 106,876,735                     | 136,657,111                     | 15,879,042           | 259,412,888  | (554,782,043)                        |                           | (554,782,043) |  |  |
| Transfers into                   |        | , ,                             |                                 |                      |              | , , ,                                |                           | , , ,         |  |  |
| (out of) Level 3                 |        | 41,132,741                      | -                               | (8,599,521)          | 32,533,220   | -                                    | (8,446,767)               | (8,446,767)   |  |  |
| Gains (losses) in profit or loss |        | 7,486,082                       | -                               | 5,750,765            | 13,236,847   | (5,645,580)                          | 188,309                   | (5,457,271)   |  |  |
| Gains (losses) in OCI            |        | -                               | 23,747,480                      | -                    | 23,747,480   | 733,301                              | -                         | 733,301       |  |  |
| Purchases (issues)               |        | 124,602,619                     | 2,766,069                       | -                    | 127,368,688  | (843,379,011)                        | -                         | (843,379,011) |  |  |
| Settlements                      |        | (26,490,244)                    | -                               | (3,011,670)          | (29,501,914) | 854,622,076                          | (854,248)                 | 853,767,828   |  |  |
| Balance at December 31           | ₩      | 253,607,933                     | 163,170,660                     | 10,018,616           | 426,797,209  | (548,451,257)                        | (9,112,706)               | (557,563,963) |  |  |

Gains or losses for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 in the above tables are presented in the statement of comprehensive income as follows:

|   |                | 2021                            |                                 |                        |                                      |  |
|---|----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| (In thousands of Korean won)  |                | Financial<br>assets<br>at FVTPL | Financial<br>assets<br>at FVOCI | Derivative instruments | Financial<br>liabilities<br>at FVTPL |  |
| Profit or loss:   | ₩              | _                               |                                 |                        |                                      |  |
| Gain (loss) on valuation of financial instruments   |                | 4,993,682                       | -                               | 772,511                | 2,689,857                            |  |
| Other comprehensive income:   |                |                                 |                                 |                        |                                      |  |
| Gain on valuation of financial assets at FVOCI  |                | -                               | 15,068,725                      | -                      | -                                    |  |
| Change in fair value attributable to change in the credit risk  |                |                                 |                                 |                        |                                      |  |
| of financial liabilities designated as being held at FVTPL  |                | <del>-</del> _                  | <u> </u>                        | <del>-</del>           | 478,783                              |  |
| Total comprehensive income  | ₩              | 4,993,682                       | 15,068,725                      | 772,511                | 3,168,640                            |  |
|   |                |                                 |                                 |                        |                                      |  |
|   |                |                                 | 20                              | 20                     |                                      |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won)  | -              | Financial<br>assets<br>at FVTPL | Financial assets                | Derivative             | Financial<br>liabilities<br>at FVTPL |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won) Profit or loss:  | <sub>W</sub> - |                                 | Financial                       |                        |                                      |  |
| Profit or loss:   |                | assets                          | Financial assets                | Derivative             | liabilities<br>at FVTPL              |  |
| - '   | w              | assets<br>at FVTPL              | Financial assets                | Derivative instruments | liabilities                          |  |
| Profit or loss: Gain (loss) on valuation of financial instruments   | w              | assets<br>at FVTPL              | Financial assets                | Derivative instruments | liabilities<br>at FVTPL              |  |
| Profit or loss: Gain (loss) on valuation of financial instruments Other comprehensive income:   | w              | assets<br>at FVTPL              | Financial<br>assets<br>at FVOCI | Derivative instruments | liabilities<br>at FVTPL              |  |
| Profit or loss: Gain (loss) on valuation of financial instruments Other comprehensive income: Gain on valuation of financial assets at FVOCI  | ₩ .            | assets<br>at FVTPL              | Financial<br>assets<br>at FVOCI | Derivative instruments | liabilities<br>at FVTPL              |  |
| Profit or loss: Gain (loss) on valuation of financial instruments Other comprehensive income: Gain on valuation of financial assets at FVOCI Change in fair value attributable to change in the credit risk | w -            | assets<br>at FVTPL              | Financial<br>assets<br>at FVOCI | Derivative instruments | liabilities<br>at FVTPL<br>(230,289) |  |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# (4) The valuation technique and inputs

The valuation techniques and inputs used in measuring Level 2 fair values as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|                                |     |                          | 2021   |   |
|--------------------------------|-----|--------------------------|--|---|
| (In thousands of Korean won)   | _   | Fair<br>value            | Valuation<br>techniques  | Inputs  |
| Financial assets at FVTPL      | ₩   | 2,459,246,107            | Discounted cash flow, net asset value                            | Interest rate, discount rate, FX rate, credit spread    |
| Derivative assets              |     | 19,560,346               | Discounted cash flow, option pricing model                       | Interest rate, discount rate,<br>FX rate                |
| Financial assets total         | ₩   | 2,478,806,453            |  |   |
| Financial liabilities at FVTPL | ₩ = | 75,041,541               | Discounted cash flow   | Interest rate, discount rate,<br>FX rate, credit spread |
| Derivative liabilities         |     | 26,158,958               | Discounted cash flow, option pricing model                       | Interest rate, discount rate, FX rate                   |
| Financial liabilities total    | ₩ = | 101,200,499              |  |   |
|                                |     |                          | 2020   |   |
|                                |     | Fair                     | Valuation  |   |
| (In thousands of Korean won)   |     | value                    | techniques   | Inputs  |
| Financial assets at FVTPL      | ₩   | 2,609,220,180            | Discounted cash flow, net asset value                            | Interest rate, discount rate, FX rate, credit spread    |
| Derivative assets              |     | 6,070,934                | Discounted cash flow, option pricing model                       | Interest rate, discount rate, FX rate                   |
| Financial assets total         | ₩   | 2,615,291,114            | · · · · ·  |   |
| Financial liabilities at FVTPL |     |                          |  |   |
| Financial liabilities at FVTPL | ₩   | 75,412,207               | Discounted cash flow   | Interest rate, discount rate,<br>FX rate, credit spread |
| Derivative liabilities         | ₩   | 75,412,207<br>11,606,975 | Discounted cash flow  Discounted cash flow, option pricing model | ,   |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

- (5) Sensitivity analysis of changes in unobservable inputs
- 1) Unobservable inputs used in measuring fair value

The following tables set out information about valuation technique and significant unobservable inputs used at December 31, 2021 and 2020 in measuring the fair values of financial instruments categorized as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy:

|                                |                       |                    |   | 2021            |                                 |                        |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|---|-----------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| (In thousands of Korean won)   |                       |                    |   |                 |                                 | Range of estimates for |
| Type of instrument             | Valuation technique   | Category           |   | Carrying amount | Significant unobservable inputs | unobservable inputs    |
| Financial assets at FVTPL      | Discounted cash flow, | Equity securities, | ₩ | 381,593,621     | Discount rate                   | 6.48% ~ 20.05%         |
|                                | net asset value,      | Debt securities    |   |                 | Growth rate                     | 0.00% ~ 0.00%          |
|                                | binomial model,       |                    |   |                 | Change of liquidation value     | 0.00% ~ 0.00%          |
|                                | option pricing model  |                    |   |                 | Volatility of underlying asset  | (2.97)% ~ 53.50%       |
|                                |                       |                    |   |                 | Correlation                     | 0.14 ~ 0.60            |
| Financial assets at FVOCI      | Discounted cash flow  | Equity securities  |   | 178,939,066     | Discount rate                   | 10.90% ~ 13.86%        |
|                                |                       |                    |   |                 | Growth rate                     | 0.00% ~ 1.00%          |
| Derivative assets              | Option pricing model  | Credit derivatives |   | 6,506,099       | Discount rate                   | 0.04% - 4.93%          |
| Financial assets total         |                       |                    | ₩ | 567,038,786     |                                 |                        |
| Financial liabilities at FVTPL | Option pricing model  | Equity derivatives | ₩ | 716,641,088     | Volatility of underlying asset  | (2.97)% ~ 33.98%       |
|                                |                       |                    |   |                 | Correlation                     | 0.14 ~ 0.60            |
| Derivative liabilities         | Option pricing model  | Credit derivatives |   | 5,064,830       | Discount rate                   | 0.04% - 4.93%          |
| Financial liabilities total    |                       |                    | ₩ | 721,705,918     |                                 |                        |
|                                |                       |                    |   | 2020            |                                 |                        |
| (In thousands of Korean won)   |                       |                    |   |                 |                                 | Range of estimates for |
| Type of instrument             | Valuation technique   | Category           |   | Carrying amount | Significant unobservable inputs | unobservable inputs    |
| Financial assets at FVTPL      | Discounted cash flow, | Equity securities, | ₩ | 253,607,933     | Discount rate                   | 5.93% ~ 23.31%         |
|                                | net asset value,      | Debt securities    |   |                 | Growth rate                     | 0.00% ~ 0.00%          |
|                                | binomial model,       |                    |   |                 | Volatility of underlying asset  | (2.92)% ~ 50.50%       |
|                                | option pricing model  |                    |   |                 | Correlation                     | 29.3% ~ 77.17%         |
| Financial assets at FVOCI      | Discounted cash flow  | Equity securities  |   | 163,170,660     | Discount rate                   | 10.58% ~ 12.90%        |
|                                |                       |                    |   |                 | Growth rate                     | 0.00% ~ 1.00%          |
| Derivative assets              | Option pricing model  | Credit derivatives |   | 10,018,616      | Discount rate                   | 0.03% - 4.96%          |
| Financial assets total         |                       |                    | ₩ | 426,797,209     |                                 |                        |
| Financial liabilities at FVTPL | Option pricing model  | Equity derivatives | ₩ | 548,451,257     | Volatility of underlying asset  | (2.92)% ~ 38.16%       |
|                                | , , ,                 |                    |   |                 | Correlation                     | 0.29 ~ 0.77            |
| Derivative liabilities         | Option pricing model  | Credit derivatives |   | 9,112,706       | Discount rate                   | 0.03% - 4.96%          |
| Financial liabilities total    | _                     |                    | ₩ | 557,563,963     |                                 |                        |
|                                |                       |                    |   |                 |                                 |                        |

Option pricing models used in measuring fair values of financial assets designated as being held at FVTPL and financial liabilities designated as being held at FVTPL include Black-Scholes model and Hull-White model. Based on types of instruments, Monte Carlo simulation and other valuation models are applied to certain instruments.

Discounted cash flow techniques used in measuring fair values of financial assets at FVOCI include DCF model, FCFE (Free Cash Flow to Equity) model and RIM (Residual Income Model). Option pricing model used in measuring fair values of equity-related OTC derivative assets is a binominal model reflecting the probability of early-exercise in American option.

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### 2) Sensitivity analysis of changes in unobservable inputs

Sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|     | 2021        |  |   |   |  |  |  |
|-----|-------------|--|---|---|--|--|--|
|     | Effect on p | profit or loss                         | Effect on OCI   |   |  |  |  |
|     | Favorable   | Unfavorable                            | Favorable   | Unfavorable   |  |  |  |
|     |             |  |   |   |  |  |  |
| ₩   | 788,258     | (711,464)                              | -   | -   |  |  |  |
|     | -           | -                                      | 10,345,916  | (8,379,708)   |  |  |  |
|     | 120,700     | (198,586)                              |   |   |  |  |  |
| ₩ . | 908,958     | (910,050)                              | 10,345,916  | (8,379,708)   |  |  |  |
|     |             |  |   |   |  |  |  |
| ₩   | 74,224      | (74,224)                               | -   | -   |  |  |  |
|     | 187,612     | (121,375)                              |   |   |  |  |  |
| ₩   | 261,836     | (195,599)                              |   |   |  |  |  |
|     | ₩           | Favorable    788,258  120,700  908,958 | ## 74,224 (74,224) ## 187,612 Unfavorable    W   This image | Effect on profit or loss         Effect           Favorable         Unfavorable         Favorable           ₩         788,258         (711,464)         -           -         -         10,345,916           120,700         (198,586)         -           ₩         908,958         (910,050)         10,345,916           ₩         74,224         (74,224)         -           187,612         (121,375)         - |  |  |  |

- (\*1) The favorable and unfavorable effects for the valuation of derivative-linked securities are calculated by increasing or decreasing the volatility of underlying assets, a significant unobservable input, by 1% and the effects for the valuation of financial assets at FVTPL other than derivative-linked securities are calculated by increasing or decreasing the volatility of underlying assets by 10% or by increasing or decreasing growth rate and discount rate by 1% or by increasing or decreasing the rate of change in liquidation value by 1%, respectively.
- (\*2) The favorable and unfavorable effects are calculated by increasing or decreasing growth rate and discount rate, significant unobservable inputs, by 1%, respectively.
- (\*3) The favorable and unfavorable effects are calculated by increasing or decreasing discount rate, a significant unobservable input, by 0.01%.

|  | 2020      |                |               |             |  |  |  |
|--|-----------|----------------|---------------|-------------|--|--|--|
|  | Effect on | profit or loss | Effect on OCI |             |  |  |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won)                 | Favorable | Unfavorable    | Favorable     | Unfavorable |  |  |  |
| Financial assets:                            |           |                |               |             |  |  |  |
| Financial assets at FVTPL (*1)               | 805,576   | (751,276)      | -             | -           |  |  |  |
| Financial assets at FVOCI (*2)               | -         | -              | 9,134,533     | (7,230,169) |  |  |  |
| OTC derivative assets (*3)                   | 45,930    | (275,816)      |               |             |  |  |  |
| Total <del>W</del>                           | 851,506   | (1,027,092)    | 9,134,533     | (7,230,169) |  |  |  |
| Financial liabilities:                       |           |                |               |             |  |  |  |
| Financial liabilities at FVTPL (*1) \tag{*1} | 96,738    | (97,446)       | -             | -           |  |  |  |
| OTC derivative liabilities (*3)              | 259,805   | (46,576)       |               |             |  |  |  |
| Total \w                                     | 356,543   | (144,022)      |               |             |  |  |  |

- (\*1) The favorable and unfavorable effects for the valuation of derivative-linked securities are calculated by increasing or decreasing the volatility of underlying assets, a significant unobservable input, by 1% and the effects for the valuation of financial assets at FVTPL other than derivative-linked securities are calculated by increasing or decreasing the volatility of underlying assets by 10% or by increasing or decreasing growth rate and discount rate by 1%, respectively.
- (\*2) The favorable and unfavorable effects are calculated by increasing or decreasing growth rate and discount rate, significant unobservable inputs, by 1%, respectively.
- (\*3) The favorable and unfavorable effects are calculated by increasing or decreasing discount rate, a significant unobservable input, by 0.01%.

Changes in fair values of financial assets at FVTPL are calculated by increasing or decreasing discount rate and the volatility of underlying asset, significant unobservable inputs and financial assets and liabilities designated as being held at FVTPL, equity-related OTC derivatives are calculated by increasing or decreasing the volatility of underlying asset, a significant unobservable input. Changes in fair values of financial assets at FVOCI are calculated by increasing or decreasing growth rate and discount rate, significant unobservable inputs.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# 8. Operating Segments

The Group has six reportable segments, as described below, which are the Group's strategic business units.

| Segment             | Operations   |
|---------------------|--|
| Brokerage           | Brokerage and agency of securities trading and related operations  |
| Proprietary trading | Trading of stocks, bonds, and equity indices   |
| Derivatives         | Exchange-traded derivatives including futures and options and OTC derivatives trading  |
| Futures brokerage   | Exchange-traded and OTC derivatives trading, trust of derivatives trading, brokerage of derivatives trading trust, settlement and clearance, and delivery of spot transactions accompanying to the derivatives trading |
| Asset management    | Asset management of indirect investment vehicles and investment advisory   |
| Others              | Sales and underwriting of securities, M&A brokerage, corporate finance and advisory, asset securitization, project financing, operation of own funds, real estate management   |

# (1) Information about reportable segments – financial position

Financial positions of each reportable segment as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|                              | 2021 |               |               |             |             |             |               |               |               |  |
|------------------------------|------|---------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|
|                              |      |               | Proprietary   |             | Futures     | Asset       |               |               |               |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won) |      | Brokerage     | trading       | Derivatives | brokerage   | management  | Others        | Adjustments   | Total         |  |
| Assets:                      |      |               |               |             |             |             |               |               |               |  |
| Cash and deposits            | ₩    | 21,694,650    | 50,200,000    | 266,363,417 | 346,071,802 | 16,170,879  | 429,536,598   | (9,181,025)   | 1,120,856,321 |  |
| Securities (*1)              |      | 713,747,211   | 3,542,574,363 | 82,892,557  | 28,540,181  | 69,838,780  | 1,387,962,042 | (106,801,619) | 5,718,753,515 |  |
| Derivative assets            |      | -             | -             | 26,367,974  | 465,120     | -           | -             | -             | 26,833,094    |  |
| Loans and receivables at AC  |      | 797,056,949   | -             | -           | -           | 30,344      | 267,352,542   | 14,192,813    | 1,078,632,648 |  |
| Property and equipment       |      | -             | -             | -           | 3,960,855   | 4,615,939   | 99,475,862    | -             | 108,052,656   |  |
| Other assets                 |      | 771,288,961   | 172,668,054   | 10,811      | 12,680,308  | 11,291,614  | 166,942,216   | (12,545,243)  | 1,122,336,721 |  |
| Total assets                 | ₩    | 2,303,787,771 | 3,765,442,417 | 375,634,759 | 391,718,266 | 101,947,556 | 2,351,269,260 | (114,335,074) | 9,175,464,955 |  |
| Liabilities:                 |      |               |               |             |             |             |               |               |               |  |
| Deposits                     | ₩    | 955,035,781   | -             | -           | 323,660,682 | -           | 3,975,769     | (9,390,595)   | 1,273,281,637 |  |
| Borrowed funds (*2)          |      | 729,440,798   | 2,414,414,835 | 791,682,629 | 3,000,000   | -           | 1,861,547,210 | 35,543,801    | 5,835,629,273 |  |
| Derivative liabilities       |      | -             | -             | 31,687,647  | 507,126     | 45,639      | -             | -             | 32,240,412    |  |
| Other liabilities            |      | 769,865,072   | 573,585       | -           | 16,543,690  | 22,408,798  | 274,106,076   | (9,994,728)   | 1,073,502,493 |  |
| Total liabilities            | ₩    | 2,454,341,651 | 2,414,988,420 | 823,370,276 | 343,711,498 | 22,454,437  | 2,139,629,055 | 16,158,478    | 8,214,653,815 |  |
|                              |      |               |               |             |             |             |               |               |               |  |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Securities include financial assets at FVTPL, financial assets at FVOCI and investments in associates.

<sup>(\*2)</sup> Borrowed funds include financial liabilities at FVTPL.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

|                              |   | 2020          |               |               |             |            |               |               |                |  |
|------------------------------|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|--|
|                              |   |               | Proprietary   |               | Futures     | Asset      |               |               |                |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won) |   | Brokerage     | trading       | Derivatives   | brokerage   | management | Others        | Adjustments   | Total          |  |
| Assets:                      | _ |               |               |               |             |            |               |               |                |  |
| Cash and deposits            | ₩ | -             | -             | 234,007,932   | 416,403,626 | 11,889,212 | 440,722,564   | (10,472,223)  | 1,092,551,111  |  |
| Securities (*1)              |   | 849,081,559   | 3,842,212,802 | 1,172,033,478 | 27,200,307  | 40,859,833 | 357,657,592   | (76,568,192)  | 6,212,477,379  |  |
| Derivative assets            |   | -             | -             | 16,898,747    | 694,825     | 56,350     | -             | -             | 17,649,922     |  |
| Loans and receivables at AC  |   | 738,731,676   | -             | -             | -           | -          | 226,622,376   | (973,200)     | 964,380,852    |  |
| Property and equipment       |   | -             | -             | -             | 4,484,470   | 5,198,013  | 55,254,145    | -             | 64,936,628     |  |
| Other assets                 |   | 1,232,207,784 | 311,912,018   | 49,659,468    | 16,819,155  | 9,704,341  | 122,664,093   | (18,023,089)  | 1,724,943,770  |  |
| Total assets                 | ₩ | 2,820,021,019 | 4,154,124,820 | 1,472,599,625 | 465,602,383 | 67,707,749 | 1,202,920,770 | (106,036,704) | 10,076,939,662 |  |
| Liabilities:                 |   |               |               |               |             |            |               |               |                |  |
| Deposits                     | ₩ | 1,173,799,965 | -             | -             | 400,267,736 | -          | 2,329,970     | (10,472,223)  | 1,565,925,448  |  |
| Borrowed funds (*2)          |   | 705,997,857   | 3,024,520,759 | 623,863,464   | 2,000,000   | -          | 1,775,989,363 | 11,345,032    | 6,143,716,475  |  |
| Derivative liabilities       |   | -             | -             | 20,767,267    | 684,770     | -          | -             | -             | 21,452,037     |  |
| Other liabilities            |   | 1,243,607,421 | 10,887,581    | 6,897,776     | 18,987,585  | 20,852,226 | 197,851,161   | (18,437,677)  | 1,480,646,073  |  |
| Total liabilities            |   | 3,123,405,243 | 3,035,408,340 | 651,528,507   | 421,940,091 | 20,852,226 | 1,976,170,494 | (17,564,868)  | 9,211,740,033  |  |
| Equity                       |   | (303,384,224) | 1,118,716,480 | 821,071,118   | 43,662,292  | 46,855,523 | (773,249,724) | (88,471,836)  | 865,199,629    |  |
| Total liabilities and equity | ₩ | 2.820.021.019 | 4.154.124.820 | 1.472.599.625 | 465.602.383 | 67.707.749 | 1.202.920.770 | (106.036.704) | 10.076.939.662 |  |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Securities include financial assets at FVTPL, financial assets at FVOCI and investments in associates.

<sup>(\*2)</sup> Borrowed funds include financial liabilities at FVTPL.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# (2) Information about reportable segments - profit and loss

Profit and loss attributable to each reportable segment for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|                                      | 2021 |             |             |             |             |            |             |             |               |
|--------------------------------------|------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
|                                      |      |             | Proprietary |             | Futures     | Asset      |             |             |               |
| (In thousands of Korean won)         |      | Brokerage   | trading     | Derivatives | brokerage   | management | Others      | Adjustments | Total         |
| Operating revenue:                   | _    |             |             |             |             |            |             |             |               |
| Fee and commission income            | ₩    | 112,104,492 | 252,491     | 1,521,475   | 21,026,582  | 22,665,744 | 131,541,743 | (4,981,881) | 284,130,646   |
| Finance income                       |      | 71,635,288  | 469,743,045 | 322,153,243 | 148,681,457 | 14,019,783 | 40,216,079  | 783,422     | 1,067,232,317 |
| Other income                         |      | -           | 6,372,601   | -           | 458,483     | 1,572,962  | 11,026,312  | (45,382)    | 19,384,976    |
|                                      |      | 183,739,780 | 476,368,137 | 323,674,718 | 170,166,522 | 38,258,489 | 182,784,134 | (4,243,841) | 1,370,747,939 |
| Operating expenses                   |      |             |             |             |             |            |             |             |               |
| Fee and commission expense           |      | 36,196,366  | 3,991,493   | -           | 10,514,655  | 2,073,265  | 6,679,197   | (3,791,587) | 55,663,389    |
| Finance expense                      |      | 16,433,579  | 438,518,242 | 287,711,812 | 137,174,673 | 9,655,287  | 54,115,898  | 2,739,781   | 946,349,272   |
| General and administrative expenses  |      | 95,631,470  | 22,252,546  | 6,327,937   | 19,041,430  | 17,886,839 | 89,932,136  | (204,657)   | 250,867,701   |
| Other expenses                       |      | 24,957      | -           | -           | 39,115      | 723,011    | 56,833      | (2,250)     | 841,666       |
|                                      |      | 148,286,372 | 464,762,281 | 294,039,749 | 166,769,873 | 30,338,402 | 150,784,064 | (1,258,713) | 1,253,722,028 |
| Non-operating income (expenses), net |      | -           | -           | -           | 738,854     | 425,455    | 108,065     | 2,836,931   | 4,109,305     |
| Income tax expense                   |      | -           | -           | -           | 888,061     | 1,042,975  | 27,109,269  | 1,409,200   | 30,449,505    |
| Profit (loss) for the year           | ₩    | 35,453,408  | 11,605,856  | 29,634,969  | 3,247,442   | 7,302,567  | 4,998,866   | (1,557,397) | 90,685,711    |

|                                      |   |             |             |                    |             | 2020        |             |             |               |
|--------------------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
|                                      |   |             | Proprietary |                    | Futures     | Asset       |             |             |               |
| (In thousands of Korean won)         |   | Brokerage   | trading     | <b>Derivatives</b> | brokerage   | management  | Others      | Adjustments | Total         |
| Operating revenue:                   |   | _           |             |                    |             |             |             |             |               |
| Fee and commission income            | ₩ | 83,005,988  | 394,806     | 615,357            | 26,478,373  | 18,100,131  | 113,836,086 | (6,262,945) | 236,167,796   |
| Finance income                       |   | 56,782,104  | 586,608,453 | 426,188,369        | 94,674,560  | 11,966,628  | 49,865,539  | (375,097)   | 1,225,710,556 |
| Other income                         |   | -           | 7,337,598   | -                  | 229,459     | 859,196     | 1,806,453   | (1,500,001) | 8,732,705     |
|                                      |   | 139,788,092 | 594,340,857 | 426,803,726        | 121,382,392 | 30,925,955  | 165,508,078 | (8,138,043) | 1,470,611,057 |
| Operating expenses                   |   |             |             |                    |             |             |             |             |               |
| Fee and commission expense           |   | 18,089,632  | 2,791,805   | -                  | 13,424,733  | 647,182     | 7,041,052   | (6,673,365) | 35,321,039    |
| Finance expense                      |   | 15,864,226  | 412,175,793 | 518,615,372        | 87,676,515  | 7,970,506   | 30,840,647  | 2,980,213   | 1,076,123,272 |
| General and administrative expenses  |   | 95,414,734  | 24,412,580  | 5,946,654          | 17,092,976  | 14,257,057  | 85,265,182  | (198,969)   | 242,190,214   |
| Other expenses                       |   | 410,262     | -           | -                  | 66,633      | 13,832,570  | 1,361,059   | -           | 15,670,524    |
|                                      |   | 129,778,854 | 439,380,178 | 524,562,026        | 118,260,857 | 36,707,315  | 124,507,940 | (3,892,121) | 1,369,305,049 |
| Non-operating income (expenses), net |   | -           | -           | -                  | 229,534     | (215,516)   | (308,922)   | (124,653)   | (419,557)     |
| Income tax expense                   |   | -           | -           | -                  | 738,051     | (1,937,682) | 26,683,057  | -           | 25,483,426    |
| Profit (loss) for the year           | ₩ | 10,009,238  | 154,960,679 | (97,758,300)       | 2,613,018   | (4,059,194) | 14,008,159  | (4,370,575) | 75,403,025    |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

### (3) Information about major customers

There was no external customer, who contributes more than 10% of the Group's revenue for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

### 9. Classification of Financial Instruments

Carrying amounts of financial instruments summarized by categories of financial instruments as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)                            |   | 2021          | 2020          |
|---|---|---------------|---------------|
| Financial assets at FVTPL                               | ₩ | 5,466,815,048 | 6,019,645,366 |
| Financial assets at FVOCI                               |   | 205,334,958   | 178,536,409   |
| Derivative assets                                       |   | 26,833,094    | 17,649,922    |
| Financial assets at AC                                  |   |               |               |
| Cash and deposits                                       |   | 1,120,856,321 | 1,092,551,111 |
| Loans and receivables at AC                             |   | 1,078,632,648 | 964,380,852   |
| Other assets (*1)                                       |   | 1,062,957,084 | 1,554,211,764 |
| Subtotal  |   | 3,262,446,053 | 3,611,143,727 |
| Finance lease receivables                               |   | 389,975       | 479,834       |
| Financial assets total                                  | ₩ | 8,961,819,128 | 9,827,455,258 |
| Financial liabilities at FVTPL                          | _ |               |               |
| Financial liabilities, mandatorily, at FVTPL            | W | 1,188,214,835 | 1,544,320,758 |
| Financial liabilities designated as being held at FVTPL |   | 791,682,629   | 623,863,464   |
| Subtotal  |   | 1,979,897,464 | 2,168,184,222 |
| Derivative liabilities                                  |   | 32,240,412    | 21,452,037    |
| Financial liabilities at FVTPL                          |   |               |               |
| Deposits  |   | 1,271,485,645 | 1,565,925,448 |
| Borrowed funds  |   | 3,855,731,809 | 3,975,532,253 |
| Other liabilities (*2)                                  |   | 837,111,693   | 1,326,164,823 |
| Subtotal  |   | 5,964,329,147 | 6,867,622,524 |
| Lease liabilities                                       |   | 78,497,806    | 34,564,669    |
| Financial liabilities total                             | ₩ | 8,054,964,829 | 9,091,823,452 |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Other assets include receivables for brokerage, other receivables, accrued income, leasehold deposits paid for rents, other investment assets and accrued interest receivable on bonds.

<sup>(\*2)</sup> Other liabilities include dividends payable, accounts payable (excluding employee-related expenses), accrued expenses (excluding employee-related expenses), leasehold deposits received for rents, provisions for payment guarantees and financial guarantees liabilities.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

### 10. Finance Income and Finance Expense

Details of finance income and finance expense for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| _ | 2021         |  |  |   |  |  |
|---|--------------|--|--|---|--|--|
| - | Gain (loss), |  | Interest income  | Impairment<br>(reversal of  |  |  |
|   | net (*1)     | OCI  | (expenses)   | _impairment)  |  |  |
| ₩ | (74,592,327) | -  | 88,972,834   | -   |  |  |
|   | 3,564,868    | 16,751,027   | -  | -   |  |  |
|   | 7,793,221    | -  | 77,182,970   | (12,692,606)  |  |  |
|   | 47,453,455   | -  | -  | -   |  |  |
|   | -            | -  | 8,622  | -   |  |  |
|   | 61,172,699   | -  | -  | -   |  |  |
|   | (10,072,363) | 382,475  | -  | -   |  |  |
|   | 21,003,216   | -  | (52,806,821)   | -   |  |  |
|   | -            | -  | (2,431,922)  | -   |  |  |
| ₩ | 56,322,769   | 17,133,502   | 110,925,683  | (12,692,606)  |  |  |
|   |              | met (*1)  W (74,592,327) 3,564,868 7,793,221 47,453,455 - 61,172,699 (10,072,363) 21,003,216 | Gain (loss), net (*1)  W (74,592,327)  3,564,868 7,793,221 47,453,455 - 61,172,699 (10,072,363) 21,003,216 | Gain (loss), net (*1)         OCI (expenses)           ₩ (74,592,327)         - 88,972,834           3,564,868         16,751,027         - 77,182,970           47,453,455         8,622           61,172,699             (10,072,363)         382,475            21,003,216          (52,806,821)             (2,431,922) |  |  |

- (\*1) Gain (loss),net includes gain (loss) on disposal, gain (loss) on valuation, gain (loss) on derivatives transactions, gain (loss) on sale, gain (loss) on redemption, gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions and translation, dividends income and distribution income.
- (\*2) Financial assets at AC includes receivables for brokerage, other receivables, accrued income, leasehold deposit paid for rents, and other investment assets.
- (\*3) Financial liabilities at AC includes deposits, borrowed funds, dividends payable, accounts payable, accrued expenses, leasehold deposits received for rents, provisions for payment guarantees, and financial guarantees liabilities.

|   |   | 2020          |            |                    |                         |  |  |
|---|---|---------------|------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
|   |   | Gain (loss),  |            | Interest<br>income | Impairment (reversal of |  |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won)                            |   | net (*1)      | OCI        | (expenses)         | impairment)             |  |  |
| Financial assets at FVTPL                               | ₩ | 232,131,805   | -          | 95,945,793         | -                       |  |  |
| Financial assets at FVOCI                               |   | 2,661,449     | 11,573,361 | -                  | -                       |  |  |
| Financial assets at AC (*2)                             |   | (413,550)     | -          | 55,764,746         | (1,847,258)             |  |  |
| Derivative assets                                       |   | (113,369,359) | -          | -                  | -                       |  |  |
| Finance lease receivables                               |   | -             | -          | 10,338             | -                       |  |  |
| Financial liabilities, mandatorily, at FVTPL            |   | (48,085,184)  | -          | -                  | -                       |  |  |
| Financial liabilities designated as being held at FVTPL |   | (16,814,218)  | 494,438    | -                  | -                       |  |  |
| Financial liabilities at AC (*3)                        |   | (2,030,727)   | -          | (47,888,867)       | -                       |  |  |
| Lease liabilities                                       |   | -             | -          | (416,892)          | -                       |  |  |
| Total   | ₩ | 54,080,216    | 12,067,799 | 103,415,118        | (1,847,258)             |  |  |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Gain (loss),net includes gain (loss) on disposal, gain (loss) on valuation, gain (loss) on derivatives transactions, gain (loss) on sale, gain (loss) on redemption, gain (loss) on foreign currency transactions and translation, dividends income and distribution income.

<sup>(\*2)</sup> Financial assets at AC includes receivables for brokerage, other receivables, accrued income, leasehold deposit paid for rents, and other investment assets.

<sup>(\*3)</sup> Financial liabilities at AC includes deposits, borrowed funds, dividends payable, accounts payable, accrued expenses, leasehold deposits received for rents, provisions for payment guarantees, and financial guarantees liabilities.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

### 11. Cash and Deposits

# (1) Cash and deposits

Cash and deposits as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)  |   | 2021          | 2020          |
|---|---|---------------|---------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents   |   |               |               |
| Cash  | ₩ | 2,646         | 299           |
| Checking account  |   | 74,613,990    | 58,763        |
| Ordinary deposits   |   | 37,144,226    | 15,336,649    |
| Money market deposit account (MMDA)                                     |   | 100,706,497   | 127,856,773   |
| Others  |   | 222,409,585   | 300,510,694   |
| Subtotal  | • | 434,876,944   | 443,763,178   |
| Deposits due from others  |   | _             |               |
| Subscription deposits   |   | -             | 301,946       |
| Reserve deposits for claims of customer deposits (deposit)              |   | 90,904,827    | 107,929,241   |
| Reserve deposits for claims of customer deposits in foreign currency    |   | 21,694,650    | -             |
| Deposits in foreign currency  |   | 26,393,789    | 36,542,784    |
| Deposits for securities lending trades                                  |   | 50,200,000    | -             |
| Margin deposits for exchange-traded derivatives trades                  |   | 255,289,434   | 305,833,914   |
| Margin deposits at Korea Exchange                                       |   | 52,921,000    | 60,521,000    |
| Long-term deposits (including guarantee deposits for checking accounts) |   | 1,022,500     | 1,042,500     |
| Others  |   | 187,553,177   | 136,616,547   |
| Subtotal  | • | 685,979,377   | 648,787,932   |
| Total   | ₩ | 1,120,856,321 | 1,092,551,110 |

## (2) Restricted deposits

Deposits and assets restricted for use as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)  |   | 2021          | 2020          |
|---|---|---------------|---------------|
| Deposits due from others  |   |               |               |
| Subscription deposits   | ₩ | -             | 301,946       |
| Reserve deposits for claims of customer deposits (deposit)              |   | 90,904,827    | 107,929,241   |
| Reserve deposits for claims of customer deposits in foreign currency    |   | 19,584,049    | -             |
| Deposits in foreign currency  |   | 26,393,789    | 36,542,784    |
| Deposits for securities lending trades                                  |   | 50,200,000    | -             |
| Margin deposits for exchange-traded derivatives trades                  |   | 253,406,074   | 304,175,708   |
| Margin deposits at Korea Exchange                                       |   | 52,921,000    | 60,521,000    |
| Long-term deposits (including guarantee deposits for checking accounts) |   | 1,022,500     | 1,042,500     |
| Others  |   | 162,774,038   | 123,726,814   |
| Subtotal  | _ | 657,206,277   | 634,239,993   |
| Financial assets at FVTPL   |   |               |               |
| Reserve deposits for claims of customer deposits (trust)                |   | 683,833,214   | 784,830,770   |
| Reserve deposits for claims of customer deposits (trust)                |   |               |               |
| for exchange-traded derivatives transactions                            |   | 28,132,252    | 55,218,831    |
| Subtotal  |   | 711,965,466   | 840,049,601   |
| Total   | ₩ | 1,369,172,243 | 1,474,289,594 |

### (3) Deposits with Korea Securities Finance Corp.

Regulations on Financial Investment Business require financial investment companies to deposit all customer deposits excluding margin deposits in cash with the Korea Securities Finance Corp. ("KSFC"). Accordingly, the Group makes deposits of 100% or more of customer deposits with the KSFC as reserve deposits for claims of customer deposits - futures and options transactions, and subscription deposits. Also, in accordance with the Regulations on borrowing and lending of securities by Korea Securities Depository ("KSD"), the Group provides KSD with cash or securities of 100% or more, but less than 110% of value of collateral, as collateral for securities borrowing and lending transactions, except for customized transactions. Also, the Group deposits over 100% of borrowings from KSFC as guarantee in 'Guarantee deposits for stock borrowings from KSFC' included in 'Deposits due from others – Others' account.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# 12. Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities at FVTPL

(1) Details of financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|  |   | 2021          |               |               |              |  |
|--|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--|
|  |   |               | Carrying      | Carrying      |              |  |
|  |   |               | amount        | amount        | Gain (loss)  |  |
|  |   | Acquisition   | before        | carried at    | on           |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won)                             | _ | cost          | valuation     | fair value    | valuation    |  |
| Financial assets at FVTPL                                |   |               |               |               |              |  |
| Stocks   | ₩ | 164,541,494   | 158,265,519   | 154,179,622   | (4,085,897)  |  |
| Government and municipal bonds                           |   | 1,754,605,257 | 1,748,705,766 | 1,686,622,054 | (62,083,712) |  |
| Special entities (government agencies) bonds             |   | 226,403,934   | 226,431,351   | 226,239,637   | (191,714)    |  |
| Corporate bonds  |   | 1,818,399,333 | 1,819,511,707 | 1,814,243,188 | (5,268,519)  |  |
| Electronic short-term bonds                              |   | 13,863,169    | 13,872,208    | 13,871,151    | (1,057)      |  |
| Foreign currency bonds                                   |   | 45,979,734    | 46,469,131    | 46,765,229    | 296,098      |  |
| Collective investment securities                         |   | 176,484,810   | 180,036,303   | 184,640,592   | 4,604,289    |  |
| Ownership investments                                    |   | 172,043,661   | 173,438,373   | 179,057,673   | 5,619,300    |  |
| Commercial papers  |   | 350,372,147   | 350,685,031   | 350,149,315   | (535,716)    |  |
| Money market funds (MMF)                                 |   | 4,251,344     | 4,224,993     | 4,253,234     | 28,241       |  |
| Other securities   |   | 36,874,166    | 8,069,984     | 8,069,984     | -            |  |
| Private placement bonds                                  |   | 63,261,000    | 66,421,467    | 62,681,461    | (3,740,006)  |  |
| Reserve deposits for claims of customer deposits (trust) |   | 682,000,000   | 682,000,000   | 683,833,215   | 1,833,215    |  |
| Reserve deposits for claims of customer deposits (trust) |   |               |               |               |              |  |
| for exchange-traded derivatives transactions             |   | 28,000,000    | 28,000,000    | 28,132,252    | 132,252      |  |
| Derivative-linked securities purchased (*1)              |   | 26,267,740    | 24,165,996    | 24,076,441    | (89,555)     |  |
| Total  | ₩ | 5,563,347,789 | 5,530,297,829 | 5,466,815,048 | (63,482,781) |  |
| Financial liabilities, mandatorily, at FVTPL             |   |               |               |               |              |  |
| Stocks   | ₩ | 89,162,858    | 89,180,797    | 89,763,728    | (582,931)    |  |
| Government and municipal bonds                           |   | 1,109,595,767 | 1,119,530,517 | 1,098,451,107 | 21,079,410   |  |
| Total  | ₩ | 1,198,758,625 | 1,208,711,314 | 1,188,214,835 | 20,496,479   |  |
| Financial liabilities designated as being held at FVTPL  |   |               |               |               |              |  |
| Derivative-linked securities sold (*1)                   | ₩ | 797,907,820   | 794,743,152   | 791,682,629   | 3,060,523    |  |
| Total  | ₩ | 797,907,820   | 794,743,152   | 791,682,629   | 3,060,523    |  |
|  |   |               |               |               |              |  |

(\*1) The following table presents a roll-forward of Day One gains and losses for the year ended December 31, 2021:

| (In thousands of Korean won)  |   | Balance at<br>January 1 | Increase<br>due to<br>new trades | Decrease<br>from<br>recognition | Balance at<br>December 31 |
|---|---|-------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Financial assets at FVTPL   |   |                         |                                  |                                 |                           |
| Derivative-linked securities purchased<br>Financial liabilities designated as being held at FVTPL | ₩ | 3,362,463               | 1,218,824                        | (2,111,226)                     | 2,470,061                 |
| Derivative-linked securities sold   |   | (3,127,335)             | 585,747                          | 1,329,187                       | (1,212,401)               |
| Total   | ₩ | 235,128                 | 1,804,571                        | (782,039)                       | 1,257,660                 |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

|   |   | 2020             |   |  |                                |  |
|---|---|------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|--|
| (In thousands of Korean won)  |   | Acquisition cost | Carrying<br>amount<br>before<br>valuation | Carrying<br>amount<br>carried at<br>fair value | Gain (loss)<br>on<br>valuation |  |
| Financial assets at FVTPL   |   |                  |   |  |                                |  |
| Stocks  | ₩ | 123,678,673      | 113,887,590                               | 117,793,129                                    | 3,905,539                      |  |
| Government and municipal bonds  |   | 1,895,963,326    | 1,895,701,448                             | 1,854,378,831                                  | (41,322,617)                   |  |
| Special entities (government agencies) bonds  |   | 592,366,270      | 592,594,317                               | 592,334,039                                    | (260,278)                      |  |
| Corporate bonds   |   | 1,771,190,573    | 1,771,542,923                             | 1,775,460,777                                  | 3,917,854                      |  |
| Electronic short-term bonds   |   | 33,172,240       | 33,214,542                                | 33,217,370                                     | 2,828                          |  |
| Foreign currency bonds  |   | 45,210,960       | 41,771,953                                | 41,959,595                                     | 187,642                        |  |
| Collective investment securities  |   | 330,616,129      | 331,511,217                               | 358,241,012                                    | 26,729,795                     |  |
| Ownership investments   |   | 99,337,100       | 101,687,448                               | 101,587,270                                    | (100,178)                      |  |
| Commercial papers   |   | 220,454,206      | 220,997,200                               | 221,133,675                                    | 136,475                        |  |
| Money market funds (MMF)  |   | 5,126,466        | 5,126,466                                 | 5,172,190                                      | 45,724                         |  |
| Other securities  |   | 38,387,055       | 9,582,873                                 | 9,582,873                                      | -                              |  |
| Private placement bonds   |   | 35,170,000       | 33,239,272                                | 39,329,211                                     | 6,089,939                      |  |
| Reserve deposits for claims of customer deposits (trust) Reserve deposits for claims of customer deposits (trust) |   | 783,000,000      | 783,000,000                               | 784,830,770                                    | 1,830,770                      |  |
| for exchange-traded derivatives transactions  |   | 55,000,000       | 55,000,000                                | 55,218,831                                     | 218,831                        |  |
| Derivative-linked securities purchased (*1)   |   | 28,548,900       | 28,885,690                                | 29,405,793                                     | 520,103                        |  |
| Total   | ₩ | 6,057,221,898    | 6,017,742,939                             | 6,019,645,366                                  | 1,902,427                      |  |
| Financial liabilities, mandatorily, at FVTPL  | , |                  |   |  |                                |  |
| Stocks  | ₩ | 150,015,570      | 149,994,417                               | 182,050,124                                    | (32,055,707)                   |  |
| Government and municipal bonds  |   | 1,345,500,357    | 1,358,458,021                             | 1,332,149,584                                  | 26,308,436                     |  |
| Special entities (government agencies) bonds  |   | 30,218,520       | 30,218,520                                | 30,121,050                                     | 97,470                         |  |
| Total   | ₩ | 1,525,734,447    | 1,538,670,958                             | 1,544,320,758                                  | (5,649,801)                    |  |
| Financial liabilities designated as being held at FVTPL   | : | ·                |   |  |                                |  |
| Derivative-linked securities sold (*1)  | ₩ | 614,703,715      | 622,762,730                               | 623,863,464                                    | (1,100,734)                    |  |
| Total   | ₩ | 614,703,715      | 622,762,730                               | 623,863,464                                    | (1,100,734)                    |  |

(\*1) The following table presents a roll-forward of Day One gains and losses for the year ended December 31, 2020:

| (In thousands of Korean won) Financial assets at FVTPL   | _ | Balance at<br>January 1 | Increase<br>due to<br>transfers | Increase<br>due to<br>new trades | Decrease<br>from<br>recognition | Balance at<br>December 31 |
|--|---|-------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Derivative-linked securities purchased Financial liabilities designated as being held at FVTPL | ₩ | 142,518                 | 2,207,271                       | 1,263,553                        | (250,879)                       | 3,362,463                 |
| Derivative-linked securities sold  |   | (2,524,988)             | -                               | (1,804,572)                      | 1,202,225                       | (3,127,335)               |
| Total  | W | (2,382,470)             | 2,207,271                       | (541,019)                        | 951,346                         | 235,128                   |

Interest income on debt securities above for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were \\$\\$8,906\$ million and \\$\\$95,946\$ million, respectively.

The Group designated trust deposits which are managed and evaluated on a fair value basis and derivative-linked securities, hybrid (combined) instruments which include one or more embedded derivatives as financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

In measuring fair values of derivative-linked securities, historical volatility is used instead of implied volatility, an observable input. As such, the valuation technique incorporates a significant unobservable input, the difference between fair value of financial instruments based on the valuation technique and the transaction price is not recognized in profit or loss upon initial recognition, but deferred as Day One gains and losses.

Equity-linked securities ("ELS", hereafter) are securities of which the underlying asset is either stocks or equity indices and dividends and the amount required to pay at maturity to the holder of the securities are determined by the changes in the underlying assets. The Group measures derivative-linked securities purchased and derivative-linked securities sold at fair value as of the reporting date, and recognizes gains and losses arising from changes in fair value as profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(2) The difference between the carrying amount of financial liabilities designated as being held at FVTPL and the contractual amount due at maturity as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)       |   | 2021        | 2020        |
|------------------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|
| Contractual amount due at maturity | ₩ | 798,020,179 | 627,986,551 |
| Carrying amount                    |   | 791,682,629 | 623,863,464 |
| Difference                         | ₩ | 6,337,550   | 4,123,087   |

(3) The change, cumulatively, in the fair value of the financial liabilities designated as being held at FVTPL attributable to changes in the credit risks of these financial liabilities during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)      |   | 2021      | 2020      |
|-----------------------------------|---|-----------|-----------|
| Balance at January 1              | ₩ | 1,693,077 | 959,776   |
| Recognized in OCI during the year |   | 478,782   | 733,301   |
| Balance at December 31            | ₩ | 2,171,859 | 1,693,077 |

## 13. Financial Assets at FVOCI

(1) Details of financial assets at FVOCI as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|                              |   | 20               | 21              | 2020             |                 |  |  |
|------------------------------|---|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| (In thousands of Korean won) |   | Acquisition cost | Carrying amount | Acquisition cost | Carrying amount |  |  |
| Stocks (*1)                  | ₩ | 53,089,939       | 205,334,958     | 46,586,197       | 178,536,409     |  |  |

(\*1) Stocks are held for financial services industry-specific requirements and strategic purposes not for trading.

(2) Acquisition costs of stocks included in financial assets at FVOCI as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|                                      |   |            | 2021         |             |            | 2020         |             |
|--------------------------------------|---|------------|--------------|-------------|------------|--------------|-------------|
|                                      |   | Number of  |              |             | Number of  |              |             |
|                                      |   | shares     | Ownership    | Acquisition | shares     | Ownership    | Acquisition |
| (In thousands of Korean won)         |   | held       | interest (%) | cost        | held       | interest (%) | cost        |
| Korea Exchange                       | ₩ | 688,683    | 3.44         | 4,918,093   | 688,683    | 3.44         | 4,918,093   |
| Korea Securities Finance Corporation |   | 630,858    | 0.46         | 4,378,619   | 630,858    | 0.93         | 4,378,619   |
| Korea Securities Depository          |   | 85,438     | 0.78         | 408,825     | 85,438     | 0.78         | 408,825     |
| Korea Money Brokerage Corporation    |   | 10,000     | 0.50         | 50,000      | 10,000     | 0.50         | 50,000      |
| DLIVE Gangnam Cable TV Co., Ltd.     |   | 608,100    | 3.99         | 3,593,871   | 608,100    | 3.99         | 3,593,871   |
| Aizawa Securities Co., Ltd.          |   | 225,200    | 0.47         | 594,988     | 225,200    | 0.47         | 594,988     |
| Tongyang Inc.                        |   | 11,438,000 | 4.79         | 32,433,666  | 11,438,000 | 4.79         | 32,433,666  |
| Samyang Holdings Corporation         |   | 22,000     | 0.26         | 2,462,120   | -          | -            | -           |
| Hyundai Mipo Dockyard Co., Ltd.      |   | 73,000     | 0.18         | 4,041,622   | -          | -            | -           |
| Korea Foss Securities Co., Ltd.      |   | 36,000     | 0.24         | 200,000     | 36,000     | 0.24         | 200,000     |
| Korea Shipping Corporation           |   | 105        | -            | 8,135       | 105        | -            | 8,135       |
| Total                                | ₩ | 13,817,384 |              | 53,089,939  | 13,722,384 |              | 46,586,197  |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(3) Carrying amounts of stocks included in financial assets at FVOCI as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|   |   |                    | 2021                                |                                 |                 | 2020                                |                                 |
|---|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| (In thousands of Korean won)              |   | Carrying<br>amount | Net asset<br>value or<br>fair value | Date as of fair value estimated | Carrying amount | Net asset<br>value or<br>fair value | Date as of fair value estimated |
| Korea Exchange (*1)                       | ₩ | 155,736,707        | 155,736,707                         | Dec. 31, 2021                   | 140,365,303     | 140,365,303                         | Dec. 31, 2020                   |
| Korea Securities Finance Corporation (*1) |   | 8,880,588          | 8,880,588                           | Dec. 31, 2021                   | 8,808,670       | 8,808,670                           | Dec. 31, 2020                   |
| Korea Securities Depository (*1)          |   | 8,539,784          | 8,539,784                           | Dec. 31, 2021                   | 8,186,584       | 8,186,584                           | Dec. 31, 2020                   |
| Korea Money Brokerage Corporation (*1)    |   | 759,479            | 759,479                             | Dec. 31, 2021                   | 707,330         | 707,330                             | Dec. 31, 2020                   |
| DLIVE Gangnam Cable TV Co., Ltd. (*1)     |   | 4,961,488          | 4,961,488                           | Dec. 31, 2021                   | 5,025,338       | 5,025,338                           | Dec. 31, 2020                   |
| Aizawa Securities Co., Ltd.               |   | 2,368,823          | 2,368,823                           | Dec. 31, 2021                   | 1,754,529       | 1,754,529                           | Dec. 31, 2020                   |
| Tongyang Inc.                             |   | 16,756,670         | 16,756,670                          | Dec. 31, 2021                   | 13,611,220      | 13,611,220                          | Dec. 31, 2020                   |
| Samyang Holdings Corporation              |   | 2,160,400          | 2,160,400                           | Dec. 31, 2021                   | -               | -                                   | -                               |
| Hyundai Mipo Dockyard Co., Ltd.           |   | 5,110,000          | 5,110,000                           | Dec. 31, 2021                   | -               | -                                   | -                               |
| Korea Foss Securities Co., Ltd. (*1)      |   | 52,884             | 52,884                              | Dec. 31, 2021                   | 69,300          | 69,300                              | Dec. 31, 2020                   |
| Korea Shipping Corporation (*2)           |   | 8,135              | 8,135                               | -                               | 8,135           | 8,135                               | -                               |
| Total                                     | ₩ | 205,334,958        | 205,334,958                         |                                 | 178,536,409     | 178,536,409                         |                                 |

- (\*1) Fair values of Korea Exchange and five other unlisted stocks are based on estimates using the valuation technique provided from Grant Thornton Daejoo, Korea Asset Pricing and FN Asset Pricing, independent valuation service providers. These valuation service providers estimate the fair using discounted cash flows, an income approach, and (or) net asset value (NAV) method as appropriate per the characteristics of stocks subject to the valuation technique. When applying discounted cash flows, five-year projected financial statements were estimated based on historical performances assuming the operational structure during the projected period unchanged, and the financial statements from 2021 to 2025 were estimated. Operating revenue and operating expenses were estimated based on historical performances, future business plans and forecasts for future market circumstances.
- (\*2) Due to limitations in obtaining reliable information from the investees, unlisted companies, the Group values the investments at their acquisition costs except for impairment losses in certain stocks when there are significant decline in net asset values if applicable.
- (4) Changes in fair values of financial assets at FVOCI during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|                              |   |                  |                                 | 2021  |   |                                    |              |
|------------------------------|---|------------------|---------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------------|--------------|
|                              |   |                  | U                               |   |   |                                    |              |
| (In thousands of Korean won) |   | Acquisition cost | Cumulative balance at January 1 | Changes<br>in fair value<br>during the year | Cumulative<br>balance<br>at December 31 | Carrying<br>amount<br>(fair value) |              |
| Stocks                       | ₩ | 53,089,939       | 131,950,212                     | 20,294,807                                  | 152,245,019                             | 205,334,958                        |              |
| Deferred tax effect          |   | -                | (35,589,640)                    | (3,543,780)                                 | (39,133,420)                            | -                                  |              |
|                              |   |                  |                                 | :   | 2020                                    |                                    |              |
|                              |   |                  |                                 | Unrealized g                                | ains and losses                         |                                    |              |
|                              |   |                  | Cumulative                      | Changes                                     | Changes                                 | Cumulative                         | Carrying     |
|                              |   | Acquisition      | balance                         | due to transfers                            | in fair value                           | balance                            | amount       |
| (In thousands of Korean won) |   | cost             | at January 1                    | during the year                             | during the year                         | at December 31                     | (fair value) |
| Stocks                       | ₩ | 46,586,197       | 110,960,497                     |   | 20,989,715                              | 131,950,212                        | 178,536,409  |
| Deferred tax effect          |   | -                | (26,173,426)                    | 140   | (9,416,354)                             | (35,589,640)                       | -            |

#### 14. Securities at AC

(1) Details of securities at AC

The Group had no securities at AC as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.

(2) Interest income from securities at AC

Interest income recognized on securities at AC during the year ended December 31, 2020 are \text{\$\psi\$}87,625 thousand.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# 15. Securities Pledged as Collateral

Details of securities the Group pledged as collateral as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won) |  |   | 2021            |  |
|------------------------------|--|---|-----------------|--|
| Securities pledged to        | Financial assets pledged (*1)  | _ | Carrying amount | Purpose  |
| KSD                          | Financial assets at FVTPL - Government and municipal bonds, corporate bonds and special entities bonds                           | ₩ | 157,897,364     | Collateral for securities lending trades   |
| KSD                          | Financial assets at FVTPL - Stocks and beneficiary certificates  |   | 336,494,250     | Collateral for securities lending trades   |
| KSFC                         | Financial assets at FVTPL - Government and municipal bonds, corporate bonds, special entities bonds and commercial papers        |   | 1,247,650,924   | Collateral for securities lending trades   |
| KSFC                         | Financial assets at FVOCI - Stocks   |   | 155,736,707     | Collateral for securities lending trades and<br>working capital loans from KSFC  |
| KSFC                         | Financial assets at FVTPL - Government and municipal bonds   |   | 34,747,303      | Collateral for securities margin loans from KSFC   |
| Korea Exchange               | Financial assets at FVTPL - Government and municipal bonds,<br>special entities bonds and beneficiary certificates               |   | 58,688,902      | Margin deposits for derivatives trades and others  |
| KSD and others               | Financial assets at FVTPL - Government and municipal bonds, corporate bonds, special entities bonds and beneficiary certificates |   | 202,260,047     | Margin deposits for futures trades (interest rate futures) and<br>margin deposits for issuance on derivative-linked securities |
|                              |  | _ | 2,193,475,497   |  |

(\*1) Pledged assets include securities borrowed from others of \u2114411,399 million.

| (In thousands of Korean won) Securities pledged to | Financial assets pledged (*1)  |   | 2020<br>Carrying amount | Purpose   |
|--|--|---|-------------------------|---|
| KSD  | Financial assets at FVTPL - Government and municipal bonds, corporate bonds and special entities bonds                           | ₩ | 228,930,024             | Collateral for securities lending trades  |
| KSD  | Financial assets at FVTPL - Stocks and beneficiary certificates  |   | 401,047,395             | Collateral for securities lending trades  |
| KSFC   | Financial assets at FVTPL - Government and municipal bonds, corporate bonds, special entities bonds and commercial papers        |   | 1,427,734,032           | Collateral for securities lending trades  |
| KSFC   | Financial assets at FVOCI - Stocks   |   | 140,365,303             | Collateral for securities lending trades and working capital loans from KSFC  |
| KSFC   | Financial assets at FVTPL - Government and municipal bonds   |   | 31,473,464              | Collateral for securities margin loans from KSFC  |
| Korea Exchange                                     | Financial assets at FVTPL - Government and municipal bonds, special entities bonds and beneficiary certificates                  |   | 21,792,138              | Margin deposits for derivatives trades and others   |
| Korea Exchange                                     | Financial assets at FVTPL - Government and municipal bonds   |   | 29,168,113              | Substitute securities for collective fund for default losses  |
| KSD and others                                     | Financial assets at FVTPL - Government and municipal bonds, corporate bonds, special entities bonds and beneficiary certificates | ₩ | 215,762,814             | Margin deposits for futures trades (interest rate futures) and margin deposits for issuance on derivative-linked securities |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Pledged assets include securities borrowed from others.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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In relation to securities margin trades, the Group accepted securities of W852,486 million and W804,928 million as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, as collateral, and the Group held securities of W21,491,700 million and W17,939,200 million in KRX market price basis in custody received from customers as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. In addition to securities pledged in the tables above, the Group pledged financial assets at FVTPL with carrying amounts of the bonds of W2,146,550 million and W2,427,244 million as collateral for securities sold under agreements to repurchase as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The Group provides for collective funds for default losses, which are composed of collective fund for default losses in securities market and collective fund for default losses in derivatives market.

In accordance with Article 23 of Korea Exchange (KRX) membership regulations, the Group is required to make contribution to the collective fund for default losses to compensate for any damages or losses caused by non-performance of obligations arising from trading transactions in securities market. The amount of contributions should be provided on a monthly basis and the amount is calculated by net of total base contributions and sum of the contributions made by members specialized in debt securities, multiplied by ratio of the Group's average daily volume of securities traded per day to the average daily volume of securities of all members traded in the security market in the latest one year from the previous year-end.

In accordance with Article 23 of Korea Exchange (KRX) membership regulations, the Group in required to make contribution to the collective fund for default losses to compensate for any damages or losses caused by non-performance of obligations arising from trading transactions in exchange-traded derivatives market. The amount of contributions should be provided on a monthly basis and the amount is calculated by net of total base contributions, multiplied by ratio of the Group's average daily balance of margin deposits to the average daily balance of margin deposits of all members traded in the exchange-traded derivatives market in the latest one year from the previous year-end.

The Group is allowed to make contributions to the collective funds with government bonds or monetary stabilization bonds listed on the securities exchange an alternative to cash, and in such cases, the contribution is made by way of the KRX acquiring the pledge of government bonds or monetary stabilization bonds deposited in the Group's account with the KSD and the withdrawal shall be made by way of terminating the pledge. The Group contributed to the collective funds with financial assets at FVTPL - government and municipal bonds as of December 31, 2021.

#### 16. Investments in Associates

(1) Details of investments in associates as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| Country of    | Ownership              |   | Acquisition   | Carrying  |  |
|---------------|------------------------|---|---|---|--|
| incorporation | interest (%)           |   | cost  | amount (*1)   | Primary operation  |
| Thailand      | 20.0%                  | ₩   | 5,643,036   | 5,099,459   | Real estate development  |
| Korea         | 38.9%                  |   | 39,273,028  | 41,504,050  | Real estate development  |
|               |                        | ₩   | 44,916,064  | 46,603,509  |  |
|               | incorporation Thailand | incorporation interest (%) Thailand 20.0% | incorporation         interest (%)           Thailand         20.0%         W           Korea         38.9% | incorporation         interest (%)         cost           Thailand         20.0%         W         5,643,036           Korea         38.9%         39,273,028 | incorporation         interest (%)         cost         amount (*1)           Thailand         20.0%         W         5,643,036         5,099,459           Korea         38.9%         39,273,028         41,504,050 |

(\*1) Applied the equity method using the most recent financial statements.

|               |                        |   | 2020  |  |   |
|---------------|------------------------|---|---|--|---|
| Country of    | Ownership              |   | Acquisition   | Carrying   |   |
| incorporation | interest (%)           |   | cost  | amount (*1)  | Primary operation   |
| Thailand      | 20.0%                  | ₩   | 4,926,629   | 5,086,761  | Real estate development   |
| Korea         | 35.0%                  |   | 10,500,000  | 9,208,843  | Real estate development   |
|               |                        | ₩   | 15,426,629  | 14,295,604   |   |
|               | incorporation Thailand | incorporation interest (%) Thailand 20.0% | incorporation         interest (%)           Thailand         20.0%         W           Korea         35.0% | Country of incorporation         Ownership interest (%)         Acquisition cost           Thailand         20.0%         W         4,926,629           Korea         35.0%         10,500,000 | incorporation         interest (%)         cost         amount (*1)           Thailand         20.0%         W         4,926,629         5,086,761           Korea         35.0%         10,500,000         9,208,843 |

(\*1) Applied the equity method using the most recent financial statements.

(2) The following tables present roll-forwards of investments in associates for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

| (In thousands of Korean won)                      |     | 2021       | 2020       |
|---|-----|------------|------------|
| Balance at January 1                              | ₩   | 14,295,604 | 14,012,583 |
| Acquisition                                       |     | 29,489,435 | -          |
| The Group's share in profit or loss               |     | 3,470,746  | (40,039)   |
| The Group's share in other comprehensive income   |     | (652,276)  | 381,329    |
| The Group's share in changes in retained earnings |     | -          | (58,269)   |
| Balance at December 31                            | ₩ _ | 46,603,509 | 14,295,604 |

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For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# (3) Summary of financial information of associates

Summary of financial information of associates as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

|                                 |   |                 |                      | 2               | 021                     |                               |  |
|---------------------------------|---|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| (In thousands of Korean won)    |   | Total<br>assets | Total<br>liabilities | Total<br>equity | Total operating revenue | Profit (loss)<br>for the year | Total<br>comprehensive<br>income<br>for the year |
| AIRA Property                   | W | 80,217,483      | 44,109,873           | 36,107,610      | 3,169,263               | (3,139,582)                   | (3,139,582)                                      |
| Shinyoung Real Estate Co., Ltd. |   | 124,849,464     | 18,847,157           | 106,002,307     | 31,315,564              | 10,726,031                    | 10,699,327                                       |
|                                 |   |                 |                      | 2               | 020                     |                               |  |
|                                 |   | Total           | Total                | Total           | Total operating         | Profit (loss)                 | Total<br>comprehensive<br>income                 |
| (In thousands of Korean won)    |   | assets          | liabilities          | equity          | revenue                 | for the year                  | for the year                                     |
| AIRA Property                   | ₩ | 78,724,243      | 40,943,025           | 37,781,218      | 114,691                 | (1,308,891)                   | (1,313,587)                                      |
| Shinyoung Real Estate Co., Ltd. |   | 33,967,621      | 7,656,640            | 26,310,981      | 12,904,284              | 524,121                       | 524,121  |

## 17. Derivatives

# (1) Exchange-traded derivatives

Details of exchange-traded derivatives outstanding as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|                              |          |   |             | 2021             |                                       |
|------------------------------|----------|---|-------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|
|                              |          |   | Notional    | Gain (loss)      |                                       |
|                              |          |   | principal   | on               |                                       |
| (In thousands of Korean won) | Position |   | amount      | settlements (*1) | Purpose of transactions               |
| Equity index options         | Long     | ₩ | 194,067,779 | (453,819)        | Trading and hedging (risk management) |
| Equity index options         | Short    |   | 198,261,997 | 103,491          | Trading and hedging (risk management) |
| Interest rate futures        | Long     |   | 623,609,160 | 623,210          | Trading and hedging (risk management) |
| Interest rate futures        | Short    |   | 661,426,013 | 3,798,113        | Trading and hedging (risk management) |
| Equity index futures         | Long     |   | 15,054,688  | 64               | Trading and hedging (risk management) |
| Equity index futures         | Short    |   | 72,068,238  | (826,067)        | Trading and hedging (risk management) |
| FX futures                   | Long     |   | 38,456,380  | 167,960          | Trading and hedging (risk management) |
| FX futures                   | Short    |   | 172,142,289 | (804,109)        | Trading and hedging (risk management) |
| Commodity futures            | Long     |   | 273,815     | 23,011           | Trading and hedging (risk management) |
| Commodity futures            | Short    |   | 1,784,133   | (20,820)         | Trading and hedging (risk management) |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Gain (loss) on settlement of futures and options are directly recognized in gain or loss on derivatives transactions through changes in margin balances.

|                                |          |   |                    | 2020              |                                       |
|--------------------------------|----------|---|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| (In the year do of Verson wen) | Decition |   | Notional principal | Gain (loss)<br>on | District of transcritions             |
| (In thousands of Korean won)   | Position |   | amount             | settlements (*1)  | Purpose of transactions               |
| Equity index options           | Long     | ₩ | 47,059,809         | 485,966           | Trading and hedging (risk management) |
| Equity index options           | Short    |   | 53,246,336         | (490,664)         | Trading and hedging (risk management) |
| Interest rate futures          | Long     |   | 132,773,470        | (403,810)         | Trading and hedging (risk management) |
| Interest rate futures          | Short    |   | 693,554,230        | 1,065,009         | Trading and hedging (risk management) |
| Equity index futures           | Long     |   | 3,176,113          | 78,591            | Trading and hedging (risk management) |
| Equity index futures           | Short    |   | 169,926,374        | (4,095,393)       | Trading and hedging (risk management) |
| FX futures                     | Long     |   | 55,490,760         | (209,802)         | Trading and hedging (risk management) |
| FX futures                     | Short    |   | 118,946,034        | 979,778           | Trading and hedging (risk management) |
| Commodity futures              | Long     |   | 7,247,490          | (94,584)          | Trading and hedging (risk management) |
| Commodity futures              | Short    |   | 7,349,059          | 111,468           | Trading and hedging (risk management) |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Gain (loss) on settlement of futures and options are directly recognized in gain or loss on derivatives transactions through changes in margin balances.

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# (2) OTC derivatives

Details of OTC derivatives outstanding as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

|                              |    | 2021                  |              |                                    |            |             |                                       |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|----|-----------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
|                              |    |                       | Cumulative   | gain (loss)                        |            |             |                                       |  |  |  |
|                              |    | Notional<br>principal | Gain (loss)  | Adjustments<br>for<br>counterparty | Derivative | Derivative  |                                       |  |  |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won) |    | amount                | on valuation | credit risks                       | assets     | liabilities | Purpose of transactions               |  |  |  |
| FX                           |    |                       |              |                                    |            |             |                                       |  |  |  |
| Currency forwards            | ₩  | 211,048,775           | 83,233       | (27,070)                           | 555,957    | 499,794     | Trading and hedging (risk management) |  |  |  |
| Currency swaps               |    | 1,295,371,851         | 883,698      | (689,302)                          | 18,945,299 | 18,750,903  | Trading and hedging (risk management) |  |  |  |
| Interest rate                |    |                       |              |                                    |            |             |                                       |  |  |  |
| Interest rate swaps          |    | 130,000,000           | (6,835,005)  | (14,165)                           | 59,090     | 6,908,260   | Hedging (risk management)             |  |  |  |
| Interest rate forwards       |    | -                     | -            | -                                  | -          | -           | Hedging (risk management)             |  |  |  |
| Credit                       |    |                       |              |                                    |            |             | ,                                     |  |  |  |
| Credit swaps                 |    | 1,626,592,000         | 1,045,666    | 395,603                            | 6,506,099  | 5,064,830   | Trading                               |  |  |  |
| Total                        | ₩. | 3,263,012,626         | (4,822,408)  | (334,934)                          | 26,066,445 | 31,223,787  | -                                     |  |  |  |
|                              |    |                       |              |                                    |            |             |                                       |  |  |  |

The following table presents a roll-forward of Day One gains and losses for the year ended December 31, 2021:

|                              |   | Balance at  | Change<br>due to | Change<br>from | Change<br>from | Balance at  |
|------------------------------|---|-------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| (In thousands of Korean won) |   | January 1   | new trades       | recognition    | transfers      | December 31 |
| Derivatives                  |   |             |                  |                |                |             |
| OTC derivatives              | ₩ | (6,478,331) | (2,682,729)      | 3,045,683      | -              | (6,115,377) |

Details of OTC derivatives outstanding as of December 31, 2020 are as follows:

|                              |    | 2020                  |              |                                    |            |             |                                       |  |
|------------------------------|----|-----------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|--|
|                              |    |                       | Cumulative   | gain (loss)                        |            |             |                                       |  |
|                              |    | Notional<br>principal | Gain (loss)  | Adjustments<br>for<br>counterparty | Derivative | Derivative  |                                       |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won) | _  | amount                | on valuation | credit risks                       | assets     | liabilities | Purpose of transactions               |  |
| FX                           |    |                       |              |                                    |            |             |                                       |  |
| Currency forwards            | ₩  | 30,817,852            | (609,366)    | 5,522                              | 85,315     | 689,159     | Trading and hedging (risk management) |  |
| Currency swaps               |    | 253,097,478           | 194,791      | (742,259)                          | 3,009,004  | 3,556,472   | Trading and hedging (risk management) |  |
| Interest rate                |    |                       |              |                                    |            |             |                                       |  |
| Interest rate swaps          |    | 263,557,700           | (4,066,148)  | (313,742)                          | 2,638,088  | 7,017,978   | Hedging (risk management)             |  |
| Interest rate forwards       |    | 160,000,000           | -            | (4,838)                            | 338,528    | 343,366     | Hedging (risk management)             |  |
| Credit                       |    |                       |              |                                    |            |             |                                       |  |
| Credit swaps                 |    | 1,559,792,000         | 1,187,563    | (281,654)                          | 10,018,615 | 9,112,706   | Trading                               |  |
| Total                        | W. | 2,267,265,030         | (3,293,160)  | (1,336,971)                        | 16,089,550 | 20,719,681  |                                       |  |

The following table presents a roll-forward of Day One gains and losses for the year ended December 31, 2020:

| (In thousands of Korean won) |   | Balance at<br>January 1 | Change<br>due to<br>new trades | Change<br>from<br>recognition | Change<br>from<br>transfers | Balance at<br>December 31 |
|------------------------------|---|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Derivatives                  |   |                         |                                |                               |                             |                           |
| OTC derivatives              | W | (8.373.496)             | 1.688.109                      | 2.414.327                     | (2.207.271)                 | (6.478.331)               |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### 18. Broker's Loans

The details of broker's loans as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)      |   | 2021        | 2020        |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|
| Margin loans to customers         | ₩ | 399,202,435 | 392,997,154 |
| Unrepaid loans                    |   | 109,896     | 53,875      |
| Loans secured by securities       |   | 393,393,900 | 337,064,961 |
| Loans secured by trading proceeds |   | 5,419,728   | 9,057,417   |
| Loss allowance                    |   | (1,014,009) | (386,731)   |
| Total                             | ₩ | 797,111,950 | 738,786,676 |

The Group provides loans to customers for margin trades with funds from borrowings from KSFC for margin loans and the Group's own funds. As of December 31, 2021, interest rates on margin loans to customers range from 7.5% to 9.3% per annum, and the base maturity is set to 90 days with extensions available for customers with S, A, B and C1 grades by each unit of 90 days. Cash or securities equivalent to 140% of such loans are held as collateral for margin trades. The Group or KSFC retains securities which customers purchased based on the source of the margin funded from as collateral. In case that the collateral fall short of 140% of the corresponding margin, additional cash or securities are provided from the customers to make up for the amount equal to or greater than the shortfall.

The Group provides loans to customers secured by customers' securities at brokerage accounts, and loans are classified to S, A and B grades and selective C grade eligible for loans. Loans are available for up to 65% of the closing prices of the related securities of the previous day for S grade, 60% for A grade, 55% for B grade, and 50% for selective C grade. Individual credit limits for customers are applied per customers' grades and are managed on an integrated basis. The base, maturity for the loan is set to 3 months with extensions available for S, A, B and C1 grades by each unit of 3 months. As of December 31, 2021, interest rates for the loans secured by customers' securities range from 7.5% to 9.0% per annum.

## 19. Property and Equipment

(1) The following tables present roll-forwards of property and equipment for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

|                              |   | 2021                       |   |           |               |              |                              |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|---|----------------------------|---|-----------|---------------|--------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| (In thousands of Korean won) |   | Balance<br>at<br>January 1 | Additions<br>(including<br>capital<br>expenditures) | Disposals | Transfer (*1) | Depreciation | Balance<br>at<br>December 31 |  |  |  |
| Land                         | ₩ | 10,527,308                 | -   |           | (325,634)     | -            | 10,201,674                   |  |  |  |
| Buildings                    |   | 7,747,503                  | -   | -         | (532,174)     | (204,735)    | 7,010,595                    |  |  |  |
| Vehicles                     |   | 17,550                     | 196,676   | (2)       | -             | (42,130)     | 172,094                      |  |  |  |
| Furniture and equipment      |   | 12,446,826                 | 2,987,837   | (26,964)  | 205,070       | (4,550,291)  | 11,062,478                   |  |  |  |
| Right-of-use assets          |   | 34,197,441                 | 57,704,227  | (314,139) | -             | (11,981,713) | 79,605,816                   |  |  |  |
| Total                        | ₩ | 64,936,628                 | 60,888,740  | (341,105) | (652,738)     | (16,778,869) | 108,052,656                  |  |  |  |

(\*1) Land and buildings were transferred to investment properties, furniture and equipment were transferred from advance payments.

|                              |   |               |                                    | :           | 2020          |              |               |
|------------------------------|---|---------------|------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
|                              |   | Balance<br>at | Additions<br>(including<br>capital |             |               |              | Balance<br>at |
| (In thousands of Korean won) |   | January 1     | expenditures)                      | Disposals   | Transfer (*1) | Depreciation | December 31   |
| Land                         | ₩ | 11,097,308    | -                                  | (570,000)   | -             | -            | 10,527,308    |
| Buildings                    |   | 8,632,373     | -                                  | (651,855)   | -             | (233,015)    | 7,747,503     |
| Vehicles                     |   | 35,096        | -                                  | (2)         | -             | (17,544)     | 17,550        |
| Furniture and equipment      |   | 8,923,557     | 7,405,815                          | (167,499)   | -             | (3,715,047)  | 12,446,826    |
| Right-of-use assets          |   | 24,637,613    | 21,532,549                         | (5,427,027) | -             | (6,545,694)  | 34,197,441    |
| Total                        | ₩ | 53,325,947    | 28,938,364                         | (6,816,383) |               | (10,511,300) | 64,936,628    |

(\*1) Transfer-in from advance payments.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(2) As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Publicly Notified Land Price (PNLP) of individual land parcels, which were notified by local government offices and based on publicly appraised PNLP of adjacent standard land parcels notified by the Mistry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport (MOLIT) of the Republic of Korea, of the Group are as follows:

|   |   | 2021       |           | 2020       |           |
|---|---|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
|   |   | Carrying   | <u> </u>  | Carrying   | _         |
| (In thousands of Korean won)                                    |   | amount     | PNLP      | amount     | PNLP      |
| Land - branch offices, employee training center and condominium | W | 10,201,674 | 9,049,102 | 10,527,308 | 9,532,007 |

#### 20. Investment Properties

(1) Details of investment properties as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|                  |             |                                 |   | 2021       |            | 20:        | 20         |
|------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (In thousands of | Korean won) |                                 |   | Carrying   | Fair       | Carrying   | Fair       |
| Property         | Details     | Place of the property           |   | amount     | value (*1) | amount     | value (*1) |
| Land             | Commercial  | 10-25, Sapyeong-daero 45-gil,   | ₩ | 12,189,490 | 12 012 000 | 12,189,490 | 12 012 000 |
| Buildings (*2)   | real estate | Seoch-gu, Seoul                 |   | 3,705,047  | 13,913,000 | 3,803,411  | 13,913,000 |
| Land             | Commercial  | Suite 200, 196, Jamsil-dong,    |   | 570,000    | 5,683,000  | 570,000    | 5.683.000  |
| Buildings (*2)   | real estate | Songpa-gu, Seoul                |   | 589,686    | 3,063,000  | 625,212    | 5,065,000  |
| Land             | Commercial  | Suite 204, 1123-5, Sanbon-dong, |   | 325,635    | 655.383    | -          |            |
| Buildings        | real estate | Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do           |   | 512,775    | 000,363    | -          | -          |
|                  | To          | otal                            | ₩ | 17,892,633 | 20,249,383 | 16,091,265 | 12,161,875 |
|                  |             |                                 | : |            |            |            |            |

- (\*1) The fair values of investment properties are determined by an independent real estate appraiser, having appropriate recognized professional qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of property being valued. The fair value measurements for all of the investment properties have been categorized as Level 3 fair value measurements due to inputs used in the valuation technique.
- (\*2) For each investment property, the tenants have leasehold rights on the leasehold deposits received for rents of ₩280 million and ₩150 million, respectively, as of December 31, 2021.
- (2) The following table presents a roll-forward of investment properties for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

| (In thousands of Korean won) |   | 2021       | 2020       |
|------------------------------|---|------------|------------|
| Balance at January 1         | ₩ | 17,188,113 | 16,091,265 |
| Transfers                    |   | 857,807    | 1,221,855  |
| Depreciation                 |   | (153,287)  | (125,007)  |
| Balance at December 31       | ₩ | 17,892,633 | 17,188,113 |

(3) The amounts recognized in profit or loss from investment properties for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)                              |   | 2021    | 2020    |
|---|---|---------|---------|
| Rental income from investment properties                  | ₩ | 544,116 | 409,257 |
| Direct operating expenses arising from                    |   |         |         |
| investment properties that generated rental income        |   | 180,830 | 197,668 |
| Direct operating expenses arising from                    |   |         |         |
| investment properties that did not generate rental income |   | 25,843  | -       |

### 21. Insured Properties

The Group has fire and comprehensive insurance policies with Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Ltd. and other insurance companies which cover fire and other casualty damages up to \wxi23,300 million as of December 31, 2021, for buildings, furniture & equipment and vehicles.

In accordance with Article 9 of Electronic Financial Transactions Act and Article 5 of Regulations on Electronic Financial Transactions, the Group have electronic financial accident insurance policies with Hana Insurance Co., Ltd., DB Insurance Co., Ltd. and others which cover compensation for damages up to \(\pi\)1 billion per case and management liability insurance policy of \(\pi\)10 billion with Samsung Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Ltd. to compensate any damages of customers from accidents arising from forgery or alteration of the access devices or accidents incurred in the course of electronical transmissions or processing. In addition, the Group has commercial general liability insurance policy.

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For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# 22. Intangible Assets

(1) Details of intangible assets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|                   |   |             | 202          | 21          |            | 2020        |              |             |            |  |  |
|-------------------|---|-------------|--------------|-------------|------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|------------|--|--|
| (In thousands of  |   | Acquisition | Accumulated  | Accumulated | Carrying   | Acquisition | Accumulated  | Accumulated | Carrying   |  |  |
| Korean won)       |   | cost        | amortization | impairment  | amount     | cost        | amortization | impairment  | amount     |  |  |
| Development costs | ₩ | 3,690,334   | (2,394,357)  |             | 1,295,977  | 3,512,504   | (1,994,766)  | -           | 1,517,738  |  |  |
| Software          |   | 38,968,553  | (28,273,594) | -           | 10,694,959 | 35,849,085  | (23,963,832) | -           | 11,885,253 |  |  |
| Other intangibles |   | 23,319,989  |              | (4,803,002) | 18,516,987 | 21,173,203  |              | (6,152,889) | 15,020,314 |  |  |
| Total             | ₩ | 65,978,876  | (30,667,951) | (4,803,002) | 30,507,923 | 60,534,792  | (25,958,598) | (6,152,889) | 28,423,305 |  |  |

(2) The following tables present roll-forwards of intangible assets for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

|    |            |  |   |   | 2021  |  |  |   |
|----|------------|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|
| _  |            |  |   |   |   |  | Reversal of  |   |
|    | Balance at |  |   | Transfers   |   | Impairment   | impairment   | Balance at  |
|    | January 1  | Additions  | Disposals   | (*1)  | Amortization  | loss   | loss   | December 31   |
| ₩  | 1,517,738  | 146,678  | -   | 31,152  | (399,591)   | -  | -  | 1,295,977   |
|    | 11,885,253 | 3,119,468  | -   | -   | (4,309,762)   | -  | -  | 10,694,959  |
|    | 15,020,314 | 3,701,786  | (904,200)   |   |   |  | 699,087  | 18,516,987  |
| w_ | 28,423,305 | 6,967,932  | (904,200)   | 31,152  | (4,709,353)   |  | 699,087  | 30,507,923  |
|    | _          | <b>January 1</b> ₩ 1,517,738 11,885,253 15,020,314 | January 1         Additions           W         1,517,738         146,678           11,885,253         3,119,468           15,020,314         3,701,786 | January 1         Additions         Disposals           ₩ 1,517,738         146,678         -           11,885,253         3,119,468         -           15,020,314         3,701,786         (904,200) | January 1         Additions         Disposals         (*1)           W         1,517,738         146,678         -         31,152           11,885,253         3,119,468         -         -         -           15,020,314         3,701,786         (904,200)         - | January 1         Additions         Disposals         (*1)         Amortization           W         1,517,738         146,678         -         31,152         (399,591)           11,885,253         3,119,468         -         -         (4,309,762)           15,020,314         3,701,786         (904,200)         -         - | Balance at January 1         Additions Additions         Disposals Disposals         (*1) (*1) (*1) (*1) (*1) (*1) (*1) (*1) | Balance at January 1         Additions Additions         Disposals Disposals         (*1) (*1) Amortization         Amortization Ioss         Impairment Impairment Ioss           W 1,517,738         146,678         - 31,152         (399,591)             11,885,253         3,119,468          - (4,309,762)          - 699,087           15,020,314         3,701,786         (904,200)           - 699,087 |

(\*1) Transfer-in from advance payments.

|                   |   |            |           |           |           | 2020         |            |             |             |
|-------------------|---|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
|                   |   |            |           |           |           |              |            | Reversal of |             |
| (In thousands of  |   | Balance at |           |           | Transfers |              | Impairment | impairment  | Balance at  |
| Korean won)       |   | January 1  | Additions | Disposals | (*1)      | Amortization | loss       | loss        | December 31 |
| Development costs | W | 1,323,009  | 428,786   | -         | 90,965    | (325,022)    | -          | -           | 1,517,738   |
| Software          |   | 13,032,370 | 1,195,393 | -         | 2,086,300 | (4,428,810)  | -          | -           | 11,885,253  |
| Other intangibles | _ | 13,893,220 | 611,904   | (238,350) |           |              | (56,667)   | 810,207     | 15,020,314  |
| Total             | ₩ | 28,248,599 | 2,236,083 | (238,350) | 2,177,265 | (4,753,832)  | (56,667)   | 810,207     | 28,423,305  |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Transfer-in from advance payments.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### 23. Borrowings and Other Borrowed Funds

Details of borrowings and other borrowed funds as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|  | Interest rate |     |               |               |  |
|--|---------------|-----|---------------|---------------|--|
| (In thousands of Korean won)                     | (%) per annum |     | 2021          | 2020          |  |
| Call money                                       |               |     | _             |               |  |
| The Export-Import Bank of Korea and others       | 3.80          | ₩   | 100,000,000   | 120,000,000   |  |
| Borrowings                                       |               |     |               |               |  |
| KSFC   | 0.45 ~ 1.89   |     | 732,440,798   | 707,997,857   |  |
| KTB Investment & Securities Co., Ltd. and others | 1.09 ~ 2.69   |     | 610,000,000   | 575,000,000   |  |
| Heungkuk Securities Co., Ltd. and others         | 1.85 ~ 2.37   |     | 146,000,000   | 120,880,472   |  |
| Shinhan Investment Corp. and others              | 1.20 ~ 1.25   |     | 86,784,852    | 35,000,000    |  |
| Subtotal   |               | _   | 1,575,225,650 | 1,438,878,329 |  |
| Securities sold under agreements to repurchase   |               |     |               |               |  |
| Retail customers                                 | 0.65          |     | 844,662,357   | 839,208,891   |  |
| KSFC   | 1.23 ~ 5.00   |     | 1,264,200,000 | 1,516,100,000 |  |
| Subtotal   |               | _   | 2,108,862,357 | 2,355,308,891 |  |
| Total  |               | ₩ _ | 3,784,088,007 | 3,914,187,221 |  |

The Group pledges securities and other assets as collateral for borrowings and other borrowed funds in the table above as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 (See Note 15).

#### 24. Subordinated Bonds Issued

Details of subordinated bonds issued as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|                                   | Effective         |   |            |            |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---|------------|------------|
| (In thousands of Korean won)      | interest rate (%) |   | 2021       | 2020       |
| 14th Unsecured Subordinated Bonds | 5.10              | W | 10,000,000 | 10,000,000 |
| 15th Unsecured Subordinated Bonds | 4.50              |   | 40,000,000 | 40,000,000 |
|                                   |                   | ₩ | 50,000,000 | 50,000,000 |

The Group issued 14th Unsecured Subordinated Bonds of \(\pi\)30,000 million in private placements on March 28, 2017, which bear coupon interest rate of 5.1% per annum and mature on March 28, 2023. The Group made partial repayment of \(\pi\)20,000 million on March 19, 2020 for 14th Unsecured Subordinated Bonds.

The Group issued 15th Unsecured Subordinated Bonds of \( \frac{\pmu}{40},000 \) million in private placements on March 19, 2020, which bear coupon interest rate of 4.5% per annum and mature on March 19, 2027.

## 25. Employee Benefits

(1) Details of employee benefits recognized as expenses for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)                |     | 2021        | 2020        |
|---|-----|-------------|-------------|
| Salaries                                    | ₩   | 141,791,521 | 152,787,096 |
| Contributions to defined contribution plans |     | 7,190,543   | 6,089,494   |
| Total                                       | ₩ _ | 148,982,064 | 158,876,590 |

(2) The Parent Company operates defined contribution plans as its post-retirement plan for employees, and is required to make contributions of a twelfth or greater of annual aggregate wages and salaries of each employee on an annual basis. For employees with service period less than one year as of the date when the contribution is made, the Parent Company makes the contribution for the amount from the date of employment to the date of the contribution at the date of annual contribution after the first anniversary date of the employment.

Eugene Asset Management and Eugene Investments & Futures, subsidiaries, operates defined contribution plans and make contributions to retirement pension providers on a quarterly basis.

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For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### 26. Loans and Advances for Customers

## (1) Loans

Loans consist of loans to executives and employees for security deposits of residential real estates, and repayments of the principal and interest on these loans are made when the respective salaries are paid.

## (2) Advances for customers

Details of advances for customers as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|   |       | 20        | )21       | 2020      |           |  |
|---|-------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|
|   | Gross |           |           | Gross     |           |  |
|   |       | carrying  | Loss      | carrying  | Loss      |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won)              |       | amount    | allowance | amount    | allowance |  |
| Advances for payment on loss compensation | ₩     | 6,014,131 | 6,014,131 | 5,666,962 | 5,648,800 |  |
| Advances for payment for others (*1)      |       | 675,808   | 675,808   | 675,808   | 675,808   |  |
| Total                                     | ₩     | 6,689,939 | 6,689,939 | 6,342,770 | 6,324,608 |  |

(\*1) Advances for payment for others represent receivables due to advance payments made to other security companies applicable to the payments from Securities Investors Protection Funds in accordance with old clauses of Article 69-2 or Article 69-4 of Securities and Exchange Act.

#### 27. Commitments and Contingencies

(1) The following tables present roll-forwards of provisions and financial guarantees liability for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

|                                     |   |           |                | 2021         |                      |              |
|-------------------------------------|---|-----------|----------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------|
|                                     | • |           | Provisions     | Provisions   |                      |              |
|                                     |   |           | for<br>payment | for<br>legal | Financial guarantees |              |
| (In thousands of Korean won)        |   | AROs      | guarantees     | claims       | liability            | Total        |
| Balance at January 1                | ₩ | 1,890,161 | 1,863,293      | 12,869,803   | 24,199,722           | 40,822,979   |
| Transfer                            |   | -         | (255,974)      | -            | -                    | (255,974)    |
| Provisions made (reversed)          |   | (46,273)  | (50,926)       | 241,475      | 21,507,840           | 21,652,116   |
| Changes (*1)                        |   | 243,181   | -              | -            | -                    | 243,181      |
| Provisions used                     |   | -         | -              | (241,475)    | -                    | (241,475)    |
| Unwind of discount and amortization |   |           |                |              | (13,342,993)         | (13,342,993) |
| Balance at December 31              | ₩ | 2,087,069 | 1,556,393      | 12,869,803   | 32,364,569           | 48,877,834   |

(\*1) Changes represents changes in the measurement of asset retirement obligations ("AROs") that result from changes in assumptions made at the end of each reporting period, which are added to, or deducted from, the cost of the related right-of-use assets.

|                                     |     |           |                              | 2020                       |                         |             |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-----------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
|                                     |     |           | Provisions<br>for<br>payment | Provisions<br>for<br>legal | Financial<br>guarantees |             |
| (In thousands of Korean won)        |     | AROs      | guarantees                   | claims                     | liability               | Total       |
| Balance at January 1                | _ ₩ | 1,558,759 | 604,082                      | 4,504,960                  | 22,984,780              | 29,652,581  |
| Provisions made (reversed)          |     | (43,770)  | 1,259,211                    | 12,869,802                 | 6,931,013               | 21,016,256  |
| Changes (*1)                        |     | 415,091   | -                            | -                          | -                       | 415,091     |
| Provisions used                     |     | _         | -                            | (2,194,725)                | -                       | (2,194,725) |
| Unwind of discount and amortization |     | (39,919)  | -                            | (2,310,234)                | (5,716,071)             | (8,066,224) |
| Balance at December 31              | ₩   | 1,890,161 | 1,863,293                    | 12,869,803                 | 24,199,722              | 40,822,979  |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Changes represents changes in the measurement of asset retirement obligations ("AROs") that result from changes in assumptions made at the end of each reporting period, which are added to, or deducted from, the cost of the related right-of-use assets.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

AROs are the present value of the best estimates of future restoration costs for existing leased branches and office premises discounted with appropriate discount rates as of December 31, 2021. AROs will be settled upon termination of the lease contracts of individual branches. To estimate future restoration costs, the Group used the average amount of actual restoration costs incurred and the average inflation rates for the latest 3 years.

Financial guarantees liability is initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at the higher of:

- the loss allowance determined in accordance with requirements for impairment of Korean IFRS 1109, Financial Instruments, and
- the amount initially recognized less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognized in accordance with the principles of Korean IFRS 1115, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*.
- (2) The following tables present roll-forwards of provisions for payment guarantees for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

|           |                                   | 2021   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 12-month  | Lifetime EC                       |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ECLs      | Not credit-impaired               | Credit-impaired  | Total   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,862,585 | 708                               | -  | 1,863,293   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (52,132)  | 1,206                             | -  | (50,926)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (255,974) | -                                 | -  | (255,974)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,554,479 | 1,914                             |  | 1,556,393   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|           | ECLs 1,862,585 (52,132) (255,974) | ECLs Not credit-impaired  V 1,862,585 708 (52,132) 1,206 (255,974) - | ECLs         Not credit-impaired         Credit-impaired           V         1,862,585         708         -           (52,132)         1,206         -           (255,974)         -         - |  |  |  |  |  |  |

|                              | - | 2020      |                     |                 |           |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|---|-----------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
|                              |   | 12-month  | Lifetime EC         | CLs             |           |  |  |  |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won) |   | ECLs      | Not credit-impaired | Credit-impaired | Total     |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at January 1         | w | 602,661   | 1,421               | -               | 604,082   |  |  |  |  |
| Provisions made (reversed)   |   | 1,259,924 | (713)               |                 | 1,259,211 |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at December 31       | ₩ | 1,862,585 | 708                 | -               | 1,863,293 |  |  |  |  |

2020

(3) The following tables present roll-forwards of financial guarantees liability for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

|                              |   |              | 2021                |                 |              |
|------------------------------|---|--------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------------|
|                              |   | 12-month     | Lifetime E          | CLs             | _            |
| (In thousands of Korean won) |   | <b>ECLs</b>  | Not credit-impaired | Credit-impaired | Total        |
| Balance at January 1         | W | 24,199,722   | -                   | -               | 24,199,722   |
| Provisions made (reversed)   |   | 21,507,840   | -                   | -               | 21,507,840   |
| Amortization                 |   | (13,342,993) |                     |                 | (13,342,993) |
| Balance at December 31       | ₩ | 32,364,569   |                     |                 | 32,364,569   |

|                              |   | 2020        |                     |                 |             |  |  |  |
|------------------------------|---|-------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------|--|--|--|
|                              | _ | 12-month    | Lifetime E          | _               |             |  |  |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won) |   | ECLs        | Not credit-impaired | Credit-impaired | Total       |  |  |  |
| Balance at January 1         | ₩ | 22,984,780  | -                   | -               | 22,984,780  |  |  |  |
| Provisions made (reversed)   |   | 6,931,013   | -                   | -               | 6,931,013   |  |  |  |
| Amortization                 |   | (5,716,071) | -                   | -               | (5,716,071) |  |  |  |
| Balance at December 31       | ₩ | 24,199,722  | -                   |                 | 24,199,722  |  |  |  |

(4) Details of off-balance sheet arrangements as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)  |   | 2021        | 2020        |
|-------------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|
| Payment guarantees (*1)       | ₩ | 75,121      | 75,121      |
| Purchase commitments (*2)(*4) |   | 562,100,000 | 399,500,000 |
| Investment commitments (*3)   |   | 73,017,287  | 63,882,540  |
| Total                         | ₩ | 635,192,408 | 463,457,661 |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

- (\*1) The Group issued performance guarantees in relation to work-out of construction companies as of December 31, 2021 and 2020. The Group recognized provisions of \text{\text{\$\psi}}2 million for the performance guarantees.
- (\*2) The commitments represent the Group's contractual obligations to provide credit when the borrower fails to make repayments on the electronic short-term bonds.
- (\*3) The commitments represent the Group's contractual obligations to make additional investments upon asset management companies' requests or investors' agreements.
- (\*4) Credits executed by the purchase commitments are amounted to ₩21,556,372 thousand as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.
- (5) Details of the Group's credit facilities with financial institutions as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won) | Financial institution       |   | 2021        | 2020        |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|
| Daylight overdraft           | Woori Bank and Kookmin Bank | w | 40,000,000  | 30,000,000  |
| Line of credit               | NongHyup Bank               |   | 2,000,000   | -           |
| Margin financing loan        | KSFC                        |   | 400,000,000 | 400,000,000 |
| Short-term note discounting  |                             |   | 225,000,000 | 225,000,000 |
| Working capital loan         |                             |   | 150,000,000 | 300,000,000 |
| Secured financing loan       |                             |   | 500,000,000 | 450,000,000 |
| Intraday call loan           |                             |   | 200,000,000 | 200,000,000 |
| Secured loan (*1)            |                             |   | 10,000,000  | 10,000,000  |

(\*1) Eugene Investment & Futures provides 100% of its Korea Exchange stocks included in financial assets at FVOCI as collateral in relation to the secured loan agreement with KSFC above.

(6) Details of securities in custody and borrowed securities as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)                            |     | 2021           | 2020           |
|---|-----|----------------|----------------|
| Securities in custody                                   |     |                |                |
| Customers' securities in custody                        | ₩   | 13,719,393,899 | 12,746,137,403 |
| Customers' securities in custody for securities savings |     | 8,863,488      | 5,774,034      |
| Customers' securities in custody for trusts             |     | 7,762,940,650  | 5,597,330,034  |
| Other securities in custody                             |     | 489,050        | 9,360,792      |
| Total   | ₩   | 21,491,687,087 | 18,358,602,263 |
| Borrowed securities                                     | ₩ = | 474 748 870    | 332 371 040    |

## (7) Legal claims

The Parent Company is involved with eleven lawsuits, three as defendant with claims of \text{\psi}16,697 million and eight as plaintiff with claims of \text{\psi}11,122 million as of December 31, 2021. It was involved with twelve lawsuits, five as defendant with claims of \text{\psi}10,188 million and seven as plaintiff with claims of \text{\psi}3,672 million as of December 31, 2020. Based on historical experiences for the similar cases in nature, the Group did not recognize provisions for legal claims outstanding as of December 31, 2021. The outcomes of lawsuits are currently unpredictable and additional profits or losses could incur from the future outcomes of the lawsuits.

Eugene Asset Management, a subsidiary, recognized provisions for pending lawsuits including claims for damages with reasonable estimates. It made provisions of \text{\text{\text{W12,870}}} million for two legal cases with claims of \text{\text{\text{\text{\text{W14,975}}}} million. Changes in the provisions already recognized and profits or losses may occur from the final outcomes of the lawsuits.

Including two legal cases to which Eugene Asset Management recognized provisions, it is involved with two lawsuits as defendant with claims of \( \partial 4.975 \) million as of December 31, 2021. It was involved with five lawsuits with claims of \( \partial 23.580 \) million as of December 31, 2020. The outcomes of lawsuits are currently unpredictable and additional profits or losses could incur from the future outcomes of the lawsuits in addition to the amounts partly recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

Eugene Investment & Futures, a subsidiary, is involved with one lawsuit as plaintiff with claims of \text{\$\psi 400\$ million and three as defendant with claims of \text{\$\psi 513\$ million as of December 31, 2021. It was involved with two lawsuits as plaintiff with claims of \text{\$\psi 587\$ million and two lawsuits as defendant with claims of \text{\$\psi 275\$ million as of December 31, 2020. The outcomes of lawsuits are currently unpredictable and additional profits or losses could incur from the future outcomes of the lawsuits in addition to the amounts partly recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### (8) Other matters

Eugene Investment & Futures, a subsidiary, entered into brokerage agreements with future commission merchants ("FCM", hereafter) such as BNP Paribas and United Overseas Bank, for brokerage of overseas derivatives trades, and it entered into agency contracts for derivatives trades with domestic customers.

#### 28. Share Capital

#### (1) Details of share capital

Details of the Parent Company's share capital as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)         |   | 2021               | 2020               |
|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Authorized shares                    |   | 600,000,000 shares | 600,000,000 shares |
| Par value per share (in won)         | ₩ | 5,000              | 5,000              |
| Shares in issue                      |   | 96,866,418 shares  | 96,866,418 shares  |
| Share capital - ordinary shares (*1) | ₩ | 537,592,090        | 537,592,090        |

(\*1) The Parent Company's share capital is not equal to the aggregated par value of shares in issue due to share retirements made against retained earnings for buybacks of 8,652,000 ordinary shares with the par value of \(\psi\_5,000\) and 4,000,000 ordinary shares with the par value of \(\psi\_2,500\) which made prior to the year ended December 31, 2021.

## (2) Stock split and reverse stock split

The Parent Company made a 2-for-1 stock split decreasing par value from \(\psi\_5,000\) to \(\psi\_2,500\) per share on June 30, 2001, and a 5-for-1 stock split decreasing par value from \(\psi\_2,500\) to \(\psi\_500\) on June 30, 2005. On June 30, 2011, the Parent Company made a 1-to-10 reverse stock split increasing par value from \(\psi\_5,000\) per share.

## 29. Retained Earnings

Changes in the Group's retained earnings for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)                                    |   | 2021         | 2020        |
|---|---|--------------|-------------|
| Balance at January 1  | ₩ | 234,037,888  | 165,471,872 |
| Profit for the year   |   | 90,685,709   | 75,403,025  |
| Cash dividends  |   | (11,260,697) | (6,778,740) |
| The Group's share in changes in retained earnings of associates |   | -            | (58,269)    |
| Other   |   | (365,037)    | -           |
| Balance at December 31  | W | 313,097,863  | 234,037,888 |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

## 30. Income Taxes

## (1) Details of income taxes

Details of the Group's income taxes for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)  |   | 2021        | 2020        |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|
| Current tax - current year  | ₩ | 24,914,254  | 14,690,649  |
| Deferred tax - origination and reversal of temporary differences (*1) |   | 9,092,540   | 20,452,377  |
| Current tax - changes in estimates related to prior years             |   | 12,489      | (4,384)     |
| Total income tax  | _ | 34,019,283  | 35,138,642  |
| Income tax recognized in OCI (*2)                                     |   | (3,569,778) | (9,655,216) |
| Income tax expense  | ₩ | 30,449,505  | 25,483,426  |

(\*1) Details of deferred tax arising from origination and reversal of temporary differences for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)                                     |   | 2021       | 2020       |
|--|---|------------|------------|
| Net deferred tax liabilities balance at December 31              | W | 30,927,804 | 21,835,264 |
| Less: Net deferred tax liabilities balance at January 1          | _ | 21,835,264 | 1,382,887  |
| Deferred tax - origination and reversal of temporary differences | ₩ | 9,092,540  | 20,452,377 |

(\*2) Details of income tax recognized in OCI for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|   |   | 2021       |             | 2020       |             |  |
|---|---|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|--|
|   |   | Before     | Deferred    | Before     | Deferred    |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won)                                  |   | tax        | tax         | tax        | tax         |  |
| Gain on valuation of financial assets at FVOCI                | ₩ | 20,294,807 | (3,543,780) | 20,989,715 | (9,416,354) |  |
| Change in fair value attributable to change in credit risk of |   |            |             |            |             |  |
| financial liabilities designated as being held at FVTPL       |   | 478,783    | (96,308)    | 733,301    | (238,862)   |  |
| Share of other comprehensive income of associates             |   | (652,276)  | 70,310      | 381,329    | -           |  |
| Total   | ₩ | 20,121,314 | (3,569,778) | 22,104,345 | (9,655,216) |  |

# (2) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

The following table presents reconciliations of effective tax rate for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

| (In thousands of Korean won)                     |     | 2021        | 2020        |
|--|-----|-------------|-------------|
| Profit before income tax                         | ₩   | 121,135,214 | 100,886,450 |
| Tax using the Parent Company's domestic tax rate |     | 28,852,722  | 23,952,521  |
| Reconciliation:                                  |     |             |             |
| Tax-exempt income                                |     | (273,008)   | (468,845)   |
| Non-deductible expenses                          |     | 1,051,377   | 690,390     |
| Tax incentives                                   |     | (20)        | (20)        |
| Others   |     | 818,434     | 1,309,380   |
| Income tax expense                               | ₩ _ | 30,449,505  | 25,483,426  |
| Effective tax rate                               | _   | 25.14%      | 25.26%      |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# (3) Movement in temporary differences and deferred tax balances

The following tables present movements in temporary differences and deferred tax balances for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

|   | _ | 2021          |                   |                  |               |                                   |              |              |              |
|---|---|---------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|   | _ | Tempo         | orary differences | - deductible (ta | xable)        | Deferred tax assets (liabilities) |              |              | 1)           |
|   | - | Balance at    |                   |                  | Balance at    | Balance at                        |              |              | Balance at   |
| (In thousands of Korean won)                                |   | January 1     | Increase          | Decrease         | December 31   | January 1                         | Increase     | Decrease     | December 31  |
| Accrued income  | ₩ | (42,390,084)  | (36,838,716)      | (42,390,084)     | (36,838,716)  | (11,699,663)                      | (9,559,647)  | (11,699,663) | (9,559,647)  |
| Loss allowance  |   | 1,001,327     | 619,782           | 493,220          | 1,127,889     | 214,587                           | 138,621      | 101,912      | 251,296      |
| Other provisions  |   | 17,043,329    | 12,869,802        | 12,920,728       | 16,992,403    | 3,778,365                         | 2,659,240    | 2,703,200    | 3,734,405    |
| Gain or loss on valuation of financial assets at FVTPL      |   | 4,248,053     | 65,882,027        | 4,248,054        | 65,882,026    | 1,133,248                         | 17,086,096   | 1,126,505    | 17,092,839   |
| Gain or loss on valuation of financial liabilities at FVTPL |   | 18,586,311    | (10,543,790)      | 18,586,311       | (10,543,790)  | 5,129,822                         | (2,736,114)  | 5,129,822    | (2,736,114)  |
| Gain or loss on valuation of financial assets at FVOCI      |   | (131,950,212) | (31,774,253)      | (13,276,161)     | (150,448,304) | (35,589,640)                      | (8,337,504)  | (4,794,821)  | (39,132,323) |
| Investments in subsidiaries                                 |   | 38,462,377    | (5,159,495)       | -                | 33,302,882    | -                                 | (1,338,889)  | -            | (1,338,889)  |
| Tax allowance for assets                                    |   | (335,450)     | -                 | -                | (335,450)     | (92,584)                          | -            | (5,535)      | (87,049)     |
| Accrued expenses  |   | 27,260,399    | 23,052,610        | 27,423,711       | 22,889,298    | 7,452,927                         | 5,903,903    | 7,446,765    | 5,910,065    |
| Impairment loss on intangible assets                        |   | 6,152,889     | -                 | 1,349,887        | 4,803,002     | 1,629,963                         | 13,591       | 433,606      | 1,209,948    |
| AROs  |   | 1,890,162     | 298,307           | 1,009,593        | 1,178,876     | 509,490                           | 66,550       | 279,302      | 296,738      |
| Right-of-use assets   |   | (33,858,434)  | (49,517,816)      | (4,241,075)      | (79,135,175)  | (9,086,331)                       | (12,651,731) | (1,365,004)  | (20,373,058) |
| Lease liabilities   |   | 34,465,371    | 47,891,855        | 3,919,908        | 78,437,318    | 9,273,429                         | 12,243,048   | 1,313,957    | 20,202,520   |
| Accounts receivable on financial guarantees                 |   | (32,522,669)  | (2,576,079)       | -                | (35,098,748)  | (8,976,257)                       | (668,492)    | (536,624)    | (9,108,125)  |
| Financial guarantees liability                              |   | 34,196,136    | 2,052,030         | -                | 36,248,166    | 9,438,134                         | 532,502      | 564,237      | 9,406,399    |
| Valuation on derivatives                                    |   | (1,559,720)   | (20,630,129)      | (1,559,720)      | (20,630,129)  | (430,483)                         | (5,353,518)  | (430,483)    | (5,353,518)  |
| Others  |   | 20,121,141    | (15,261,257)      | 10,482,602       | (5,622,718)   | 5,479,729                         | (3,974,958)  | 2,848,062    | (1,343,291)  |
| Subtotal  |   | (39,189,074)  | (19,635,122)      | 18,966,974       | (77,791,170)  | (21,835,264)                      | (5,977,302)  | 3,115,238    | (30,927,804) |
| Total   | ₩ | (39,189,074)  | (19,635,122)      | 18,966,974       | (77,791,170)  | (21,835,264)                      | (5,977,302)  | 3,115,238    | (30,927,804) |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

2020 Temporary differences - deductible (taxable) Deferred tax assets (liabilities) (\*1) Balance at Balance at Balance at Balance at January 1 (In thousands of Korean won) December 31 December 31 Increase Decrease January 1 Increase Decrease Accrued income (41,282,154)(42,390,084)(41,282,154)(42,390,084)(9,829,273)(11,699,663)(9,829,273)(11,699,663)Loss allowance 508.106 493,220 1,001,326 109.294 106.055 762 214.587 604,082 347,542 Other provisions 1,259,211 1,863,293 143,771 (22.956)514,269 Gain or loss on valuation of financial assets at FVTPL (6,282,718)4,248,053 (6,282,718)4,248,053 (1,504,272)1,133,248 (1,504,273)1,133,249 Gain or loss on valuation of financial liabilities at FVTPL 9,325,423 18,586,311 9,325,423 18,586,311 2,219,451 5,129,822 2,219,451 5,129,822 Gain or loss on valuation of financial assets at FVOCI (110,960,497)(31,257,475)(131,950,212)(26,173,285)(10,267,760)(7,798,444)1,617,910 (35,589,639)Investments in subsidiaries 38,462,377 38,462,377 (335,450)Tax allowance for assets (335,450)(79,837)12,747 (92.584)Accrued expenses 22.162.355 27,260,399 22,162,355 27.260.399 5.169.702 7,452,927 5.169.702 7.452.927 Impairment loss on intangible assets 7,465,328 56,667 1,369,106 6,152,889 1,752,204 15,640 137,881 1,629,963 **AROs** 934,968 1,091,888 136,694 1,890,162 219,614 289,166 (710)509,490 Right-of-use assets (24,568,240)(12.041.756)(2,751,562)(33.858.434)(5,788,711)(3.064,927)232,692 (9.086,330)Lease liabilities 24,998,770 12,220,198 2,753,597 34,465,371 5,891,134 3,133,761 (248,534)9,273,429 Accounts receivable on financial guarantees (22,084,813)(10,437,856)(32,522,669)(5,256,186)(2,880,848)839,223 (8,976,257)Financial guarantees liability 22,984,780 11,211,356 34,196,136 5,470,378 3,094,334 (873,422)9,438,134 Provisions for legal claims 2,194,726 15,180,036 2,194,726 15,180,036 522,345 3,264,096 522,345 3,264,096 Valuation on derivatives 105,469,588 (1,559,720)105,469,588 (1,559,720)25,101,762 (430,483)25,101,762 (430,483)Others 2,699,207 10,550,443 20,121,140 649,022 2,902,974 (1,927,730)5,479,726 (6,871,490)Subtotal 32,295,838 4,470,891 (1.382.887)995,200 21,447,577 75,955,805 (39,189,076)(21,835,264)

(\*1) Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse.

4,470,891

32,295,838

## (4) Unrecognized deferred tax assets and liabilities

Total

At December 31, 2021 there were unrecognized deferred tax assets of \times 12,698,672 thousand for temporary differences related to an investment in subsidiary - Eugene Asset Management and unrecognized deferred tax liabilities of \times 2,717,686 thousand for temporary differences related to an investment in subsidiary - Eugene Investment & Futures because the Group controls the dividend policy of subsidiaries - i.e. the Group controls the timing of reversal of the related taxable temporary differences and management is satisfied that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

75,955,805

(39,189,076)

(1,382,887)

1,027,526

21,479,903

(21.835.264)

•

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# (5) Deferred tax assets and liabilities and current tax refundable and payable on a gross basis

Details of deferred tax assets, liabilities and current tax refundable and payable, prior to offsetting, as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won) |   | 2021         | 2020         |
|------------------------------|---|--------------|--------------|
| Deferred tax assets          | ₩ | 58,619,093   | 44,090,595   |
| Deferred tax liabilities     |   | (89,546,897) | (65,925,859) |
| Current tax refundable       |   | 8,972,807    | 3,473,571    |
| Current tax payable          |   | 583,928      | (787,891)    |

# 31. Earnings per Share

## (1) Basic EPS

The calculation of basic EPS has been based on the following profit attributable to ordinary shareholders and weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

# 1) Calculation of basic EPS

| (In Korean won)                              |   | 2021           | 2020           |
|--|---|----------------|----------------|
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders | ₩ | 90,685,709,052 | 75,403,024,532 |
| Weighted-average number of ordinary shares   |   | 93,839,145     | 94,629,650     |
| Basic earnings per share                     |   | 966            | 797            |

## 2) Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders

| (In Korean won)                              |   | 2021           | 2020           |  |
|--|---|----------------|----------------|--|
| Profit for the year                          | ₩ | 90,685,709,052 | 75,403,024,532 |  |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders |   | 90.685.709.052 | 75.403.024.532 |  |

#### 3) Weighted-average number of ordinary shares

2021

| (In shares)                         | Period applicable       | Number of shares | Number of Days | Number of<br>shares<br>multiplied by<br>number of days |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|----------------|--|
| Issued ordinary shares at January 1 | January 1 ~ December 31 | 96,866,418       | 365            | 35,356,242,570   |
| Effect of treasury share buyback    | January 1 ~ December 31 | (3,027,273)      | 365            | (1,104,954,645)  |
|                                     | 34,251,287,925          |                  |                |  |
| Weighted                            | 93,839,145              |                  |                |  |

2020

|                                     |                         |            |           | Number of shares |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
|                                     |                         | Number of  | Number of | multiplied by    |
| (In shares)                         | Period applicable       | shares     | Days      | number of days   |
| Issued ordinary shares at January 1 | January 1 ~ December 31 | 96,866,418 | 366       | 35,453,108,988   |
| Effect of treasury share buyback    | January 1 ~ December 31 | (27,273)   | 366       | (9,981,918)      |
| Effect of treasury share buyback    | March 19 ~ December 31  | (500,000)  | 288       | (144,000,000)    |
| Effect of treasury share buyback    | March 20 ~ December 31  | (585,673)  | 287       | (168,088,151)    |
| Effect of treasury share buyback    | March 23 ~ December 31  | (599,045)  | 284       | (170,128,780)    |
| Effect of treasury share buyback    | March 24 ~ December 31  | (63,769)   | 283       | (18,046,627)     |
| Effect of treasury share buyback    | March 25 ~ December 31  | (21,338)   | 282       | (6,017,316)      |
| Effect of treasury share buyback    | March 26 ~ December 31  | (23,802)   | 281       | (6,688,362)      |
| Effect of treasury share buyback    | March 30 ~ December 31  | (19,882)   | 277       | (5,507,314)      |
| Effect of treasury share buyback    | March 31 ~ December 31  | (32,234)   | 276       | (8,896,584)      |
| Effect of treasury share buyback    | April 1 ~ December 31   | (53,522)   | 275       | (14,718,550)     |
| Effect of treasury share buyback    | April 2 ~ December 31   | (27,086)   | 274       | (7,421,564)      |
| Effect of treasury share buyback    | April 3 ~ December 31   | (45,999)   | 273       | (12,557,727)     |
| Effect of treasury share buyback    | April 6 ~ December 31   | (17,442)   | 270       | (4,709,340)      |
| Effect of treasury share buyback    | April 7 ~ December 31   | (12,234)   | 269       | (3,290,946)      |
| Effect of treasury share buyback    | April 8 ~ December 31   | (19,000)   | 268       | (5,092,000)      |
| Effect of treasury share buyback    | April 10 ~ December 31  | (41,619)   | 266       | (11,070,654)     |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

| Effect of treasury share buyback | April 13 ~ December 31 | (74,641)  | 263 | (19,630,583)   |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|-----------|-----|----------------|
| Effect of treasury share buyback | April 14 ~ December 31 | (3,585)   | 262 | (939,270)      |
| Effect of treasury share buyback | April 16 ~ December 31 | (26,000)  | 260 | (6,760,000)    |
| Effect of treasury share buyback | April 20 ~ December 31 | (12,000)  | 256 | (3,072,000)    |
| Effect of treasury share buyback | April 21 ~ December 31 | (66,455)  | 255 | (16,946,025)   |
| Effect of treasury share buyback | April 22 ~ December 31 | (4,000)   | 254 | (1,016,000)    |
| Effect of treasury share buyback | April 23 ~ December 31 | (2,000)   | 253 | (506,000)      |
| Effect of treasury share buyback | April 24 ~ December 31 | (61,000)  | 252 | (15,372,000)   |
| Effect of treasury share buyback | April 29 ~ December 31 | (84,774)  | 247 | (20,939,178)   |
| Effect of treasury share buyback | May 4 ~ December 31    | (113,933) | 242 | (27,571,786)   |
| Effect of treasury share buyback | May 6 ~ December 31    | (85,613)  | 240 | (20,547,120)   |
| Effect of treasury share buyback | May 19 ~ December 31   | (30,690)  | 227 | (6,966,630)    |
| Effect of treasury share buyback | May 20 ~ December 31   | (19,478)  | 226 | (4,402,028)    |
| Effect of treasury share buyback | May 21 ~ December 31   | (43,158)  | 225 | (9,710,550)    |
| Effect of treasury share buyback | May 22 ~ December 31   | (49,000)  | 224 | (10,976,000)   |
| Effect of treasury share buyback | May 25 ~ December 31   | (47,000)  | 221 | (10,387,000)   |
| Effect of treasury share buyback | May 26 ~ December 31   | (35,000)  | 220 | (7,700,000)    |
| Effect of treasury share buyback | May 27 ~ December 31   | (50,000)  | 219 | (10,950,000)   |
| Effect of treasury share buyback | May 28 ~ December 31   | (50,000)  | 218 | (10,900,000)   |
| Effect of treasury share buyback | May 29 ~ December 31   | (79,028)  | 217 | (17,149,076)   |
|                                  | Total                  |           |     | 34,634,451,909 |
| \\/ = i = l= 4 = 4               |                        |           | •   | 04 000 050     |

Weighted-average number of ordinary shares

94,629,650

#### (2) Diluted EPS

Diluted EPS is equal to basic EPS since there is no dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### 32. Related Party Transaction

#### (1) Related parties

Related parties of the Group as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

An entity that has significant influence over the Parent Company:

**Eugene Corporation** 

Other related parties - the entity does not meet the definition of a related party as prescribed in Korean IFRS 1024, "Related Party Disclosures", but is a member company of a business group designates as a conglomerate in accordance with Monopoly Regulation and Fair Trade Act:

Jigu Remicon Co., Ltd., Hyun Dai Development, Eugene D Lab, Eugene Logistics Co., Ltd., Eugene Leisure Co., Ltd., Dongwha Corporation, Eugenem Co., Ltd., Nanum Lotto Co., Ltd., Eugene IT Services Co., Ltd., Eugene Private Equity Co., Ltd., Eugene SB Holdings Co., Ltd., Tongyang Inc., Cheonan Corporation, Eugene AMC LLC, Sungin Industry Co., Ltd., Dangjin Industrial Co., Ltd., Farm Development Corporation, Techsquare Co., Ltd., Eugene Smart Mobility Private Equity Fund, Cleanmedi Limited, Eugene Prydium Professional Investors Private Real Estate Master, Eugene Mplus, Hankuk Logistics Co., Ltd., Good And Partners Co., Ltd., Eugene Home Center Co., Ltd., Eugene Star Private Equity Fund II, SBC Linear Co., Ltd., Eugene Heracles Private Equity Fund IV, Han Seung Remicon Co., Ltd., Dong Yang Energy Co., Ltd., Hanil Synthetic Fiber Co., Ltd., Infrastructure Initiative 1st Private Equity Fund, Beijing Shuntong Ready-Mixed Concrete, PT. Hanil Indonesia, Hanil Hong Kong, Eugene-Everbest Corporate Turnaround Private Equity Fund, Honam Ascon Co., Ltd., Nambu Co., Ltd., Isoon Remicon Co., Ltd., Eugene Enerfarm Co., Ltd., KBF Co., Ltd., BAM System Co., Ltd., Woojin Remicon Co., Ltd., CIS Co., Ltd., Eugene Credit Value Professional Investors Private Real Estate Mater, Techsquare E&C Co., Ltd., Total Clean LLC, CS Eco Co., Ltd., Eugene Unicorn Private Equity Fund, Eugen Thor Private Equity Fund, Logitech Holdings Co., Ltd., Joongonara Co., Ltd., Doublequestion Co., Ltd., Tae Sung System Co., Ltd., Kyung San Corporation, Eugene W Private Equity Fund, Eugene W LLC, Eugene Dream Square Professional Investors Private No.33, Beijing Tongjian Ready-Mixed Concrete, H&H Global Ltd., and KBF Global Ltd.

Associates of the Group:

AIRA Property Public Company Ltd. and Shinyoung Real Estate Trust

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# (2) Transactions with related parties

Details of transactions with related parties for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows

# 1) Revenues

| (In thousands of Korean won)                                      | Transaction               | 2021 |           | 2020    |  |
|---|---------------------------|------|-----------|---------|--|
| An entity that has significant influence over the Parent Company: |                           |      |           |         |  |
| Eugene Corporation  | Other rental income       | ₩    | 200,000   | 200,000 |  |
| Other related parties:  |                           |      |           |         |  |
| Eugene M Co., Ltd.  | Other rental income       |      | 8,686     | 12,688  |  |
| Eugene IT Services Co., Ltd.                                      | Other rental income       |      | 400       | -       |  |
| Eugene Private Equity Co., Ltd.                                   | Other rental income       |      | 53,028    | 51,554  |  |
|   | Interest income           |      | 8,622     | 10,338  |  |
| Tongyang Inc.   | Other rental income       |      | -         | 3,320   |  |
|   | Fee and commission income |      | 20,000    | -       |  |
| Eugene Savings Bank (*1)  | Interest income           |      | 90,320    | 16,497  |  |
| Eugene Logistics Co., Ltd.  | Other rental income       |      | 1,858     | 400     |  |
| Eugene Hanil Synthetic Fiber Co., Ltd.                            | Other rental income       |      | 2,100     | -       |  |
| Eugene-Everbest Corporate Turnaround Private Equity Fund          | Fee and commission income |      | 496,467   | 667,871 |  |
| Absolute KOSDAQ Venture Private Equity Fund II (*1)               | Distribution income       |      | -         | 10,959  |  |
| Eugene Unicorn Private Equity Fund                                | Fee and commission income |      | 435,331   | -       |  |
| Eugene Dream Square Professional Investors Private No.33          | Fee and commission income |      | 7,663     | -       |  |
| Total   |                           | ₩    | 1,324,475 | 973,627 |  |

# (\*1) Excluded from related parties as of December 31, 2021.

# 2) Expenses

| Fee and commission expense         | ₩   | 2,539,373  | 1,648,905   |
|------------------------------------|---|--|---|
| ·                                  | ₩   | 2,539,373  | 1,648,905   |
| Construction costs                 |   |  |   |
| Construction costs                 |   |  |   |
| Constituction costs                |   | 85,020   | 1,308,261   |
| Other service fees                 |   | 213,238  | 264,408   |
| Construction costs                 |   | 574,695  | 33,700  |
| Facility service charges           |   | 891,561  | 671,874   |
| Facility service charges           |   | 83,685   | 63,298  |
| Interest expenses                  |   | 1,530,000  | 1,372,206   |
| Loss on redemption of bonds issued |   | -  | 965,022   |
| Utilities                          |   | 2,108,052  | 1,861,187   |
| Interest expenses                  |   | 326,503  | 369,576   |
| Other expenses                     |   | 448,581  | 346,953   |
| Other employee benefits            |   | 40,089   | -   |
| Other service fees                 |   | 164,733  | 164,650   |
| Interest expenses                  |   | -  | 59,332  |
| Other employee benefits, etc.      |   | 46,710   | -   |
| Interest expenses                  |   | 45,000   | 23,359  |
| Other advertising costs            |   | 52,882   | 35,017  |
| -                                  | ₩   | 9,150,122  | 9,187,748   |
|                                    | Construction costs Facility service charges Facility service charges Interest expenses Loss on redemption of bonds issued Utilities Interest expenses Other expenses Other employee benefits Other service fees Interest expenses Other employee benefits, etc. Interest expenses | Other service fees Construction costs Facility service charges Facility service charges Interest expenses Loss on redemption of bonds issued Utilities Interest expenses Other expenses Other employee benefits Other service fees Interest expenses Other employee benefits, etc. Interest expenses Other advertising costs | Other service fees         213,238           Construction costs         574,695           Facility service charges         891,561           Facility service charges         83,685           Interest expenses         1,530,000           Loss on redemption of bonds issued         -           Utilities         2,108,052           Interest expenses         326,503           Other expenses         448,581           Other employee benefits         40,089           Other service fees         164,733           Interest expenses         -           Other employee benefits, etc.         46,710           Interest expenses         45,000           Other advertising costs         52,882 |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# (3) Outstanding balances with related parties

Details of outstanding balances due from or due to related parties as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

## 1) Balances due from

| (In thousands of Korean won) Balance                              |                                   |   | 2021      | 2020      |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|-----------|-----------|
| An entity that has significant influence over the Parent Company: |                                   |   |           |           |
| Eugene Corporation  | Accounts receivable               | ₩ | -         | 2,742     |
| Other related parties:  |                                   |   |           |           |
| Eugene M Co., Ltd.  | Accrued income                    |   | 1,595     | 2,314     |
| Eugene Private Equity Co., Ltd.                                   | Finance lease receivables         |   | 405,434   | 503,915   |
| Eugene IT Services Co., Ltd.                                      | Accrued income                    |   | 14,234    | -         |
| Cheonan Corporation   | Leasehold deposits paid for rents |   | 3,246,240 | 3,246,240 |
| Eugene Savings Bank (*1)  | Accrued income                    |   | -         | 3,101,910 |
| Eugene-Everbest Corporate Turnaround Private Equity Fund          | Accrued income                    |   | 97,561    | 157,038   |
| Eugene Unicorn Private Equity Fund                                | Accrued income                    |   | 228,551   | -         |
| Eugene Dream Square Professional Investors Private No.33          | Accrued income                    |   | 1,604,696 | -         |
|   |                                   | ₩ | 5,598,311 | 7,014,159 |

# (\*1) Excluded from related parties as of December 31, 2021.

# 2) Balances due to

| (In thousands of Korean won) Balance                              |                                       |   | 2021       | 2020       |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|------------|------------|
| An entity that has significant influence over the Parent Company: |                                       |   |            |            |
| Eugene Corporation  | Accounts payable                      | ₩ | 6,645      | 3,336      |
|   | Customer deposits                     |   | 7          | 7          |
| Other related parties:  |                                       |   |            |            |
| Eugene M Co., Ltd.  | Accrued expenses                      |   | 92,829     | -          |
| Cheonan Corporation   | Lease liabilities                     |   | 16,117,461 | 20,032,427 |
| Dongwha Corporation   | Accrued expenses                      |   | 720        | 990        |
| Eugene Private Equity Co., Ltd.                                   | Leasehold deposits received for rents |   | 81,659     | 81,659     |
| Tongyang Inc.   | Subordinated bonds issued             |   | 34,000,000 | 34,000,000 |
|   | Accrued expenses                      |   | 50,301     | 50,164     |
| Han Seung Remicon Co., Ltd.                                       | Subordinated bonds issued             |   | 1,000,000  | 1,000,000  |
|   | Accrued expenses                      |   | 1,480      | 1,475      |
| Eugene Home Center Co., Ltd.                                      | Accrued expenses                      |   | 2,500      | -          |
| Eugene Mplus  | Accrued expenses                      |   | 6,390      | -          |
| -   | •                                     | ₩ | 51,359,992 | 55,170,058 |

# (4) Financing transactions with related parties

Details of financing transactions with related parties for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|   |                         |   | 2021      |           |            |              |            |             |
|---|-------------------------|---|-----------|-----------|------------|--------------|------------|-------------|
|   |                         |   | Dividends | Dividends | Cash       |              | Lending -  | Borrowing - |
| (In thousands of Korean won)                                      | Transaction             |   | paid      | received  | investment | Distribution | collection | repayment   |
| Associates:   |                         |   |           |           |            |              |            |             |
| Shinyoung Real Estate Trust                                       | Acquisition of interest | ₩ | -         | -         | 28,773,028 | -            | -          | -           |
| AIRA Property Public Company Ltd.                                 | Acquisition of interest |   | -         | -         | 716,407    | -            | -          | -           |
| An entity that has significant influence over the Parent Company: |                         |   |           |           |            |              |            |             |
| Eugene Corporation  | Payments of dividends   | ₩ | 3,168,110 | -         | -          | -            | -          | -           |
| Other related parties:  |                         |   |           |           |            |              |            |             |
| Tongyang Inc.   | Receipts of dividends   |   | -         | 457,520   | -          | -            | -          | -           |
| Cheonan Corporation   | Leases                  |   | -         | -         | -          | -            | -          | 3,914,966   |
| Eugene Private Equity Co., Ltd.                                   | Leases                  |   | -         | -         | -          | -            | 98,481     | -           |
| Eugene W Private Equity Fund                                      | Other                   |   | -         | -         | 40,000,000 | -            | -          | -           |
| Infrastructure Initiative 1st                                     |                         |   |           |           |            |              |            |             |
| Private Equity Fund   | Other                   |   | -         | -         | 2,152,889  | 2,164,444    | -          | -           |
| Eugene Unicorn Private Equity Fund                                | Other                   |   | -         | -         | 3,750,000  | -            | -          | -           |
| Eugene Dream Square Professional                                  |                         |   |           |           |            |              |            |             |
| Investors Private No.33   | Other                   |   | -         | -         | 132,000    | -            | -          | -           |
| Eugene-Everbest Corporate   |                         |   |           |           |            |              |            |             |
| Turnaround Private Equity Fund                                    | Other                   |   | -         | -         | -          | 495,000      | -          | -           |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

|   |                       | 2020 |           |           |            |             |              |              |
|---|-----------------------|------|-----------|-----------|------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
|   |                       |      | Dividends | Dividends | Lending -  | Borrowing - | Subordinated | bonds issued |
| (In thousands of Korean won)                                      | Transaction           |      | paid      | received  | collection | repayment   | Issuance     | Repayment    |
| An entity that has significant influence over the Parent Company: |                       | •    |           |           |            |             |              |              |
| Eugene Corporation  | Payments of dividends | ₩    | 1,848,064 | -         | -          | -           | -            | -            |
| Other related parties:  |                       |      |           |           |            |             |              |              |
| Tongyang Inc.   | Receipts of dividends |      | -         | 457,520   | -          | -           | -            | -            |
|   | Subordinated bonds    |      | -         | -         | -          | -           | 30,000,000   | 20,965,022   |
| Hanil Synthetic Fiber Co., Ltd.                                   | Subordinated bonds    |      | -         | -         | -          | -           | 5,000,000    | -            |
| Cheonan Corporation   | Leases                |      | -         | -         | -          | 3,456,491   | -            | -            |
| Eugene Private Equity Co., Ltd.                                   | Leases                |      | -         | -         | 95,613     | -           | -            | -            |

In addition to the financial transactions included in the table above, the Group makes deposits to and receives deposits from Eugene Savings Bank. These financing transactions include settlement of funds, demand deposits due from and due to Eugene Savings Bank, which occur in regular way financial transactions.

- (5) There was no payment guarantees (including purchase commitments) provided to related parties for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.
- (6) Details of investment commitments and other commitments provided to related parties for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)                             |   | 2021       |
|--|---|------------|
| Other related parties:                                   |   |            |
| Infrastructure Initiative 1st Private Equity Fund        | ₩ | 7,000,000  |
| Eugene-Everbest Corporate Turnaround Private Equity Fund |   | 2,700,000  |
| Eugene Unicorn Private Equity Fund                       |   | 2,000,000  |
| Eugene Dream Square Professional Investors Private No.33 |   | 3,000,000  |
| Total  | ₩ | 14,700,000 |
| (In thousands of Korean won)                             |   | 2020       |
| Other related parties:                                   |   |            |
| Infrastructure Initiative 1st Private Equity Fund        | ₩ | 3,500,000  |
| Eugene-Everbest Corporate Turnaround Private Equity Fund |   | 2,700,000  |
| Total  | ₩ | 6,200,000  |

- (7) There were no pledges provided to or from related parties as of December 31, 2021 and 2020.
- (8) Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel compensation includes short term-benefits of W5,229 million and W6,136 million, bonuses of W11,880 million and W13,920 million, and post-retirement benefits of W899 million and W1,034 million for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The Group's key management personnel is comprised of executives with significant roles and responsibilities on planning, operating and controlling the Group's business activities.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

# 33. Cash Flow Information

## (1) Non-cash transactions

Information about material non-cash transactions for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)                                      |   | 2021       | 2020       |
|---|---|------------|------------|
| Gain on valuation of financial assets at FVOCI                    | ₩ | 16,751,027 | 11,573,361 |
| Change in fair value attributable to change in the credit risk of |   |            |            |
| financial liabilities designated as being held at FVTPL           |   | 382,475    | 494,438    |

# (2) Cash flows from income taxes, interest and dividends

Information about cash flows from income taxes, interest and dividends for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won) |   | 2021         | 2020         |
|------------------------------|---|--------------|--------------|
| Income taxes paid            | ₩ | (13,727,660) | (37,741,521) |
| Interest received            |   | 161,401,917  | 140,329,824  |
| Interest paid                |   | (54,562,523) | (45,880,477) |
| Dividends received           |   | 17,541,972   | 7,571,572    |

## (3) Reconciliation of movements in liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities

Reconciliations of movement in liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| 2021                                  |   |                         |                                   |  |                       |               |                           |
|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| (In thousands of Korean won)          |   | Balance at<br>January 1 | Changes from financing cash flows | The effect of<br>changes in<br>foreign exchange<br>rates | Changes in fair value | Other changes | Balance at<br>December 31 |
| Call money                            | ₩ | 120,000,000             | (20,000,000)                      | -  | -                     | -             | 100,000,000               |
| Borrowings                            |   | 2,954,978,329           | (115,552,679)                     | -  | -                     | -             | 2,839,425,650             |
| Subordinated bonds issued             |   | 50,000,000              | -                                 | -  | -                     | -             | 50,000,000                |
| Lease liabilities                     |   | 34,564,669              | (12,722,249)                      | -  | -                     | 56,655,386    | 78,497,806                |
| Dividends payable                     |   | 1,391                   | (11,260,697)                      | -  | -                     | 11,260,697    | 1,391                     |
| Leasehold deposits received for rents |   | 905,092                 | (30,000)                          | -  | -                     | 10,574        | 885,666                   |
| Share capital repayable on demand     |   | 11,345,032              | 12,901,910                        |  |                       | (2,603,141)   | 21,643,801                |
| Total                                 | ₩ | 3,171,794,513           | (146,663,715)                     | -  |                       | 65,323,516    | 3,090,454,314             |

|                                       | _     |                         |                                   | 2020   |                       |               |                           |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| (In thousands of Korean won)          | _     | Balance at<br>January 1 | Changes from financing cash flows | The effect of<br>changes in<br>foreign exchange<br>rates | Changes in fair value | Other changes | Balance at<br>December 31 |
| Call money                            | - ₩ - | 10,000,000              | 110,000,000                       |  |                       |               | 120,000,000               |
| Borrowings                            |       | 2,569,917,136           | 385,061,193                       | -  | -                     | -             | 2,954,978,329             |
| Subordinated bonds issued             |       | 30,000,000              | 19,034,978                        | -  | -                     | 965,022       | 50,000,000                |
| Lease liabilities                     |       | 25,063,092              | (5,578,798)                       | -  | -                     | 15,080,375    | 34,564,669                |
| Dividends payable                     |       | 1,391                   | (6,778,740)                       | -  | -                     | 6,778,740     | 1,391                     |
| Leasehold deposits received for rents |       | 789,769                 | 161,219                           | -  | -                     | (45,896)      | 905,092                   |
| Share capital repayable on demand     |       | 6,855,052               | 2,639,068                         |  |                       | 1,850,912     | 11,345,032                |
| Total                                 | ₩     | 2,642,626,440           | 504,538,920                       | -  |                       | 24,629,153    | 3,171,794,513             |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

### 34. General and Administrative Expenses

Details of general and administrative expenses for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)            |   | 2021        | 2020        |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|
| Salaries                                | ₩ | 141,791,521 | 152,787,096 |
| Post-retirement expenses                |   | 7,190,543   | 6,089,494   |
| Other employee benefits                 |   | 16,437,932  | 14,799,247  |
| IT system operation costs               |   | 15,154,367  | 15,850,503  |
| Rents                                   |   | 825,631     | 791,890     |
| Fees and commissions                    |   | 11,077,245  | 8,524,516   |
| Business meals and entertainments       |   | 4,708,388   | 3,759,971   |
| Advertising                             |   | 9,465,123   | 6,447,925   |
| Depreciation                            |   | 16,778,869  | 10,511,300  |
| Training                                |   | 872,133     | 692,084     |
| Amortization                            |   | 4,709,352   | 4,753,832   |
| Taxes and dues                          |   | 11,074,958  | 7,211,687   |
| Other general & administrative expenses |   | 10,781,640  | 9,970,669   |
| Total                                   | ₩ | 250,867,702 | 242,190,214 |

### 35. Regulatory Reserve for Credit Losses

In accordance with Article 3-8 of Regulations on Financial Investment Business, the Group provides regulatory reserve for credit losses in case that the loss allowance measured in accordance with Korean IFRS falls short of the aggregated amounts calculated in accordance with requirements in Paragraphs 1, 2 and 4 of Article 3-8 of Regulations on Financial Investment Business, for the differences.

## (1) Regulatory reserve for credit losses

Details of regulatory reserve for credit losses as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won)                                 |   | 2021       | 2020       |
|--|---|------------|------------|
| Regulatory reserve for credit losses previously appropriated | ₩ | 13,955,696 | 4,142,560  |
| Expected provision for regulatory reserve for credit losses  |   | 597,141    | 9,813,136  |
| Regulatory reserve for credit losses total                   | ₩ | 14,552,837 | 13,955,696 |

### (2) Provision for regulatory reserve for credit losses and the effects on EPS

Provision for regulatory reserve for credit losses and the effects on EPS for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

| (In thousands of Korean won, except EPS data)   |     | 2021       | 2020       |
|---|-----|------------|------------|
| Expected provision for regulatory reserve for credit losses                                     | _ ₩ | 597,141    | 9,813,136  |
| Profit for the year adjusted with provision for regulatory reserve for credit losses            |     | 90,088,568 | 65,589,888 |
| Basic and diluted EPS adjusted with provision for regulatory reserve for credit losses (in won) | ₩   | 960        | 693        |

### 36. Interests in Unconsolidated Structured Entities

# (1) Nature of interests in unconsolidated structured entities

Nature of the Group's interests in unconsolidated structured entities as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|  |  |  |  | Total assets (*1 |        |  |
|--|--|--|--|------------------|--------|--|
| (In thousands of Korean won)                                 | Purpose  | Principal activities   | How the entity is financed                                   | 2021             | 2020   |  |
| Special-purpose companies (SPCs) for securitization vehicles | Funding through asset securitization   | Servicing of assets and funding through the issue of securitized notes | Issuing asset-backed loans or asset-backed commercial papers | ₩ 133,077        | 90,511 |  |
| Real estate financing vehicles                               | Investing in real estate<br>(including social overhead<br>capital) projects    | Operating and managing<br>real estate development<br>projects          | Equity investments and borrowing                             | 3,030            | 24,363 |  |
| Acquisition financing and other financing                    | Funding for acquisition of<br>interests in businesses<br>and other investments | Repayments, investments and collections of funds                       | Equity investments and borrowing                             | -                | -      |  |
| Investment funds and trusts                                  | Management of real estate trusts and funds                                     | Operating and managing funds   | Issuing beneficiary certificates                             | 64,124           | 45,754 |  |

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For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### (2) Nature of risks related to unconsolidated structured entities

The Group's maximum exposures to loss from its interests in unconsolidated structured entities as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

|   |   |                |             | 2021             |               |
|---|---|----------------|-------------|------------------|---------------|
|   | - | SPCs for       | Real estate | Investment       |               |
| (In thousands of Korean won)              |   | securitization | financing   | funds and trusts | Total         |
| Total assets (A)                          | ₩ | 1,623,947,847  | 15,001,515  | 114,268,453      | 1,753,217,815 |
| Financial assets at FVTPL                 |   | 656,414,926    | 14,998,145  | 114,268,453      | 785,681,524   |
| Loans and receivables at AC               |   | 935,600,000    | -           | -                | 935,600,000   |
| Other                                     |   | 31,932,922     | 3,370       | -                | 31,936,292    |
| Total liabilities (B)                     |   | 32,364,569     | -           | -                | 32,364,569    |
| Other                                     |   | 32,364,569     | -           | -                | 32,364,569    |
| Carrying amount of net assets (D = A - B) |   | 1,591,583,278  | 15,001,515  | 114,268,453      | 1,720,853,246 |
| Credit and other arrangements (C)         |   | 587,730,000    | -           | 47,387,287       | 635,117,287   |
| Maximum exposure (E = A + C)              | - | 2,211,677,847  | 15,001,515  | 161,655,740      | 2,388,335,102 |
|   |   |                |             | 2020             |               |
|   | - | SPCs for       | Real estate | Investment       |               |
| (In thousands of Korean won)              |   | securitization | financing   | funds and trusts | Total         |
| Total assets (A)                          | ₩ | 578,085,718    | 108,096,881 | 99,135,795       | 785,318,394   |
| Financial assets at FVTPL                 |   | 556,529,346    | 33,096,881  | 99,135,795       | 688,762,022   |
| Loans and receivables at AC               |   | 21,556,372     | 75,000,000  | -                | 96,556,372    |
| Credit and other arrangements (B)         |   | 413,200,000    | -           | 50,182,540       | 463,382,540   |
| Maximum exposure (C = A + B)              | - | 991,285,718    | 108,096,881 | 149,318,335      | 1,248,700,934 |

#### 37. Lease Liabilities

#### (1) Leases as lessee

The Group leases buildings and vehicles. Certain leases include an option to renew the lease and some leases provide provisions for increase in rent payments. Previously, these leases were classified as operating leases under Korean IFRS 1017.

The Group subleases part of its buildings leased.

The Group leases copy machine. These leases are leases of low-value items. The Group has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

Information about leases for which the Group is a lessee is presented below.

#### 1) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets related to leased properties that do not meet the definition of investment property are presented as property and equipment. (See Note 19)

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|                              |              |             |                        | 2021         |              |  |
|------------------------------|--------------|-------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------|--|
|                              | _            |             | Property and equipment |              |              |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won) | <del>-</del> | Buildings   | Vehicles               | IT equipment | Total        |  |
| Balance at January 1         | ₩ -          | 33,417,872  | 779,569                | -            | 34,197,441   |  |
| Depreciation                 |              | (6,433,141) | (458,565)              | (5,090,009)  | (11,981,714) |  |
| Additions                    |              | 5,099,991   | 626,592                | 51,977,645   | 57,704,228   |  |
| Disposals                    |              | (201,978)   | (112,161)              | -            | (314,139)    |  |
| Balance at December 31       | ₩            | 31,882,745  | 835,435                | 46,887,636   | 79,605,816   |  |
|                              |              |             | 2020                   |              |              |  |
|                              | _            | Pr          | operty and equipn      | nent         |              |  |
| (In thousands of Korean won) | _            | Buildings   | Vehicles               | Total        |              |  |
| Balance at January 1         | ₩            | 23,927,714  | 709,899                | 24,637,613   |              |  |
| Depreciation                 |              | (6,059,371) | (486,324)              | (6,545,695)  |              |  |
| Additions                    |              | 20,792,482  | 740,067                | 21,532,549   |              |  |
| Disposals                    |              | (5,242,953) | (184,073)              | (5,427,026)  |              |  |
| Balance at December 31       | ₩            | 33,417,872  | 779,569                | 34,197,441   |              |  |

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For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### 2) Amounts recognized in profit or loss

| (In thousands of Korean won)  |   | 2021       | 2020      |
|---|---|------------|-----------|
| Interest on lease liabilities   | ₩ | 2,431,922  | 588,993   |
| Revenue from subleases of right-of-use assets included as 'other revenue' |   | 61,650     | 61,892    |
| Gain on right-of-use assets   |   | -          | 172,100   |
| Expenses related to leases of low-value assets                            |   | 493,524    | 421,803   |
| 3) Amounts recognized in statement of cash flows                          |   |            |           |
| (In thousands of Korean won)  |   | 2021       | 2020      |
| Total cash outflow for leases (*1)  | ₩ | 15,680,968 | 6,629,490 |

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Total cash outflow of leases include cash paid for lease payments for principals and interest of lease liabilities and lease payments of low-value assets.

#### 4) Extension options

Some leases of real estates contain extension options. The Group assesses at lease commencement date whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the extension options. The Group reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the options if there is a significant event or significant changes in circumstances within its control.

The Group has estimated that the potential future lease payments, should it exercise the extension option, would not result in any changes in lease liabilities.

#### 5) Contractual maturities of lease liabilities

| (In thousands of Korean won) |   | 2021       | 2020       |
|------------------------------|---|------------|------------|
| Up to 1 month                | ₩ | 1,200,819  | 596,746    |
| 1-3 months                   |   | 2,355,529  | 1,195,391  |
| 3-12 months                  |   | 9,647,496  | 4,540,061  |
| 1-3 years                    |   | 25,685,874 | 11,702,220 |
| Over 3 years                 |   | 49,453,297 | 18,388,340 |
| Total                        | ₩ | 88,343,015 | 36,422,758 |

### (2) Leases as lessor

The Group leases out investment properties which are comprised of the Group's commercial real estates. All leases are classified as operating leases as a lessor except for subleases which are classified as finance leases.

#### 1) Finance lease

The Group recognized interest income on finance lease receivables of W8,621 thousand and W10,338 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The following table sets out a maturity analysis of finance lease receivables, showing the undiscounted lease payments to be received after the reporting date:

| (In thousands of Korean won)      |   | 2021     | 2020     |
|-----------------------------------|---|----------|----------|
| Up to 1 year                      | ₩ | 101,435  | 98,481   |
| 1-2 years                         |   | 104,478  | 101,435  |
| 2-3 years                         |   | 107,613  | 104,478  |
| 3-4 years                         |   | 91,908   | 107,613  |
| 4-5 years                         |   | -        | 91,907   |
| Undiscounted lease payments total | _ | 405,435  | 503,914  |
| Unearned finance income           |   | (15,460) | (24,081) |
| Net investment in finance leases  | ₩ | 389,975  | 479,833  |

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

#### 2) Operating lease

The Group leases out investment properties. The Group has classified these leases as operating leases, because they do not transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of the assets. Note 20 sets out information about the operating leases of investment properties.

Rental income recognized by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were \(\psi \)544,116 thousand and \(\psi \)4409.257 thousand, respectively.

The following table sets out a maturity analysis of lease payments, showing the undiscounted lease payments to be received after the reporting date:

| (In thousands of Korean won) |   | 2021    | 2020    |
|------------------------------|---|---------|---------|
| Up to 1 year                 | ₩ | 581,538 | 338,627 |
| 1-2 years                    |   | 283,584 | 160,660 |
| Total                        | ₩ | 865,122 | 499,287 |

#### 38. Uncertainties in Economic Environments

Due to the spread of Coronavirus disease 2019 ("COVID-19") from early 2020, the global and domestic economies are facing difficulties in economic environments and uncertainties arising from a prolonged pandemic situation. Financial investment companies have characteristics of responding to global and domestic economic status and various variables with higher degree of sensitivity. Trade volumes were the primary variable in the past with a business structure focused on simple brokerages on investments, however, various external elements including interest rates, foreign exchange equity indices in global markets, and global and domestic real estate markets are acting as primary variables to performances of financial investment companies. Especially, the spread of COVID-19 could result in further economic recession. As such, the increased volatility in global and domestic economic status resulting from significant changes in stock markets and uncertainties in monetary policies of major developed economies could lead to decline in liquidity and increasing the risk of fund withdrawals and hurt investors' confidence and have negative impact on overall business performances and profitability of financial investment business as a whole. However, the ultimate impact of overall difficulties in economic status as discussed above on the financial position and the financial performance of the Group is currently unable to be determined and such impact is not reflected in the consolidated financial statements of the Group.